APPENDIX A - 3

2019 TIP Investment Analysis



September 26, 2018

2019 TIP Investment Analysis

A Focus on Low-Income and Minority Populations, Seniors, and Persons with Disabilities

INTRODUCTION

The 2019 TIP Investment Analysis is an assessment of TIP investments through an equity lens, specifically focused on the Bay Area's disadvantaged populations. The purpose of the analysis is to understand if low-income and minority populations, seniors, and persons with disabilities are sharing equitably in the region's near-term transportation investments.

2019 TIP

The Bay Area's 2019 TIP covers the four-year period of FY 2018-19 through FY 2021-22 and includes more than 500 transportation projects with \$13.6 billion in committed funding during the four-year period.

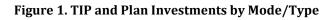
Projects in the TIP

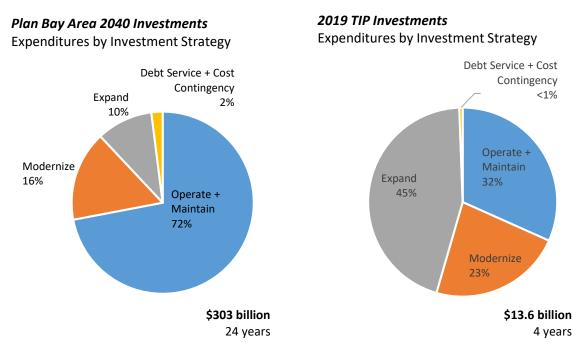
The TIP includes all transportation projects that are federally funded, require a federal action, or are considered regionally significant for air quality conformity purposes. The majority of projects in the TIP are federally funded, although some local or state-funded projects are also included, particularly those that are large in scale or impact travel patterns over a relatively large geographic area, such as a new lane on a state highway. In reviewing TIP investments as a whole, it is important to keep in mind that most transportation projects are local, in both scale and funding, and these projects are typically not reflected in the TIP. These projects include pavement preservation, transit operations and maintenance, planning efforts, bicycle/pedestrian improvements, and minor intersection improvements.

All projects included in the TIP must be consistent with the region's long-range plan, the Amended Plan Bay Area 2040 (the Plan). As such, the TIP represents a four-year snapshot that is a small part of the 24 years of the Plan.

In addition to the total investments captured in the TIP versus the Plan, there is an important difference between these two documents that complicates any side-by-side comparison. While the Plan includes the universe of revenues reasonably expected to be available (federal, state, local, and private funds) to implement planned transportation projects, program, and strategies, the TIP is much more focused on projects with federal funding or that affect air quality conformity. This means that the TIP is more heavily weighted toward large capital projects, such as transit and highway expansions, that are more likely to require federal funds or action. The vast majority of funds that go to operate, maintain, and manage the region's existing transportation system, a top priority of the long-range plan, are not typically captured in a TIP as they tend to be locally funded. See Figure 1, on the following page, for an illustration of this distinction.







The narrower focus of the TIP also means only a fraction of total regional transportation expenditures are captured in any given year. On average, one year of investments in the 2019 TIP accounts for only a quarter of annual expenditures in the regional long-range plan.

Another feature of the TIP that distinguishes it from the regional long-range plan is that it tends to be a more dynamic document – meaning that it is revised frequently to reflect changing funding and project changes, and on-going funding efforts. For context, the 2017 TIP was amended or modified more than 30 times in the two years following its federal approval.

Equity and Environmental Justice Considerations

As the federally designated Metropolitan Planning Organization (MPO) for the Bay Area, MTC is required to ensure that the region's transportation planning processes comply with applicable equity and environmental justice requirements. The legal, regulatory, and policy framework for addressing those issues is described in Appendix A and includes:

- Title VI of the Civil Rights Act: states that no person shall be subject to discrimination based on his or her race, color or national origin under any federally funded program.
- Federal Guidance on Environmental Justice: requirement that federal programs and funds do not result in disproportionately high and adverse impacts on minority and low-income populations.
- MTC's Environmental Justice Principles: adopted principles that affirm MTC's ongoing commitments to:

- Create an open and transparent public participation process that empowers disadvantaged communities to participate in decision making that affects them, and
- Collect accurate and current data essential to defining and understanding the presence and extent of inequities, if any, in transportation funding based on race and income.

MTC satisfies its requirements for equity and environmental justice primarily through Plan Bay Area's Equity Analysis, MTC's Public Participation Plan, and MTC's broader Title VI program. To further build upon MTC's commitment to address equity concerns, the TIP Investment Analysis provides the public with an additional opportunity to assess the region's transportation investments.



BAY AREA COMMUNITY CONTEXT

Demographic Profile

An important first step of the investment analysis is to understand the demographic context and travel patterns for the Bay Area.

Race/Ethnicity

The Bay Area is one of the most diverse regions in the country, with 60 percent of the population self-identifying as members of a racial and/or ethnic minority. In this majority-minority region, a quarter of the population identifies as Asian (25%), followed closely by Hispanic or Latino (24%), and then Black or African American (6%). Other racial minorities, including those identifying as two or more races, account for the remaining 5% of the population.

	Population (in millions)	%	
Minority	4.6	60%	
Asian	2.0	25%	
Hispanic or Latino	1.8	24%	
Black or African American	0.4	6%	
Other minority	0.4	5%	
Non-Minority	3.0	40%	
Total	7.6	100%	

TABLE 1. Population Distribution by Race/Ethnicity

Notes: Tabulation prepared by MTC based on data from 2016 American Community Survey, Table C03002.

Income

Although the Bay Area's economy has shown strong growth over the past few decades, regional levels of poverty persist. Nearly nine percent of the population lives below the federal poverty level (\$24,300 a year for a family of four). Another 12 percent of the region's households are technically above the federal poverty line but still qualify as low-income for the purposes of this analysis, defined as households with incomes that fall below \$50,000 (approximately 200 percent of the federal poverty line for a family of four). For reference, the 2016 median income for a family of four ranges from just over \$69,000 in Solano County to more than \$101,000 in Santa Clara County.

ABLE 2. Population Distribution by Household Income				
	-	Population (in millions)	%	
	Low-Income	1.6	21%	
	<\$25,000	0.7	9%	
	\$25,000 - \$49,999	0.9	12%	
	Not Low-Income	6.0	79%	
	\$50,000 - \$99,999	1.8	24%	
	\$100,000 - \$149,999	1.4	19%	
	>\$150,000	2.7	36%	
	Total	7.5	100%	

TABLE 2. Population Distribution by Household Income

Notes: Tabulation prepared by MTC based on data from 2016 American Community Survey Public Use Microdata Samples. Income is calculated in 2016-denominated dollars. Note that the universe is persons in households and excludes persons living in group quarters.



Seniors and Persons with Disabilities

More than 14% of the Bay Area's population is aged 65 or older. Persons reporting disabilities across six categories defined by the Census Bureau total nearly 10% of the region's population.

	Population (in millions)	%
Seniors	1.1	14%
Persons with Disabilities	0.8	10%

TABLE 3. Seniors and Persons with Disabilities

Notes: Tabulation prepared by MTC based on data from 2016 American Community Survey Tables C18101 and B01001. Note that the universe is civilian noninstitutionalized population counted in disability.

Travel Patterns

Commute trips by Bay Area residents are overwhelmingly made by motor vehicle (76%) followed by transit (12%), non-motorized trips (5%), telecommute (6%), and other modes (1%).

TABLE 4. Share of Commute Trips by Mode by Population				
	Total			
	Income	Minority	Seniors	Population
Roadway (Motorized)	73%	78%	73%	76%
Roadway (Non-motorized)	8%	4%	4%	5%
Transit	11%	12%	8%	12%
Telecommute	6%	4%	14%	6%
Other	2%	1%	1%	1%
Total	100%	100%	100%	100%

Notes: Tabulation prepared by MTC based on data from 2016 American Community Survey Public Use Microdata Samples. Income is calculated in 2016-denominated dollars. Note that the universe is persons in households and excludes persons living in group quarters.

The share of all trips (including both commute and non-commute trips) made by target population groups is provided in Table 4 below. While there are differences in the travel patterns of low-income, minority and senior populations, the vast majority of all trips are categorized as roadway trips, which includes highway and roadway travel as well as trips made by walking or biking.

TABLE 5. Share of commute and Non-Commute Trips by Mode by Fopulation				
	Low-			Total
	Income	Minority	Seniors	Population
Roadway (Motorized)	74%	80%	82%	80%
Roadway (Non-motorized)	18%	14%	14%	15%
Transit	7%	6%	4%	5%
Total	100%	100%	100%	100%

TABLE 5. Share of Commute and Non-Commute Trips by Mode by Population

Notes: Tabulation based on 2012 California Household Travel Survey. Tabulation does not include share of trips made by persons with disabilities due to sample size limitations.



METHODOLOGY

The 2019 TIP investment analysis is built on three components that work together to inform how low-income and minority communities, seniors, and persons with disabilities may be affected by the proposed investments in the 2019 TIP.

Population Use-Based Analysis Percent of investments that would likely be used by low-income and minority populations, and seniors **Disparate Impact Analysis** Per capita and per rider transit investments likely benefiting racial or ethnic minorities

Transportation Equity Measures Analysis Maps and summary data on projects that support Plan Bay Area 2040's transportationfocused equity measures

The methodologies used in each analysis are described in more detail below. Appendix B includes definitions and data sources used in this analysis.

Population Use-Based Analysis

This portion of the analysis compares the estimated percent of investments included in the TIP that benefit low-income and minority populations, as well as seniors, to the percent of these populations' relative usage of the transportation system, for both roadways and transit. The analysis measures transit and motor vehicle trips using the 2012-2013 California Household Travel Survey.

1. For this analysis, investments in the TIP are separated into two modes: transit and local streets and roads/highway (referred to as "roadway"). For simplicity, pedestrian and bicycle projects are assigned to local streets and roads and not evaluated as a separate mode of travel or investment type.

For reference, Appendix C includes maps for each county with projects shown with their roadway or transit categorization.

- 2. To analyze what share of each mode (transit and roadway) low-income, minority, and senior populations utilize, the following definitions are used to identify disadvantaged populations:
 - *Low-Income Households:* Low-income households were defined as households earning \$50,000 or less. This is roughly equivalent to 200 percent of the federal poverty level for a family of four.
 - *Minority Households:* For this analysis, minority households were defined using U.S. Census Bureau definitions. Racial and ethnic minorities examined in this analysis are Hispanic, black or African American, Asian, and other or two or more races.
 - *Seniors:* Seniors are defined as persons aged 65 and over.

3. The assignment of investments by usage is then performed by multiplying the percent of use of the mode by the investment in that particular mode. This analysis is conducted at the county level for highways and roadways and at the transit-operator level for transit.

For the multimodal, aggregate analysis, trip data from the household travel survey is used. As an illustrative example, low-income populations make 32% of Alameda County roadway trips. For a \$50 million state highway project in that county, 32% or \$16 million, would be assigned as a financial benefit to low-income populations and the remaining 68%, or \$34 million, to the remaining population. A similar approach is followed for transit investments by operator. A similar analysis is conducted using roadway vehicle miles traveled (VMT) and transit origin-destination distance.

For the in-depth analysis, transit usage data is derived from the most recent transit survey data available for each operator through MTC's ongoing Transit Passenger Demographic Survey. For in-depth roadway usage, VMT data is used from the household travel survey.

4. The investments by mode (from county or transit operator data) are summed for low-income, minority, and senior populations based on each group's usage share of each mode. The percent of usage of the system by the target and other populations is then compared to the percent of investment for trips supporting that population.

Disparate Impact Analysis

This portion of the analysis compares 2019 TIP investments per capita for racial or ethnic minority populations to per capita investments identified for non-minority populations, to investigate whether disadvantaged persons in the region are receiving an equitable share of the benefits from TIP investments. Due to the similarities in the analysis required by the Federal Transit Administration (FTA) for the long-range transportation plan, this portion of the analysis is also referred to as the Title VI analysis. The disparate impact analysis is not a required component of the TIP, and is provided for informational purposes only.

This portion of the analysis focuses on federal- and state-funded projects only. Some of the State and Federal fund sources included are FTA 5307, FTA 5309, FTA 5311, FTA 5337 funds, STP/CMAQ, Proposition 1B, and Senate Bill 1 (SB 1) funds. In addition, all racial or ethnic minority groups (Asian, Black or African American, Hispanic or Latino and other minorities) are evaluated collectively in comparison to the investments per capita for non-minority populations.

The disparate impact analysis incorporates the quantitative results produced by the population/use-based analysis for state and federally funded projects. Investments are first expressed in terms of investments per capita for both minority and non-minority transit riders (or total population) in the region as follows:



Minority benefit per capita =	Total transit investments allocated to minority riders
	Total regional minority transit ridership (or population)

Non-minority benefit per capita = <u>Total transit investments allocated to non-minority riders</u> Total regional non-minority transit ridership (or population)

Next, the minority and non-minority per-capita benefit results are compared, expressing the minority benefit per capita as a percentage of the non-minority benefit per capita:

Result (%) = <u>Minority benefit per capita</u> Non-minority benefit per capita

Although FTA does not provide specific guidance or standard benchmarks for MPOs to use in the metropolitan planning process to determine whether any given result for a longrange plan represents a disparate impact, a general practice is to use the percentage result to determine whether any differences between benefits for minority or non-minority populations may be considered statistically significant. If a disparate impact in the longrange plan is found to be statistically significant, consideration must then be given to "whether there is a substantial legitimate justification for the policy that resulted in the disparate impacts, and if there are alternatives that could be employed that would have a less discriminatory impact."¹ As stated earlier, the disparate impact analysis is not a federal requirement for the TIP, and is included in the 2019 TIP Investment Analysis for informational purposes.

Transportation Equity Measures Analysis

The third component of the analysis highlights projects and investments that are likely to support our regional performance targets in five transportation-related equity measures from Plan Bay Area 2040.

Plan Bay Area 204	0	
Goal Area	Goal #	Performance Target
Healthy and Safe Communities	3	Reduced adverse health impacts associated with air quality, road safety, and physical inactivity by 10%
Economic Vitality	8	Increase by 20% the share of jobs accessible within 30 minutes by auto or within 45 minutes by transit in congested conditions
Transportation System	12	Reduce vehicle operating and maintenance costs due to pavement conditions by 100%
Effectiveness	13	Reduce per-rider transit delay due to aged infrastructure by 100%
Equitable Access	5	Decrease the share of lower-income residents' household income consumed by transportation and housing by 10%

Healthy and Safe Communities

Projects that are expected to contribute towards reaching our regional goals for healthy and safe communities include projects that improve road safety, projects that increase physical activity, and projects that improve air quality. These projects are identified by:

¹ FTA Circular 4702.1B, page VI-2.



- Safety: Projects identified by the project sponsors as having a primary purpose of addressing safety, or as anticipated to have a significant impact on reducing fatalities and serious injuries for all users.
- Physical Activity: Projects identified by project sponsors as being focused primarily on bicycle or pedestrians (greater than 50% of the project's investment supports bicyclists and/or pedestrians), and the total investments included in the TIP that support bicycle or pedestrian mode regardless of the project's primary purpose.
- Air Quality: Projects funded with federal Congestion Mitigation Air Quality Improvement Program (CMAQ), state California Air Resources Board (CARB), regional Transportation for Clean Air (TFCA) grants, or in MTC's Climate Initiatives Program.

The number and investment level of the projects supporting the healthy and safe communities goal area are summarized at the regional and county level. Safety and active transportation projects that have physical locations (ex.: a complete streets project, or an interchange improvement) are also mapped over the region's Communities of Concern (COCs).

Economic Vitality

Transportation projects that can be expected to increase accessibility to the share of jobs by car and transit are projects that reduce traffic congestion or improve the reliability of the existing transportation system. These projects are identified by:

- Road Congestion/Reliability: Road projects identified by the project sponsors as having a primary purpose of addressing congestion or system reliability, or projects anticipated as having a significant impact on congestion reduction or improved system reliability.
- Transit Service/Capacity: Transit projects identified by the project sponsors as having a primary purpose of addressing congestion or system reliability, or projects anticipated as having a significant impact on congestion reduction or improved system reliability.

The number and investment level of projects supporting the economic vitality goal area are summarized at the regional and county level. Additionally, projects identified as improving congestion or system reliability that have physical locations (ex.: a new bus rapid transit project, or a new HOV or express lane) are also mapped over the region's Communities of Concern (COCs).



Transportation System Effectiveness

The transportation system effectiveness goal area encompasses two performance measures: pavement condition and transit state of good repair. These projects are identified by:

- Pavement Condition: Projects that include a pavement rehabilitation or preservation component.
- Transit State of Good Repair: Projects that rehabilitate or replace existing transit assets.

The number and investment level of projects supporting improved pavement conditions are summarized at the regional level and county level. Additionally, pavement projects are also mapped over the region's Communities of Concern (COCs).

Transit state of good repair investments are summarized at the regional and transit operator level. As transit asset projects tend to be systemwide, rather than tied to a static location, they are not included in the Transportation System Effectiveness maps. Transit projects associated with new or expanded service in specific locations, such as a new light rail line, are represented in the Economic Vitality maps.

Equitable Access

The Equitable Access component is calculated at the program level for the 2019 TIP. Replicating Plan Bay Area 2040's methodology, data is provided from the regional transportation model to report the transportation costs for low-income households in 2022 (end of the 2019 TIP period) as compared to the transportation costs for the general population. In the travel model, and thus for purposes of this calculation, low-income households are defined as those earning less than \$60,000 per year in year 2000 dollars, roughly reflecting the lower two quartiles of the income spectrum.

Given the focus of the TIP on transportation investments, the housing costs portion of the Equitable Access measure is excluded from this analysis.

Limitations

As a regional analysis, the methods used in the TIP investment analysis have several limitations. The most significant limitation is that the analysis does not directly assess the resulting benefit and burden of specific projects or programs, such as travel time savings or improved accessibility to jobs or other destinations. Other limitations are:

• *TIP is a snapshot in time*: It is also important to re-emphasize that the TIP does not reflect the full picture of transportation investments in the Bay Area over the long-term. As discussed in the introduction, the TIP only includes four years of near-term fund programming, compared to the 20+ years forecast in Plan Bay Area 2040. Also, funding shown in the TIP is included in the year that project phases begin or are obligated and does not reflect the actual flow of funding and expenditures within these phases. While rehabilitation programs will typically have their funding spread

across many years, large capital projects tend to have their funding lumped into a single year in the TIP, even if the funds will actually be expended over a number of years, some of which may be outside the 4-year period of the TIP.

• *Notes on assumptions*: In addition, the analysis assumes that mode choice and system usage remains constant over time. System expansion, such as a new transit line or highway, and changing conditions, such as improvements to reliability and travel costs, tend to influence travel behavior over time. However, this analysis assumes that the usage derived in the recent travel survey and transit passenger surveys remain static over time.

The classification of investments into either roadway or transit investments also presents some limitations. For example, classifying a pavement rehabilitation project as strictly roadway does not account for the benefit to the region's transit vehicles that share the street with private automobiles.

- *Mapping limitations:* Mapping projects provides a visual representation of the location of projects in relation to COCs. However, project mapping also presents certain limitations. First, not all significant regional investments are mappable. For example, a substantial share of total funding in the TIP is dedicated to transit operators for ongoing maintenance of their entire system, which cannot be represented as a simple point or line on a map in relation to a specific community. Second, displaying investments on a map does not translate into a direct benefit or burden for the surrounding communities. Given these limitations, the mapping analysis provides a qualitative, rather than quantitative, assessment of the spatial distribution of mappable projects included in the TIP.
- *Funding and project types*: Given the document's federal focus, the investments reflected in the TIP represent only about a quarter of all transportation investments in the Bay Area at any given time. As a result, the investment analysis does not capture the equity implications of many locally funded projects. Local projects tend to be smaller, in both geography and scope, but collectively, these projects are expected to have a significant impact on travel behaviors and experiences throughout the region.
- **Demographic data**: While the latest available demographic data was used in the investment analysis, some data sets have been updated more recently than others. The information from the household travel survey is more than 5 years old, with data collected from households between 2012 and 2013. The transit passenger survey data is more recent. However, the exact year of data collection varies, as MTC conducts the surveys by operator on a rolling basis. Given the pace with which travel patterns and behaviors have changed in recent years, the year in which data is collected to influence the results of the analysis.

The 2019 TIP investment analysis includes an analysis of investments benefiting seniors. Unfortunately, a similar analysis for persons with disabilities is not included due to sample size limitations of the travel survey, and data unavailability from the transit passenger demographic survey. However, a qualitative discussion of regional transportation investments that benefit seniors and persons with disabilities is included in the following section.



ANALYSIS RESULTS & DISCUSSION

Population Use-Based Results

The population use-based analysis is divided into three focus areas: income, race/ethnicity, and seniors. Additional information is also provided at the end of this section on regional efforts and initiatives to support and better understand the transportation needs of residents with transportation related disabilities.

Investments by Income

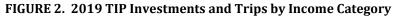
Bay Area residents living in low-income households, earning less than \$50,000 per year, account for nearly a third of all trips (27%) in the region.

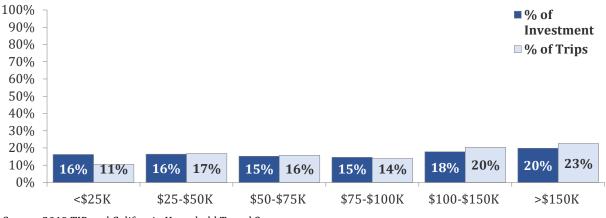
In the 2019 TIP, 33% or more than \$4 billion is directed to projects supporting trips made by residents from low-income households. The share of these investments supporting low-income trips exceeds the share of trips made by persons from low-income households by approximately 6%.

See Table 6 and Figures 2 and 3 for additional detail.

TABLE 6. 2019 TIP Investments and Trips by Income

	2019 TIP Investments (in \$ billions)	% of Investment	% of Trips
Low-Income	\$4.4	33%	27%
<\$25,000	\$2.2	16%	11%
\$25,000 - \$49,999	\$2.2	16%	17%
Not Low-Income	\$9.1	67%	73%
\$50,000 - \$74,999	\$2.1	15%	16%
\$75,000 - \$99,999	\$2.0	15%	14%
\$100,000 - \$149,999	\$2.4	18%	20%
>\$150,000	\$2.7	20%	23%
Total	\$13.6	100%	100%





Source: 2019 TIP and California Household Travel Survey

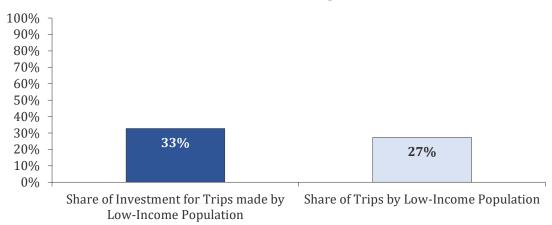


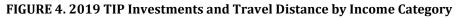
FIGURE 3. 2019 TIP Investments and Low-Income Trips

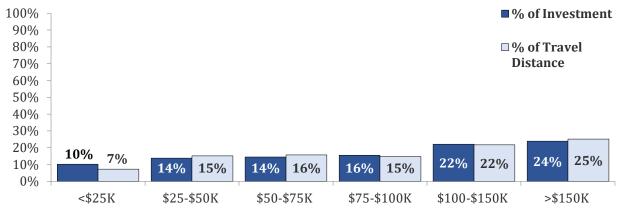
Source: 2019 TIP and California Household Travel Survey

Similarly, the share of investments in projects that support travel made by low-income populations (24%) slightly exceeds their usage share of the transportation system in terms of share of the total distance traveled (22%) – vehicle miles traveled (VMT) for auto trips and origin-destination distance for transit trips. See Table 7 and Figure 4.

TABLE 7. 2019 TIP Investments and Travel Distance by Income

			% of Total
	2019 TIP Investments	% of	Travel
	(in \$ billions)	Investment	Distance
Low-Income	\$3.3	24%	22%
<\$25,000	\$1.4	10%	7%
\$25,000 - \$49,999	\$1.9	14%	15%
Not Low-Income	\$10.3	76%	78%
\$50,000 - \$74,999	\$2.0	14%	16%
\$75,000 - \$99,999	\$2.1	16%	15%
\$100,000 - \$149,999	\$3.0	22%	22%
>\$150,000	\$3.2	24%	25%
Total	\$13.6	100%	100%





Source: 2019 TIP and California Household Travel Survey

The analysis indicates that the share of investments in local road, state highway and toll bridge systems that benefit drivers living in low-income households (21%) is very similar to the share of total VMT by drivers living in low-income households (22%). See Table 8 and Figure 5.

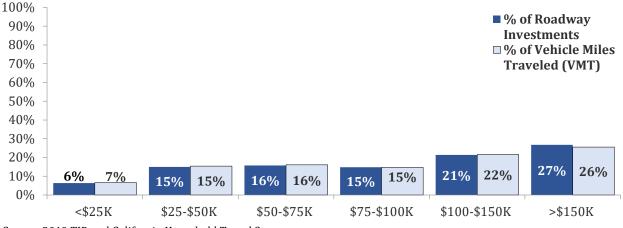
Includes Local Streets and Roads, State Highway, Public Lands/Trails, Port/Freight Rail and Toll Bridge				
2019 TIP Roadway			% of Total	
	Investments	% of	Travel	
	(in \$ billions)	Investment	Distance*	
Low-Income	\$1.3	21%	22%	
<\$25,000	\$0.4	6%	7%	
\$25,000 - \$49,999	\$0.9	15%	15%	
Not Low-Income	\$4.7	79%	78%	
\$50,000 - \$74,999	\$0.9	16%	16%	
\$75,000 - \$99,999	\$0.9	15%	15%	
\$100,000 - \$149,999	\$1.3	21%	22%	
>\$150,000	\$1.6	27%	26%	
Total	\$5.9	100%	100%	

TABLE 8. 2019 TIP Roadway Investments and Travel Distance by Income

*Total travel distance is vehicle miles traveled (VMT) for all non-transit trips as derived from the California Household Travel Survey.

FIGURE 5. 2019 TIP Roadway Investments and Travel Distance by Income

Includes Local Streets and Roads, State Highway, Public Lands/Trails, Port/Freight Rail and Toll Bridge



Source: 2019 TIP and California Household Travel Survey

The share of transit investments in the 2019 TIP for passengers living in low-income households (38%) falls short of the share of transit trips by passengers living in low-income households (47%).

TABLE 9. 2019 TIP <u>Transit</u> Investments and Transit Trips by Income

	2019 TIP		
	Transit Investments	% of Transit	% of Passenger
	(in \$ billions)	Investment	Transit Trips
Low-Income	\$2.9	38%	47%
Not Low-Income	\$4.7	62%	53%
Total	\$7.7	100%	100%



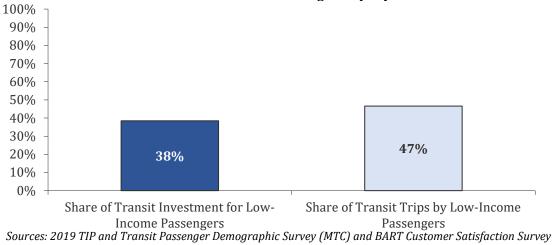


FIGURE 6. 2019 TIP Transit Investments and Passenger Trips by Income

Investments by Race/Ethnicity

Minority households make up 60% of the region's population and account for 52% of all trips.

The share of transportation investments in the Bay Area that support minority population trips (57%) is greater than the share of trips taken by these populations (52%).

TABLE 10. 2019 TIP Investments and Trips by Race/Ethnicity

	2019 TIP Investments by Trips (in \$ billions)	% of Investment	% of Trips
Non-Minority	\$5.9	43%	48%
Minority	\$7.7	57%	52%
Total	\$13.6	100%	100%

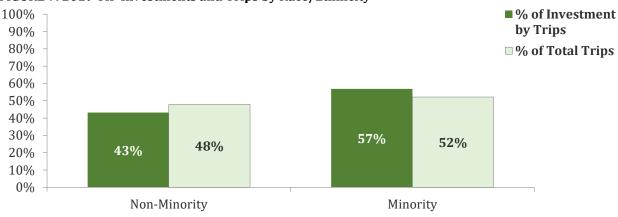


FIGURE 7. 2019 TIP Investments and Trips by Race/Ethnicity

Source: 2019 TIP and California Household Travel Survey

The minority household populations account for approximately half (50%) of all travel distance, as measured by VMT of roadway trips and origin destination distance for transit trips.

The share of investments supporting minority travel by distance (52%) is slightly more than the share of travel distance traversed by the minority populations (50%).

TABLE 11.2	2019 TIP Inve	stments and T	ravel Distance b	y Race/Ethnicity

	2019 TIP Investments by Travel Distance (in \$ billions)	% of Investment	% of Travel Distance
Non-Minority	\$6.6	48%	50%
Minority	\$7.0	52%	50%
Total	\$13.6	100%	100%

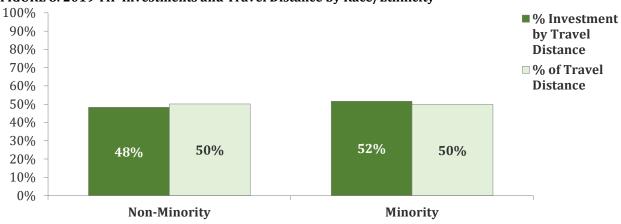


FIGURE 8. 2019 TIP Investments and Travel Distance by Race/Ethnicity

Persons from minority households account for about half of all roadway travel distance, as measured by VMT. The share of investments supporting minority roadway travel by distance (50%) is roughly equivalent to the overall share of VMT traveled by minority populations (49%).

TABLE 12. 2019 TIP <u>Roadway</u> Investments and Travel Distance (VMT) by Race/Ethnicity

Includes Local Streets and Roads, State Highway, Public Lands/Trails, Port/Freight Rail and Toll Bridge

	2019 TIP Investments	% of	
	by VMT (in \$ billions)	Investment	% of VMT
Non-Minority	\$3.0	50%	51%
Minority	\$2.9	50%	49%
Total	\$5.9	100%	100%

Source: 2019 TIP and California Household Travel Survey

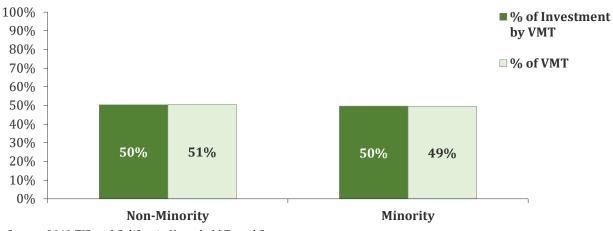


FIGURE 9. 2019 TIP <u>Roadway</u> Investments and Travel Distance (VMT) by Race/Ethnicity Includes Local Streets and Roads, State Highway, Public Lands/Trails, Port/Freight Rail and Toll Bridge

Source: 2019 TIP and California Household Travel Survey

Nearly two-thirds (63%) of transit trips in the Bay Area are taken by residents identifying as a racial or ethnic minority. The share of investments in the 2019 TIP that support these transit trips (66%) is slightly more than the share of transit trips made by minority populations (63%).

TABLE 13. 2019 TIP Transit Investments and Transit Trips by Race/Ethnicity

	2019 TIP Investments by Transit Trips	% of	% of Transit
	(in \$ billions)	Investment	Trips
Non-Minority	\$2.6	34%	37%
Minority	\$5.0	66%	63%
Total	\$7.7	100%	100%

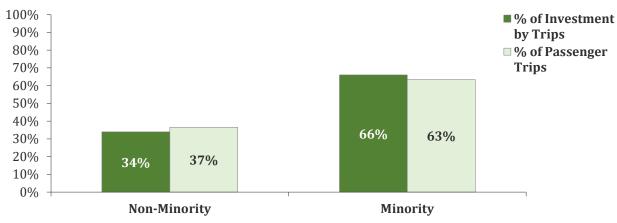


FIGURE 10. 2019 TIP <u>Transit</u> Investments and Transit Trips by Race/Ethnicity

Sources: 2019 TIP and Transit Passenger Demographic Survey (MTC) and BART Customer Satisfaction Survey

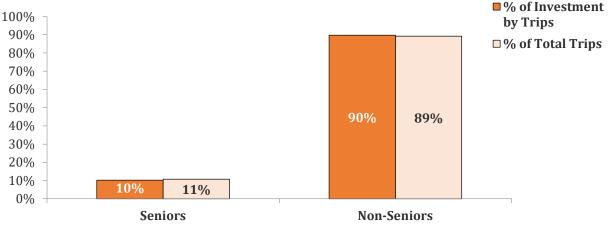
Investments by Seniors

Seniors, defined for this analysis as persons over the age of 65, account for nearly 14% of the region's population. The share of transportation investments that support trips taken by seniors (10%) is slightly less than, but roughly equivalent to, their share of trips (11%).

TABLE 14. 2019 TIP Investments and Trips by Seniors

	2019 TIP Investments		
	by Trips	% of	
	(in \$ billions)	Investment	% of Trips
Senior	\$1.4	10%	11%
Non-Senior	\$12.2	90%	89%
Total	\$13.6	100%	100%

FIGURE 11. 2019 TIP Investments and Trips by Seniors

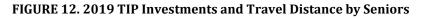


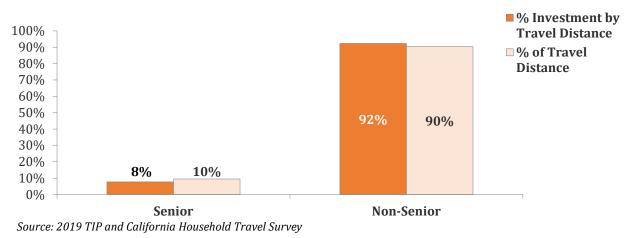
Source: 2019 TIP and California Household Travel Survey

Seniors also account for 10% of all travel distance, as measured by VMT of roadway trips and origin/destination distance for transit trips. This is roughly equivalent to their share of the investments (8%) supporting distance travelled by senior populations.

TABLE 15. 2019 TIP Investments and Travel Distance by Seniors

	2019 TIP Investments by Travel Distance (in \$ billions)	% of Investment	% of Travel Distance
Senior	\$1.0	8%	10%
Non-Senior	\$12.6	92%	90%
Total	\$13.6	100%	100%





For roadway travel, seniors account for 10% of all VMT and benefit from an equivalent share of investments.

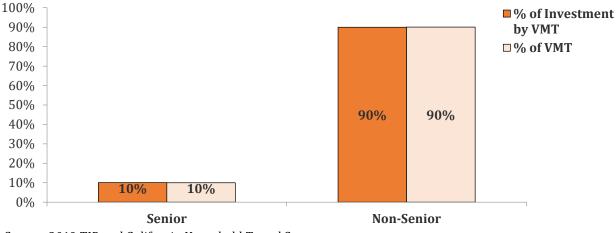
TABLE 16. 2019 TIP Roadway Investments and Travel Distance (VMT) by Seniors

Includes Local Streets and Roads, State Highway, Public Lands/Trails, Port/Freight Rail and Toll Bridge

	2019 TIP Investments		
	by VMT	% of	
	(in \$ billions)	Investment	% of VMT
Senior	\$0.6	10%	10%
Non-Senior	\$5.3	90%	90%
Total	\$5.9	100%	100%

FIGURE 13. 2019 TIP Roadway Investments and Travel Distance (VMT) by Seniors

Includes Local Streets and Roads, State Highway, Public Lands/Trails, Port/Freight Rail and Toll Bridge



Source: 2019 TIP and California Household Travel Survey

Given the limitations of the data available, a detailed look at investments by transit trip length by passenger age is not included in the population use-based analysis.

Supplemental Information - Persons with Transportation-Related Disabilities

Limitations in the data available make it difficult to quantify transportation system usage of persons with disabilities to the degree necessary for the population use-based analysis. However, transportation investments benefiting these populations are being made throughout the region. Below is an overview of regional investments and planning initiatives that support transportation by persons with disabilities. A list of transit projects compliant with the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) is included Appendix A-50.

- Community Based-Transportation Planning (CBTP) Provides planning funds for developing project recommendations in each of the region's Communities of Concern (COCs). Persons with disabilities are one of eight factors that are used to determine COC designations. To date, forty-one CBTPs at \$60,000 each have been completed for these communities. A new round of funding for updated CBTPs is expected in the fall of 2018.
- Lifeline Transportation Program Provides funds to address mobility needs of lowincome residents, including seniors and individuals with disabilities. Funding is used to support projects from CBTPs. Historically, \$20 million has been provided annually.
- FTA Section 5310 Enhanced Mobility of Seniors & Individuals with Disabilities Provides capital and operating grants to private nonprofit and public agencies to improve mobility for seniors and individuals with disabilities by removing barriers to and expanding services. In the last round of funding, \$13.2 million in awards were made in the region's large urbanized areas. The region's small urbanized areas received \$1.4 million in awards.
- Transit Capital Priorities Provides an optional ADA set aside of 10% of the FTA Section 5307 large urbanized area apportionment. Operators may use this funding to defray the operating costs of their paratransit systems. Annually, this amounts to approximately \$20 million.
- State Transit Assistance Historically, a portion of STA Population-Based funds were set aside for operators to use in order to defray the operating costs of their paratransit systems. With the adoption of MTC Resolution No. 4321 in February 2018, 70% of all STA Population-Based funds now flow to each county Congestion Management Agency through the STA County Block Grant and 30% is directed to the Regional Program managed by MTC. Paratransit operations are an eligible use of the County Block Grant program.
- MTC's Coordinated Public Transit—Human Services Transportation Plan Identifies the transportation needs of individuals with disabilities, older adults, and individuals with limited income, and identifies funding priorities and coordination strategies for meeting these needs. The Coordinated Plan is intended to meet the federal planning requirements as well as to provide MTC and its regional partners

with a "blueprint" for implementing a range of strategies intended to promote and advance local efforts to improve transportation for persons with disabilities, older adults, and persons with low incomes. MTC staff works with stakeholders throughout the region to gather input on transportation gaps, as well as solutions that are then eligible for federal funding through the Section 5310 program. The Coordinated Plan was last updated in 2018.

• Caltrans recently awarded a \$406,000 grant to MTC and the World Institute on Disability (WID) for a pilot project focused on identifying and addressing access and mobility needs of people with disabilities in the Bay Area. The project will explore ways to expand institutional capacity at transit and paratransit service providers, county congestion management agencies, local jurisdictions and regional agencies to better understand and address access and mobility needs of people with a disability. MTC will partner with WID to engage community-based organizations and other stakeholders to develop a methodology and process for collecting data and updating a regional needs assessments. The project is anticipated to start in fall 2018 and end by March 2020.



Disparate Impact Analysis

The second component of the investment analysis includes a closer look at federal and state transit investments. The federal and state funding sources for public transportation account for only a small portion (14%) of funding in the 2019 TIP, as illustrated below in Figure 11.

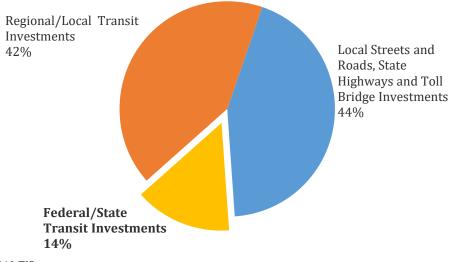


FIGURE 11. 2019 TIP Transit Investments from Federal/State Sources as a Share of All Investments

Source: 2019 TIP

Although 42% of the TIP is made up of regional or local investments in public transit, it is important to note that a substantial share of total funding dedicated to transit operators for ongoing operations and maintenance are not included in the TIP. This funding comes from state, regional and local sources and may not be captured in the TIP as these projects and programs do not typically require a federal action.

The disparate impact analysis indicates that the share of federal and state transit investments distributed to transit service supporting minority populations vary as compared to respective shares of regional transit ridership and regional population.

	% of Total			
	Federal/State Transit Investments	Federal/State Transit	% of Regional Transit	% of Total Regional
	(\$ millions)	Funding	Ridership	Population
Minority	\$1,197	61%	63%	60%
Non-Minority	\$780	39%	37%	40%
Total	\$1,978	100%	100%	100%

TABLE 17. 2019 TIP Federal/State Transit Investments by Minority Status

Investments distributed on a per-capita basis indicate that minority populations in the region are receiving \$258 in benefits per person, more than the \$256 in benefits per person for non-minority populations (or 101% of the benefits received by non-minority residents).

10.2017 In reactary state transit investments, Disparate impact marysis by ropulation					
				Minority per	
				Capita Benefit	
	Federal/State Transit			as % of Non-	
	Investments	Regional	Per-Capita	Minority Per	
	(\$ millions)	Population	Benefit	Capita Benefit	
Minority	(\$ millions) \$1,197	Population 4,634,040	Benefit \$258	Capita Benefit 101%	
Minority Non-minority					

TABLE 18. 2019 TIP Federal/State Transit Investments, Disparate Impact Analysis by Population	

Investments distributed on a per transit rider basis indicate that minority populations in the region receive \$1,176 in benefits per rider, less than the \$1,327 in benefits per transit rider for non-minority populations (or 89% of the benefits received by non-minority residents).

TA	BLE 19. 2019 TIP	Federal/State Transit Inv Federal/State Transit Investments	estments, Dispara Average Daily Transit	ate Impact Analysi Per-Rider	s by Boardings Minority per Rider Benefit as % of Non- Minority Per
		(\$ millions)	Ridership	Benefit	Rider Benefit
	Minority	\$1,197	1,018,086	\$1,176	89%
	Non-minority	\$780	587,771	\$1,327	
•	Total	\$1,978	1,605,856	\$1,231	

Transportation Equity Measures

Healthy and Safe Communities

Projects that are expected to contribute towards reaching our regional goals for healthy and safe communities include projects that improve road safety, increase physical activity, and improve air quality.

> Road Safety: In the 2019 TIP, nearly • 170 projects and nearly \$2 billion in funding are directed to projects that are identified by project sponsors as having a primary purpose of improving road safety or that are otherwise anticipated to significantly reduce fatalities and serious injuries

Table 20. 2019 TIP Road Safety Improvements

County	Projects	Investments
Alameda	41	\$394
Contra Costa	24	\$205
Marin	12	\$41
Napa	9	\$34
San Francisco	12	\$170
San Mateo	24	\$36
Santa Clara	25	\$260
Solano	11	\$43
Sonoma	7	\$102
Multiple	3	\$624
	168	\$1,911

due to traffic collisions (Table 20). It is important to note that many other projects in the 2019 TIP are anticipated to have a moderate or slight positive impact on transportation safety. However, this analysis focuses on those projects that have safety improvement as a primary purpose or that are otherwise anticipated to lead to significant reductions in transportation fatalities and serious injuries caused by traffic collisions.

A few of the largest safety investments in the 2019 TIP include:

- \$487 million for various State Highway Operation and Protection Program (SHOPP) Collision Reduction projects
- \$89 million for various SHOPP Safety Improvement Mandates projects, which are primarily focused on ensuring compliance with the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA)
- \$102 million for I-680 / SR 4 Interchange Reconstruction Phase 3 in Contra Costa County
- \$49 million for various local Highway Safety Improvement Program projects
- Solution for McKee Rd and Tully Rd Safety Improvements in San Jose

Additional information is provided on projects that are expected to improve the safety of our roads for pedestrians and bicyclists.

As shown in Table 21, nearly \$1.3 billion is invested in 76 projects in the 2019 TIP that are identified by the project sponsors as anticipated to have a significant impact on reducing fatalities and serious injuries for pedestrians and bicyclists.

Safety of the transportation system includes more than just the reduction of collisions. Projects unrelated to reducing collisions can also have significant impacts on safety to the traveling public, including seismic retrofits, security

Pedestrians & Bicyclists				
County	Projects	Investments		

Table 21 2010 TID Safety Improvements for

County	Projects	Investments
Alameda	28	\$360
Contra Costa	3	\$23
Marin	7	\$28
Napa	5	\$28
San Francisco	5	\$47
San Mateo	11	\$23
Santa Clara	12	\$212
Solano	1	\$1
Sonoma	2	\$1
Multiple Counties	2	\$536
	76	\$1,261

improvements, and resiliency projects. The 2019 TIP also includes a significant investment in the Golden Gate Bridge Suicide Deterrent Safety Barrier, which aims to impede the ability of individuals to jump off the bridge. This project was not included in the Healthy and Safe Communities measure for this analysis, but does have an important safety purpose.

• **Physical Activity**: The TIP includes 134 projects and over \$400 million invested in projects that are primarily focused on bicycle and pedestrian improvements and programs, which enable and encourage active transportation.

Some of the largest bicycle and pedestrian investments in the 2019 TIP include:

- \$14 million for the Iron Horse Trail Bike and Pedestrian Overcrossing in Contra Costa County
- \$14 million for the Coyote Creek Trail in Santa Clara County
- ✤ \$13 million for Oakland's 14th St Safe Routes in the City project
- South Greenway Cap Closure in Marin County

Many projects in the TIP that are focused on other modes or purposes also include improvements that benefit bicyclists or pedestrians, such as a pavement rehabilitation project that includes adding a new bike lane. Project sponsors report the share of each project's total project cost that can be attributed to the various modes that will benefit from the project. Table 22 displays county and regional investments in bike/pedestrian projects as well as the total dollars invested on all projects that are anticipated to benefit bicyclists and pedestrians over the four-year TIP period, as reported by the project sponsors.

	Bicycle & Pedestrian Projects		Projects with Bicycle & Pedestrian Elements	
County	Projects	Investments	Projects	Investments
Alameda	26	\$121	48	\$123
Contra Costa	17	\$63	47	\$73
Marin	10	\$25	16	\$30
Napa	6	\$12	12	\$18
San Francisco	10	\$26	16	\$45
San Mateo	20	\$28	40	\$32
Santa Clara	31	\$105	58	\$206
Solano	8	\$19	14	\$24
Sonoma	6	\$8	16	\$12
Multiple	0	\$0	2	\$3
	134	\$408	269	\$565

Table 22. 2019 TIP Bike & Pedestrian Investments

• Air Quality: Projects funded with federal Congestion Mitigation Air Quality Improvement Program (CMAQ), California Air Resources Board (CARB), or regional Transportation for Clean Air (TFCA) funds are expected to improve air quality through promoting cleaner technologies or alternative modes of transportation. Many other projects in the 2019 TIP may also support improved air quality, but this analysis focused on projects funded with air quality specific fund sources (Table 23). A few of the projects funded through air quality funding programs in the 2019 TIP include:

- \$50 million for BART Railcar Procurement
- ◆ \$15 million for Electric Vehicle Infrastructure/Vehicle Buyback programs
- \$10 million for MTC's Clipper 2.0 Fare Collection System
- \$10 million for ACE's Locomotive Procurement project
- ✤ \$7 million for SFMTA's Geary Bus Rapid Transit project
- ✤ \$5 million for MTC's Spare the Air program

County	Projects	Investments
Alameda	11	\$50
Contra Costa	10	\$22
Marin	6	\$5
Napa	3	\$4
San Francisco	2	\$10
San Mateo	13	\$9
Santa Clara	25	\$50
Solano	7	\$7
Sonoma	6	\$4
Multiple	11	\$83
	94	\$245

|--|



Maps: 2019 TIP Healthy & Safe Communities

Safety and active transportation projects are mapped, where possible, by county and overlaid against Communities of Concern to display the overall spatial distribution of projects that support the region's goals to improve the health and safety of region. These maps can be viewed starting on

pages 34-72. These projects can also be viewed on an interactive webmap that include additional data on spatial concentrations by race and ethnicity (<u>https://mtc.ca.gov/our-work/fund-invest/transportation-improvement-program</u>).

Economic Vitality

Projects that reduce congestion, improve reliability, or improve transit service or capacity are most likely to support the regional goal to increase the share of jobs accessible within 30 minutes by car or 45 minutes by transit in congested conditions.

• **Road Congestion/Reliability:** There are 94 roadway projects in the 2019 TIP, totaling about \$2 billion, which are identified by project sponsors as having a primary purpose of reducing congestion or improving system reliability or are otherwise anticipated to significantly improve congestion or reliability (Table 24).

A few of these projects in the 2019 TIP include:

- \$474 million for US 101 Managed Lanes: San Mateo County
- \$151 million for various SHOPP Mobility Program projects
- \$142 million for US 101/Zanker Road-Skyport Drive-N. Fourth St. Improvements in Santa Clara County
- \$66 million for I-680 SB HOV Lane Completion in Contra Costa County
- \$47 million for the East-West Connector in Fremont and Union City

Table 24. 2019 TIP RoadwayCongestion/Reliability Investments

Congestion/ Renability investments				
County	Projects	Investments		
Alameda	22	\$368		
Contra Costa	15	\$159		
Marin	4	\$34		
Napa	5	\$34		
San Francisco	5	\$21		
San Mateo	14	\$550		
Santa Clara	16	\$585		
Solano	2	\$28		
Sonoma	3	\$94		
Multiple	8	\$204		
	94	\$2,078		

- ✤ \$22 million for 511 NextGen Traveler Information
- **Transit Service/Capacity:** There are 33 transit projects in the 2019 TIP, totaling nearly \$5 billion, which are identified by project sponsors as having a primary purpose of reducing congestion or improving system reliability or are otherwise anticipated to significantly improve congestion or reliability (Table 25).

A few of these projects in the 2019 TIP include:

- \$2.6 billion for the BART Berryessa to San Jose Extension
- \$1.1 billion for the BART Transbay Core Capacity Improvements
- \$598 million for the Transbay Terminal/Caltrain Downtown Extension Phase 2
- \$269 million for VTA's Eastridge to BART Regional Connector
- \$123 million for Caltrain's Peninsula Corridor Electrification Expansion

Table 25. 2019 TIP Transit Service/Capacity Improvements

Service/Capacity Improvements				
County	Projects	Investments		
Alameda	4	\$20		
Contra Costa	2	\$8		
Marin	2	\$2		
Napa	1	\$2		
San Francisco	11	\$678		
San Mateo	3	\$141		
Santa Clara	3	\$2,842		
Solano	1	<\$1		
Sonoma	-	-		
Multiple	6	\$1,099		
	33	\$4,794		

 \$54 million for SFMTA's Additional Light Rail Vehicles to Expand Muni Rail Service



Maps: 2019 TIP Economic Vitality

Road congestion or reliability projects and transit service or capacity improvement projects are mapped, where possible, by county and overlaid against Communities of Concern to display the overall spatial distribution of projects that support the region's goals to improve economic vitality.

These maps can be viewed starting on page 34. These projects can also be viewed on an interactive webmap that include additional data on spatial concentrations by race and ethnicity (https://mtc.ca.gov/our-work/fund-invest/transportation-improvement-program).

Transportation System Effectiveness

The transportation system effectiveness goal area encompasses two performance measures: improved pavement condition and transit state of good repair. Projects that include a pavement or bridge rehabilitation or preservation component or rehabilitate or replace existing transit assets are compiled for this portion of the analysis.

• **Pavement and Bridge Condition:** In the 2019 TIP, 107 projects totaling more than \$2 billion is invested in rehabilitation and preservation of existing roads and bridges (Table 26).

A few of the larger rehabilitation projects in the 2019 TIP include:

- \$703 million for various SHOPP Roadway Preservation projects
- \$488 million for various SHOPP Bridge Rehabilitation and Reconstruction projects
- \$303 million for the regional Toll Bridge Rehabilitation Program
- \$68 million for various Local Highway Bridge Program projects

Table 26. 2019 TIP Pavement and BridgeRehabilitation Projects

County	Projects	Investments
Alameda	15	\$49
Contra Costa	27	\$70
Marin	4	\$7
Napa	3	\$6
San Francisco	3	\$220
San Mateo	22	\$20
Santa Clara	15	\$48
Solano	4	\$9
Sonoma	8	\$16
Multiple	6	\$1,573
	107	\$2,018

- **Transit State of Good Repair:** There are 72 transit state of good repair projects in the 2019 TIP, totaling \$1.9 billion in committed investments. The transit investments in the 2019 TIP include:
 - ✤ \$1 billion for the BART Railcar Procurement Program
 - ✤ \$63 million for SFMTA's Rail Replacement Program
 - Solution for GGBHTD's Diesel to Hybrid Bus Replacement project
 - Standard and Small Bus Replacement project
 - \$33 million for Caltrain's Systemwide Track Rehabilitation & Related Structures program

Sponsor	Projects	Investments	Sponsor	Projects	Investments
AC Transit	5	\$56	SamTrans	2	\$2
ACE	2	\$25	SantaRosa Bus	3	\$5
BART	6	\$1,186	SFMTA	13	\$322
Caltrain	2	\$36	SMART	-	-
СССТА	-	-	SolTrans	2	\$3
ECCTA	-	-	Son Co Transit	3	\$5
Fairfield	1	\$1	Union City Transit	1	\$2
GGBHTD	10	\$84	Vacaville	-	-
LAVTA	1	\$1	VTA	6	\$92
MCTD	5	\$13	WCCTA	6	\$9
NVTA	1	<\$1	WETA	3	\$41
			Grand Total	72	\$1,882

Table 27. 2019 TIP Transit Rehabilitation/Replacement Projects



Maps: 2019 TIP Transportation System Effectiveness

Pavement and bridge condition projects and transit asset management projects are mapped, where possible, by county and overlaid against Communities of Concern to display the overall spatial distribution of projects that support the region's goals to improve economic vitality. These

maps can be viewed starting on page 34. These projects can also be viewed on an interactive webmap that include additional data on spatial concentrations by race and ethnicity (<u>https://mtc.ca.gov/our-work/fund-invest/transportation-improvement-program</u>).

Equitable Access

The equitable access measure estimates the share of income consumed by transportation costs with a goal of reducing the financial burden on the region's lowest income residents. This portion of the analysis incorporates various outputs from the regional travel demand

model to calculate household transportation costs as a share of household income.

The 2019 TIP investments appear to have a negligible effect on the share of income spent on transportation, across all income levels, when compared to a scenario in which none of the projects in the 2019 TIP is completed (Table 28).

Table 28. Share of Income Consumed byTransportation Costs

	With	Without
	2019 TIP Projects	2019 TIP Projects
	(2022)	(2022)
Low-Income	21%	21%
<\$30,000	25%	25%
\$30,000 - \$59,999	16%	16%
Not Low-Income	10%	10%
\$60,000 - \$99,999	13%	13%
\$100,000+	8%	8%

Note: Income is in 1999 dollars.



These results do not necessarily indicate that the projects in the 2019 TIP will have no impact on household transportation costs. Rather, it is more likely that the travel model may not be appropriate for assessing changes in transportation costs resulting from TIP investments. A couple of notes about the limitations of this approach:

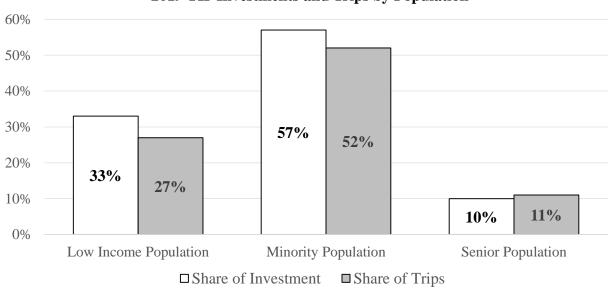
- 1. Although there is more than \$13 billion in transportation investments programmed in the 2019 TIP, many of these projects will not be completed until after the 2019 TIP period. For example, major projects with funds programmed for construction in 2022 may not be complete and open to the public for another several years. The impacts of these investments were not captured in the 2022 model year, but can be assumed to have an effect on trips and cost.
- 2. For the projects that are completed by 2022, only a handful have a scope that is evaluated in a regional travel model. Many local roadway and transit asset projects, as well as bicycle and pedestrian projects, cannot be captured in the regional travel model, but are still expected to have significant cumulative impacts on travel in the region.



2019 TIP Investment Analysis Key Findings

Equitable distribution of investments overall

The results of the population use-based analysis indicate that overall, the investments in the 2019 TIP direct an equitable proportion of investments to projects that support the transportation of residents of low-income households, racial or ethnic minorities, and seniors.



2019 TIP Investments and Trips by Population

Variable results for transit, due to small number of very large investments

There are a few variances worth noting in the population used-based analysis and disparate impact analysis, specifically related to transit.

- The share of transit investments that support trips made by passengers in lowincome households (38%) falls somewhat short of these passengers' relative share of the transit trips taken (47%).
- Federal and state transit investments result in a per capita benefit for minorities that slightly exceeds the per capita benefit for non-minorities (101% of non-minority per capita benefit). However, on a per transit rider basis, federal and state transit investments fall short, with a minority per rider benefit of 89% of the non-minority per rider benefit.

The varied results in the 2019 TIP are attributed to a number of large projects, including:

- BART's Railcar Procurement Program;
- BART's Transbay Core Capacity Improvements Program;
- Caltrain Electrification;
- Caltrain's Peninsula Corridor Electrification Expansion; and
- Transbay Joint Power Authority's Caltrain Downtown Extension.

Together, these five projects account for almost 46% of all transit funding in the 2019 TIP. When focusing only on state and federal funds, these projects account for approximately 48% of funding in the TIP period. While BART ridership approximately mirrors the regional ridership share for minority populations, the share of BART riders from lowincome households is less than the regional average share. Caltrain is used by a lower proportion of low-income and minority riders than the regional average for transit riders.

The degree of the variances seen in the 2019 TIP disparate impact transit analysis is somewhat improved as compared to the 2017 TIP. While the minority per transit rider investment disbenefit remains at 89% in both the 2017 TIP and the 2019 TIP, the minority per capita transit investment increases from 96% of the non-minority per capita investment (disbenefit) in the 2017 TIP to 101% of the non-minority per capita investment (benefit) in the 2019 TIP.

It is important to re-emphasize, that the TIP does not reflect the full picture of transportation investments in the Bay Area. The TIP only includes four years of near-term fund programming and tends not to include operating and maintenance funds, particularly for transit.

Addition of transportation equity measures provides opportunity for better understanding of potential equity impacts

For the 2019 TIP, additional information is provided on projects that support Plan Bay Area 2040's transportation-focused equity measures: Healthy and Safe Communities, Economic Vitality, Transportation System Effectiveness, and Equitable Access. Although the analysis does not identify direct benefits and burdens resulting from individual investments, it builds upon the population use-based and disparate impact analyses to better understand the nature of the projects included in the 2019 TIP and their anticipated effects on long-term regional goals. Data for the transportation equity measures is selfreported by project sponsors, therefore the resulting information is limited by the quality and consistency of the data provided.

Where possible, projects supporting the transportation-focused equity measures were also mapped to illustrate the location of 2019 investments in relation to adopted COCs as well as census tracts with concentrations of minority populations that are above regional averages. The geographic display of projects allows for examination and identification of any apparent systematic exclusion of communities in the spatial distribution of benefits, or any apparent systematic imbalances between the distribution of projects between communities of concern and the remainder of the region, or between minority and non-minority communities. As noted above, many projects and additional data can be viewed on an interactive webmap available on https://mtc.ca.gov/our-work/fund-invest/transportation-improvement-program.



2019 TIP Investment Analysis **Alameda County Project List**

1	AC Transit: East Bay Bus Rapid Transit	39	BART: Traction Power System Renovation
2	AC Transit: San Pablo and Telegraph Ave Rapid Bus Upgrades	40	BART:ADA Paratransit Capital Accessibility Improve
3	ACE: Platform Extensions	41	BATA: Toll Bridge Maintenance
4	ACTC: 7th Street Grade Separation East	42	BATA: Toll Bridge Rehabilitation Program
5	ACTC: 7th Street Grade Separation West	43	Berkeley: John Muir Safe Routes to School
6	ACTC: East-West Connector in Fremont & Union City	44	Berkeley: Sacramento Street Complete Streets Improvements
7	ACTC: Freight Intelligent Transportation System (FITS)	45	Berkeley: Southside Complete Streets & Transit Improvement
8	ACTC: I-580/680 Interchange HOV/HOT Widening	46	Caltrans: Oakland to San Jose Double Track (Segment 2A)
9	ACTC: I-680 NB HOV/HOT Lane	47	Dublin: Dublin Blvd-North Canyons Pkwy Extension
10	ACTC: I-80 Gilman Interchange Reconfiguration	48	Dublin: Dublin Blvd Rehabilitation
11	ACTC: I-80/Ashby Avenue Interchange Improvements	49	Dublin: Dublin Boulevard widening
12	ACTC: I-880 NB HOV/HOT: North of Hacienda to Hegenberger	50	Dublin: I-580 Interchange Imps at Hacienda/Fallon Rd, Ph 2
13	ACTC: I-880/Industrial Parkway West Interchange	51	EBRPD: Doolittle Drive Bay Trail
14	ACTC: I-880/West Winton Avenue Interchange	52	Emeryville: Frontage Rd, 65th St and Powell St Pavement Maint
15	ACTC: I-880/Whipple Road Interchange Improvements	53	Emeryville: Greenway Crossing Improvements
16	ACTC: Oakland/Alameda Freeway Access Project	54	Fremont: Complete Streets Upgrade of Relinquished SR-84
17	ACTC: SR-262 (Mission Blvd) Improvements	55	Fremont: Pavement Rehabilitation
18	ACTC: SR-84 widening, South of Ruby Hills Dr to I-680	56	Fremont: Widen Kato Rd from Warren Ave to Milmont Dr
19	ACTC: Widen I-680 NB and SB for EL from SR-84 to Alcosta	57	Hayward: I-880 Auxiliary lanes at Industrial Parkway
20	Alameda County: Cherryland/Ashland/CastroValley/Fairview BikePed	58	Hayward: I-880/A Street Interchange Reconstruction
21	Alameda County: Crow Canyon Safety Improvements	59	Hayward: Main Street Complete Street
22	Alameda County: Estuary Bridges Seismic Retrofit and Repairs	60	Hayward: Rt 92/Clawiter/Whitesell Interchange Improvements
23	Alameda County: Fruitvale Ave Roadway Bridge Retrofit	61	Hayward: Winton Ave Complete Street
24	Alameda County: Niles Canyon Rd (SR-84)/Pleas-Sunol Rd I/C Imps	62	Livermore: Pavement Rehabilitation - MTS Routes
25	Alameda County: Various Streets and Roads Preservation	63	MTC: Bay Bridge Forward-Commuter Parking Initiative
26	Alameda County: Vasco Road Safety Improvements	64	MTC: Bay Bridge Forward-West Grand HOV/Bus Only Lane
27	Alameda: Central Avenue Safety Improvements	65	MTC: Bay Bridge Forward-West Grand TSP
28	Alameda: City-Wide Pavement Rehabilitation	66	MTC: Bay Bridge Park
29	Alameda: Clement Avenue Complete Streets	67	MTC: Bike Share Capital Program (Fremont)
30	Albany: San Pablo Ave & Buchanan St Pedestrian Improvements	68	MTC: Freeway Performance Program-I-880 Corridor
31	BART Car Exchange (Preventive Maintenance)	69	MTC: Freeway Performance Program-SR-84
32	BART Train Control Renovation	70	MTC: I-880 Integrated Corridor Management-Central
33	BART Transbay Core Capacity Improvements	71	MTC: Improved Bike/Ped Access to East Span of SFOBB
34	BART: 19th Street BART Station Modernization-GO Uptown	72	Newark: Thornton Avenue Pavement Rehabilitation
35	BART: Bay Fair Connection	73	Oakland: 14th St Safe Routes in the City
36	BART: Fare Collection Equipment	74	Oakland: 19th St BART to Lake Merritt Urban Greenway
37	BART: Rail, Way and Structures Program	75	Oakland: 35th Ave Bike/Ped Improvements
38	BART: Railcar Procurement Program	76	Oakland: 42nd Ave. & High St I-880 Access Improvements
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2019 TIP Investment Analysis Alameda County Project List (Continued)

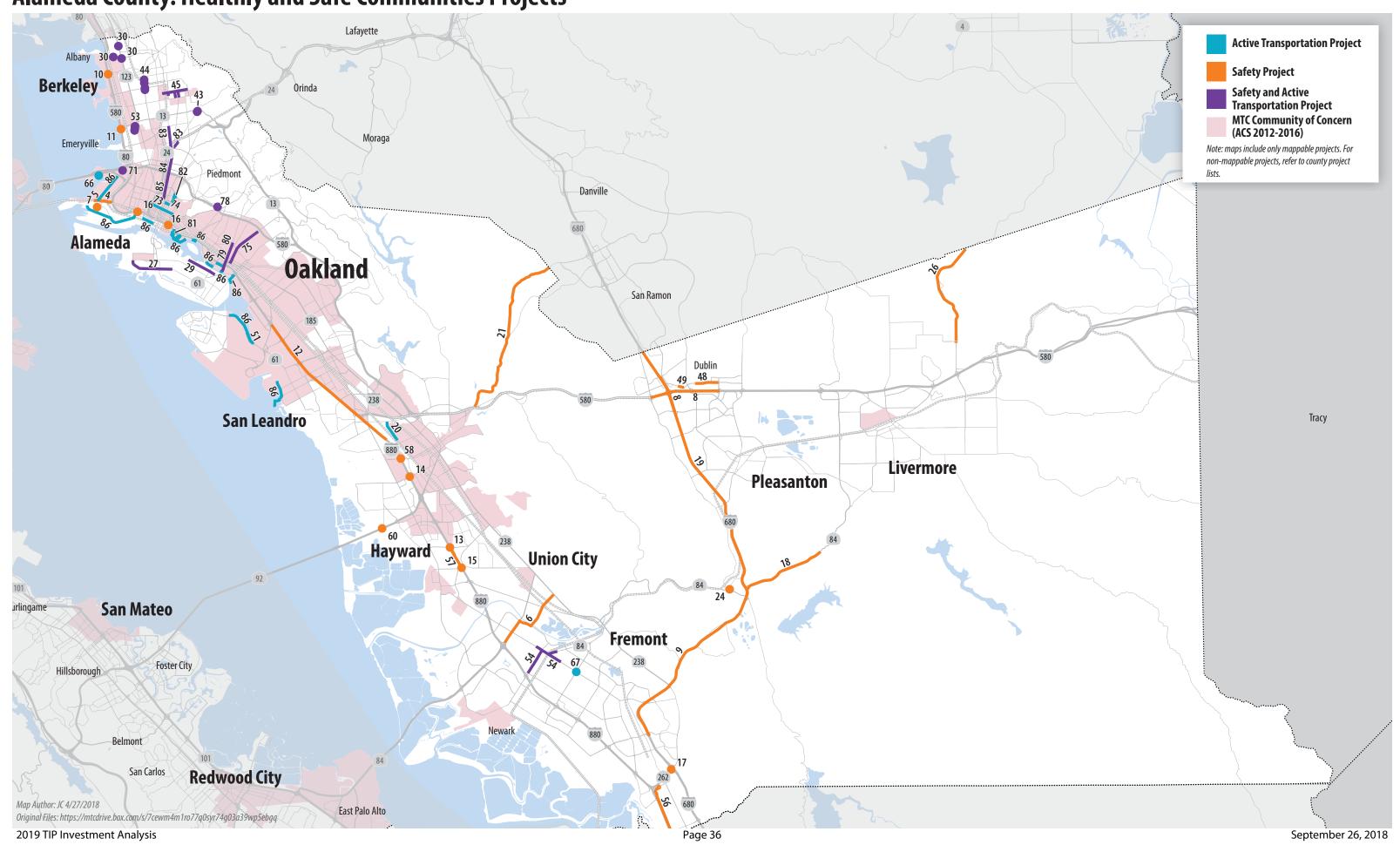
- 77 Oakland: Army Base Infrastructure Improvements
- 78 Oakland: Crossing to Safety
- 79 Oakland: Fruitvale Alive Gap Closure Project
- 80 Oakland: Fruitvale Ave Bike/Ped Improvements
- 81 Oakland: Lake Merritt to Bay Trail Bike/Ped Bridge
- 82 Oakland: Lakeside Family Streets
- 83 Oakland: Shattuck and Claremont Bike/Ped Improvements
- 84 Oakland: Telegraph Ave Bike/Ped Improvements and Road Diet
- 85 Oakland: Telegraph Avenue Complete Streets
- 86 Oakland: Waterfront Bay Trail
- 87 Piedmont: Oakland Avenue Improvements
- 88 Pleasanton: Pavement Rehabilitation Hacienda Business Park
- 89 San Leandro: SR 185-E. 14th St/ Hesperian Blvd/150th Ave
- 90 San Leandro: Washington Avenue Rehabilitation
- 91 Union City: Dyer Street Pavement Rehabilitation
- 92 WETA: Ferry Service-Berkeley

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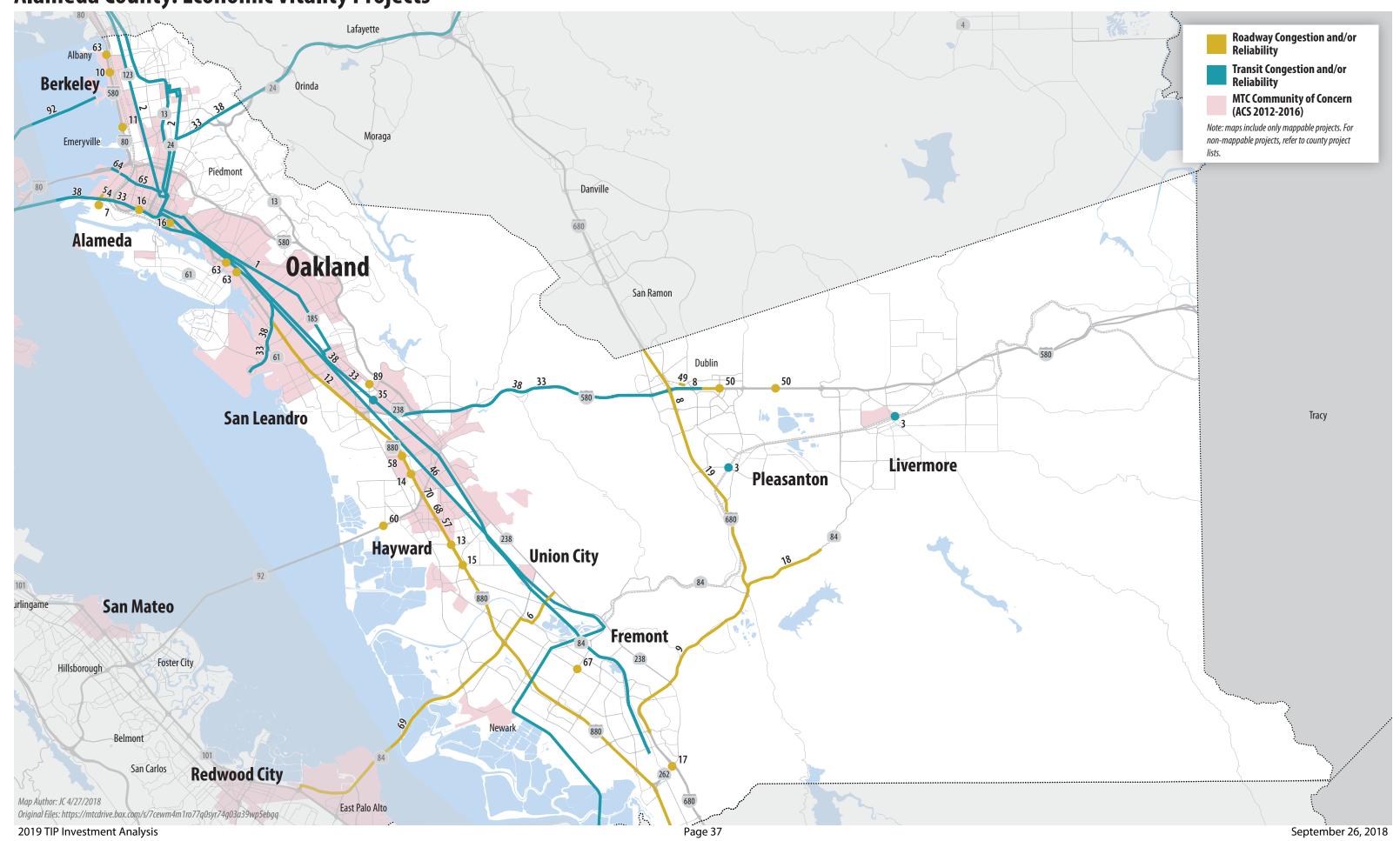
AC Transit: ADA Paratransit Assistance AC Transit: Paratransit Van Replacement AC Transit: Purchase (10) 24ft Cut-aways AC Transit: Purchase (24) 60ft Artic Hybrid Buses AC Transit: Replace (27) 40ft Urban Buses - Hybrid AC Transit: Replace (6) 24ft Cut-Away Vans ACE: Fixed Guideway (Capital Lease) **ACE: Locomotive Procurement** ACE: Railcar Midlife Overhaul ACTC: Alameda Safe Routes to School Alameda County: Active Oakland Safe Routes to School Caltrans: Alameda County - TOS-Mobility LAVTA: ADA Paratransit Operating Subsidy LAVTA: Livermore Transit Center Rehabilitation and Improvement MTC: Bay Bridge Forward - Casual Carpool MTC: Bay Bridge Forward - Integrated Bridge Corridor MTC: Bay Bridge Forward - Commuter Parking Initiative 0&M MTC: Regional Planning Activities and PPM - Alameda County Oakland: Local Streets and Roads Paving Union City Transit: ADA Paratransit Operating Subsidy

Union City Transit: Replace Heavy-Duty Transit Vehicles Union City Transit: Travel Time Improvements

2019 TIP Investment Analysis Alameda County: Healthly and Safe Communities Projects

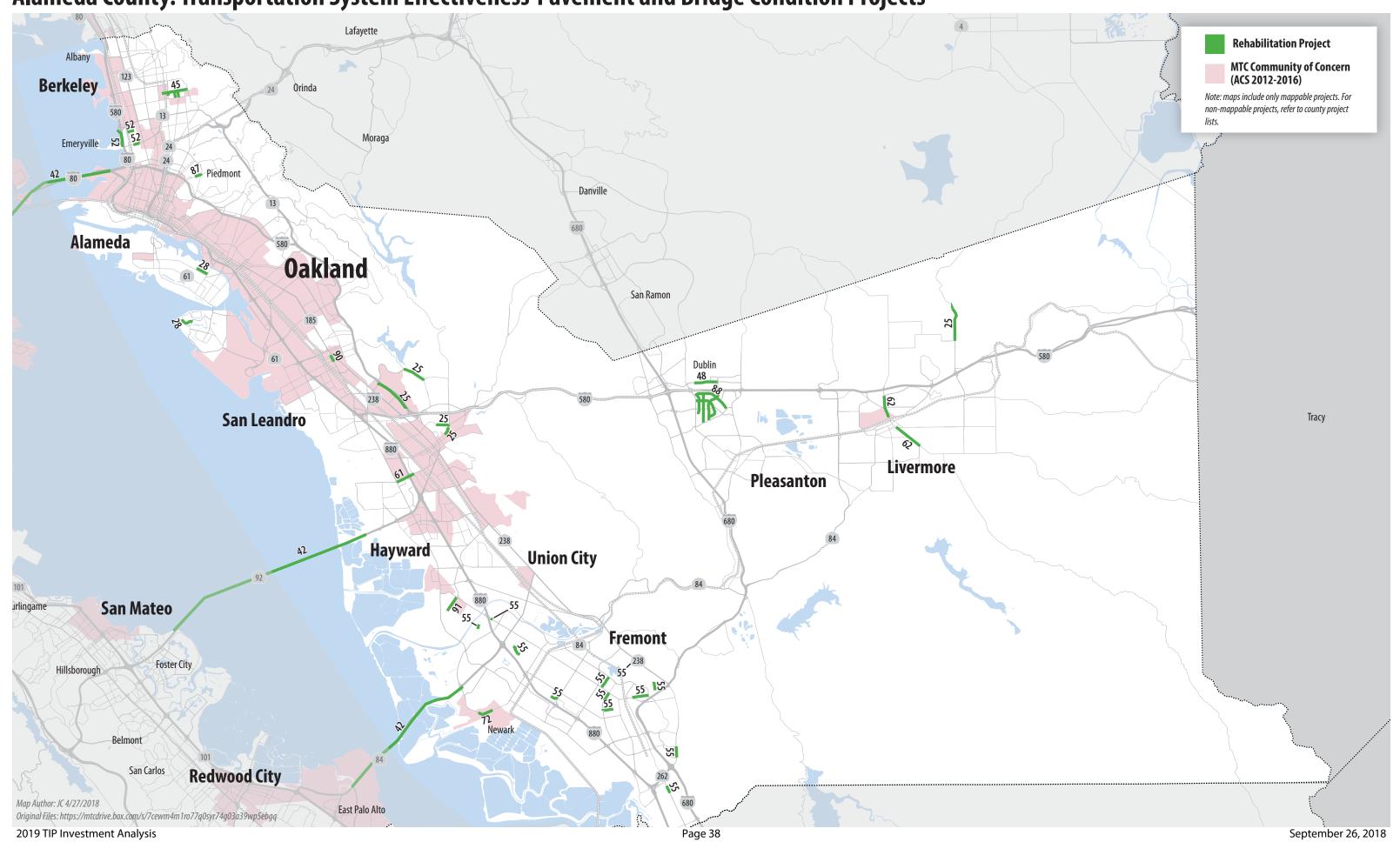


2019 TIP Investment Analysis Alameda County: Economic Vitality Projects



2019 TIP Investment Analysis

Alameda County: Transportation System Effectiveness-Pavement and Bridge Condition Projects



2019 TIP Investment Analysis Contra Costa County Project List

1	AC Transit: San Pablo and Telegraph Ave Rapid Bus Upgrades	39
2	Antioch: L Street Pathway to Transit	40
3	Antioch: Laurel Road Extension	41
4	Antioch: Pavement Rehabilitation	42
5	Antioch: Slatten Ranch Road Extension	43
6	BART Car Exchange (Preventive Maintenance)	44
7	BART Train Control Renovation	45
8	BART Transbay Core Capacity Improvements	46
9	BART: Concord BART Station Modernization	47
10	BART: Fare Collection Equipment	48
11	BART: Rail, Way and Structures Program	49
12	BART: Railcar Procurement Program	50
13	BART: Traction Power System Renovation	51
14	BART:ADA Paratransit Capital Accessibility Improve	52
15	BATA: Toll Bridge Maintenance	53
16	BATA: Toll Bridge Rehabilitation Program	54
17	Brentwood: Brentwood Blvd Widening-(Phase I) North	55
18	Brentwood: Brentwood Blvd Widening Phase II	56
19	Brentwood: John Muir Parkway Extension: Phase II	57
20	Brentwood: Various Streets and Roads Preservation	58
21	CCTA: I-680 Advanced Techologies	59
22	CCTA: I-680 Bus On Shoulder	60
23	CCTA: I-680 SB HOV Lane Completion	61
24	CCTA: I-680/SR 4 Interchange Reconstruction-Phase 3	62
25	CCTA: I-680/SR 4 Interchange Reconstruction-Phases I & II	63
26	CCTA: Mokelumne Trail Bike/Ped Overcrossing	64
27	CCTA: Reconstruct I-80/San Pablo Dam Rd Interchange	65
28	CCTA: SR-4 Operational Improvements-Initial Phases	66
29	Clayton: Neighborhood Street Rehab	67
30	Concord: Commerce Ave Complete Streets	68
31	Concord: Downtown Corridors Bike/Pedestrian Improvements	69
32	Concord: Monument Boulevard Class I Path	70
33	Concord: Willow Pass Road Repaving and 6th St SRTS	71
34	Concord: Ygnacio Valley Road Widening	72
35	Contra Costa County: Bailey Road-SR-4 Interchange	73
36	Contra Costa County: Bailey Road Bike and Pedestrian Improvements	74
37	Contra Costa County: Camino Tassajara Realignment	75
38	Contra Costa County: Fred Jackson Way First/Last Mile Connection	

39	Contra Costa County: Kirker Pass Road NB Truck Climbing Lanes
40	Contra Costa County: Kirker Pass Road Open Grade Overlay
41	Contra Costa County: Local Streets and Roads Preservation
42	Contra Costa County: Pacheco Blvd Sidewalk Gap Closure Phase 3
43	Contra Costa County: Vasco Road Safety Improvements
44	Danville: Camino Ramon Improvements
45	Danville: Diablo Road Imps Green Valley to Avenida Neuva
46	Danville: San Ramon Valley Blvd Lane Addition and Overlay
47	El Cerrito Blvd: Carlson Blvd and Central Ave Pavement Rehab
48	El Cerrito: El Cerrito del Norte Area TOD Complete Street Imps
49	El Cerrito: Ohlone Greenway Station Area Bike/Ped Improvements
50	Hercules: Sycamore/Willow Pavement Rehabilitation
51	Lafayette: Pleasant Hill Rd Pavement Rehab & Maintenance
52	Martinez: Downtown Streets Rehabilitation
53	Moraga: Moraga Way and Canyon/Camino Pablo Improvements
54	MTC: ALA/CC-80 and Bay Bridge Approach Express Lanes
55	MTC: Bike Share Capital Program (Richmond)
56	MTC: Richmond-San Rafael Bridge Access Improvements
57	Oakley: Civic Center Railroad Platform Park & Ride Complex
58	Oakley: Street Repair and Resurfacing
59	Orinda: Orinda Way Pavement Rehabilitation
60	Pinole: San Pablo Avenue Rehabilitation
61	Pittsburg: BART Pedestrian and Bicycle Connectivity
62	Pittsburg: Pavement Improvements
63	Pleasant Hill: Road Improvements
64	Richmond: Citywide Pavement Rehab ADA Improvement
65	Richmond: I-80/Central Avenue Interchange Modification
66	Richmond: Lincoln Elementary SRTS Pedestrian Enhancements
67	San Pablo: Market Street Pavement Rehabilitation
68	San Pablo: Rumrill Blvd Complete Streets Improvements
69	San Ramon: Alcosta Boulevard Pavement Rehab
70	San Ramon: Crow Canyon Rd Widening (Alcosta to Indian Rice)
71	San Ramon: Iron Horse Trail Bike and Pedestrian Overcrossing
72	Walnut Creek: BART TOD Access Improvements
73	Walnut Creek: N. Main St Rehab-I-680 to California
74	Walnut Creek: Ygancio Valley & Oak Grove Road Rehabilitation

75 WETA: Richmond Ferry Service

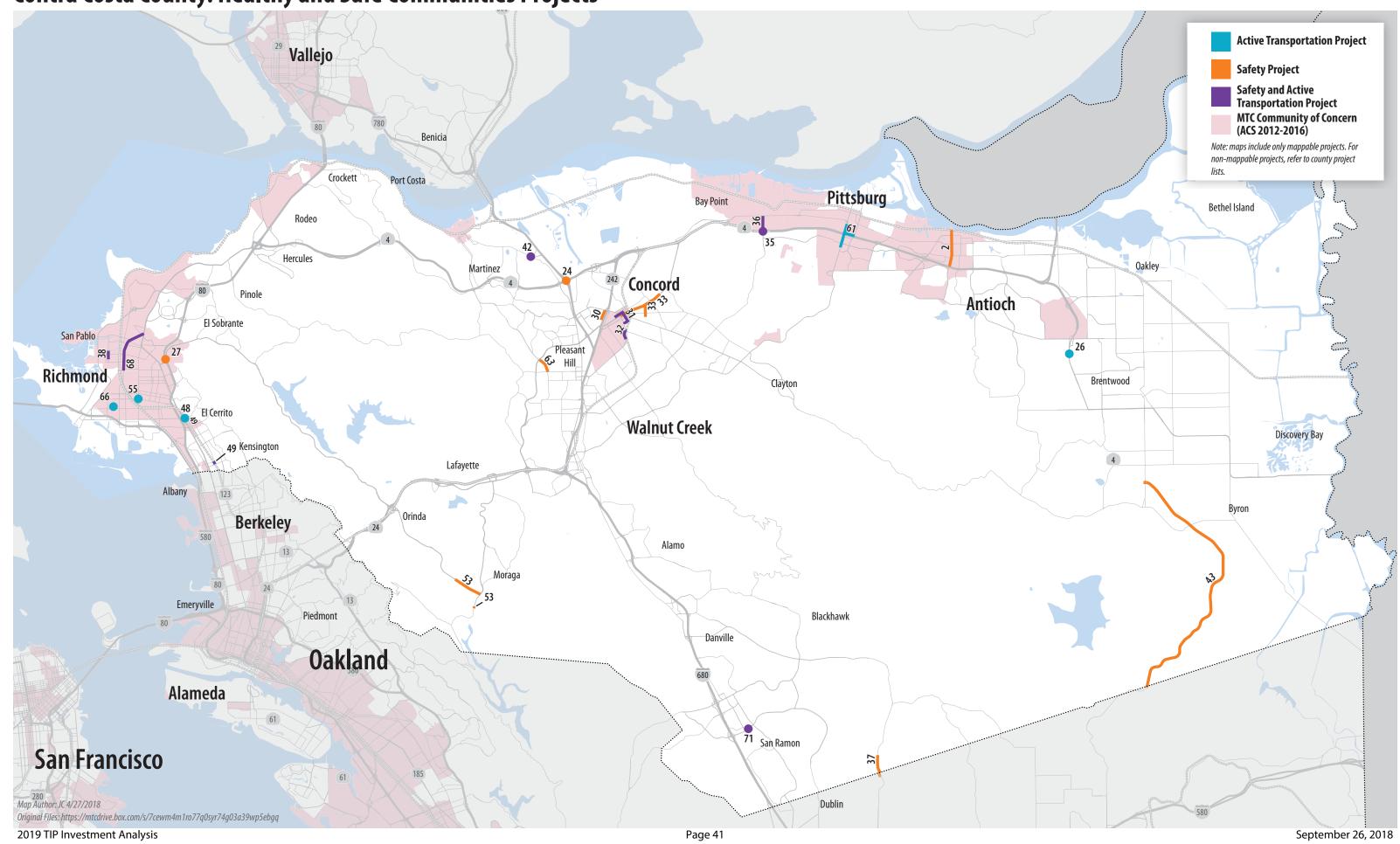
2019 TIP Investment Analysis Contra Costa County Project List

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AC Transit: ADA Paratransit Assistance AC Transit: Paratransit Van Replacement AC Transit: Purchase (10) 24ft Cut-aways AC Transit: Purchase (24) 60ft Artic Hybrid Buses AC Transit: Replace (27) 40ft Urban Buses - Hybrid AC Transit: Replace (6) 24ft Cut-Away Vans CCCTA: County Connection ADA Paratransit Assistance CCTA: SR 239 - New State Highway Study Contra Costa County: West County Walk and Bike Leaders EBRPD: Conta Costa Parks Bike/Ped Trail Improvements ECCTA: Tri-Delta ADA Operating Assistance MTC: Regional Planning Activities and PPM - Contra Costa County San Ramon: San Ramon Valley Street Smarts Walnut Creek: Parking Guidance System Pilot WCCTA: WestCAT ADA Paratransit Operating Subsidy WCCTA: WestCAT Purchase (6) Electronic Fareboxes WCCTA: WestCAT Purchase (9) Electronic Fareboxes WCCTA: WestCAT Purchase of (2) Radio Systems WCCTA: WestCAT Replace (2) DAR MiniVans WCCTA: WestCAT Replace (6) 2008 35ft Revenue Vehicles

WCCTA: WestCAT Replace (5) 35ft and (4) 40ft Vehicles

2019 TIP Investment Analysis Contra Costa County: Healthy and Safe Communities Projects

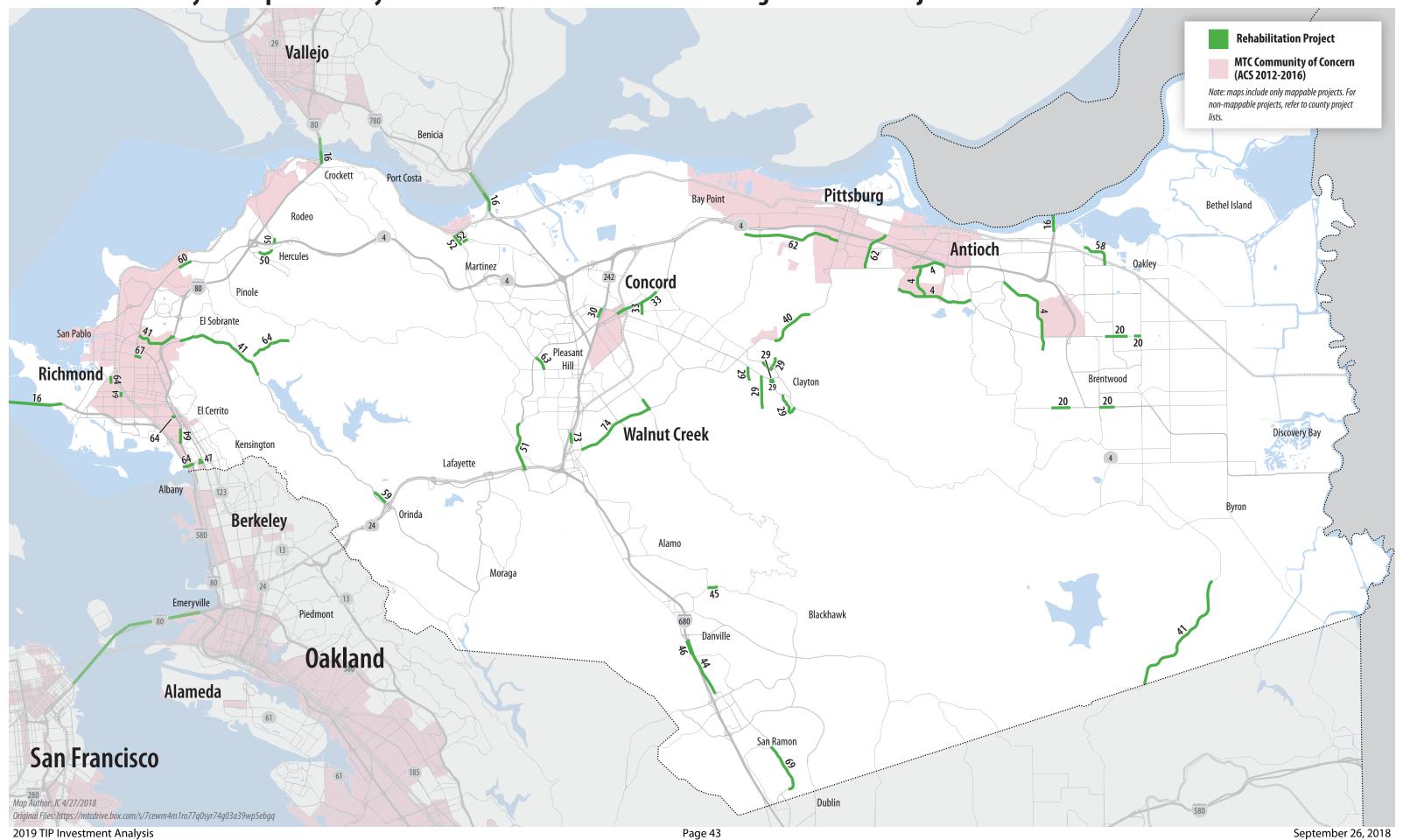


2019 TIP Investment Analysis Contra Costa County: Economic Vitality Projects



2019 TIP Investment Analysis

Contra Costa County: Transportation System Effectiveness-Pavement and Bridge Condition Projects



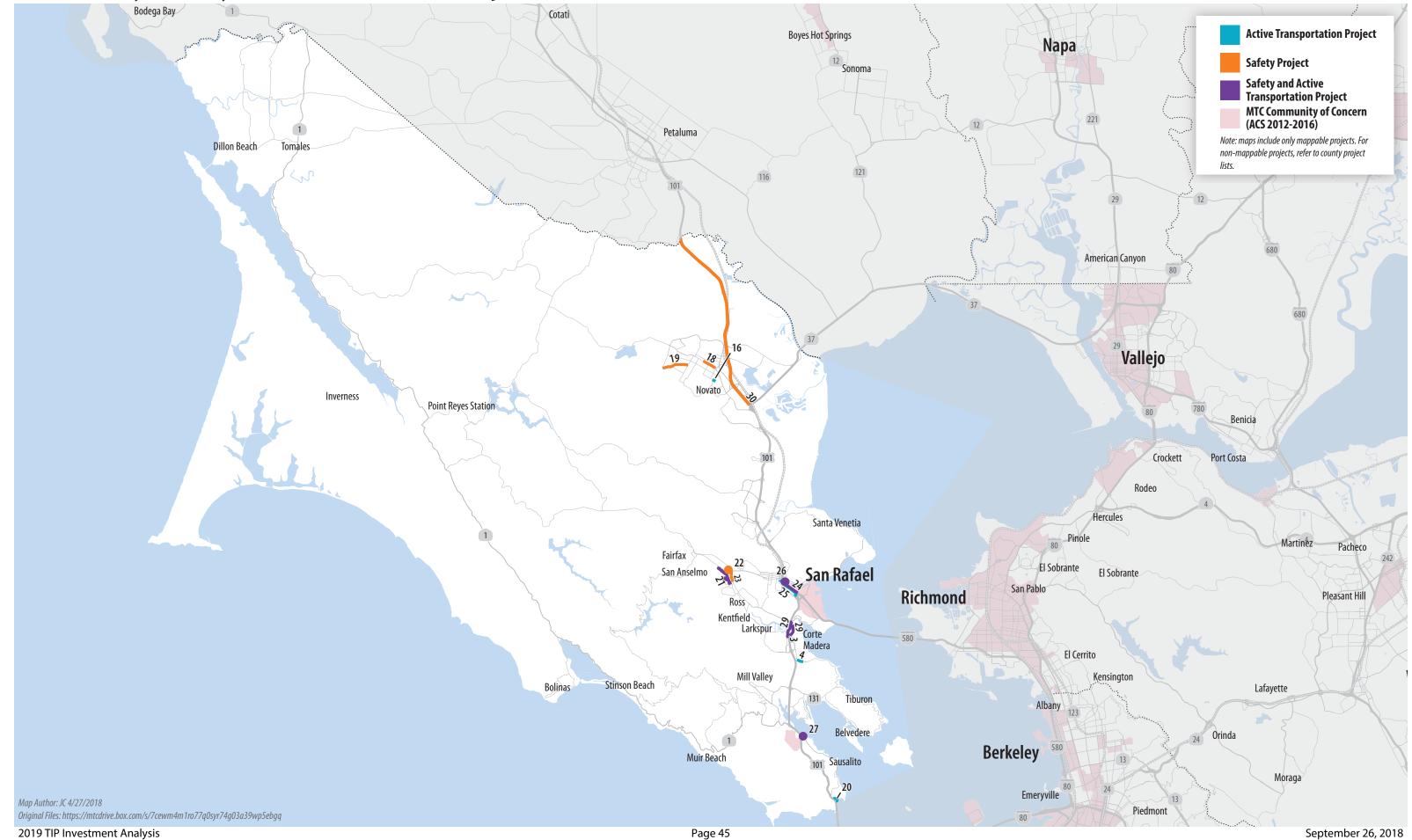
2019 TIP Investment Analysis Marin County Project List

- 1 **BATA: Toll Bridge Maintenance** 2 **BATA: Toll Bridge Rehabilitation Program** Corte Madera: Central Marin Regional Pathway Gap Closure 3 Corte Madera: Paradise Drive Multiuse Path 4 **GGBHTD: Ferry Channel & Berth Dredging** 5 6 GGBHTD: Golden Gate Bridge-Suicide Deterrent Safety Barrier 7 GGBHTD: Golden Gate Bridge Seismic Retrofit, Phase 1-3A GGBHTD: Golden Gate Bridge Seismic Retrofit, Phase 3B 8 GGBHTD: Larkspur Ferry Terminal Parking Garage 9 **GGBHTD: San Rafael Transit Center Relocation** 10 11 Marin County: Hicks Valley/Marshall Petaluma/Wilson Hill Rd Rehab 12 Marin County: Mountain View Rd Bridge Replacement 13 MTC: Richmond-San Rafael Bridge Access Improvements 14 Novato: Carmel Open Space Acquisition 15 Novato: Downtown SMART Station Commuter Lot Novato: Hill Recreation Area Improvements 16 17 Novato: Measure A Group 10 Pavement Rehabilitation 18 Novato: Novato Boulevard Widening, Diablo to Grant 19 Novato: Vineyard Road Improvements 20 NPS: Fort Baker's Vista Point Trail 21 San Anselmo: Bike Spine San Anselmo: Center Blvd Bridge Replace 22
- 23 San Anselmo: Sir Francis Drake Blvd Pavement Rehabilitation
- 24 San Rafael: Francisco Blvd East Sidewalk Widening
- 25 San Rafael: Francisco Blvd West Multi-Use Pathway
- 26 San Rafael: Grand Avenue Bicycle Pedestrian Improvements
- 27 Sausalito: Bridgeway/US 101 Off Ramp Bicycle Imps
- 28 SMART: Larkspur Extension
- **29** TAM: North-South Greenway Gap Closure
- **30** TAM: US 101 HOV Lanes-Marin-Sonoma Narrows (Marin)

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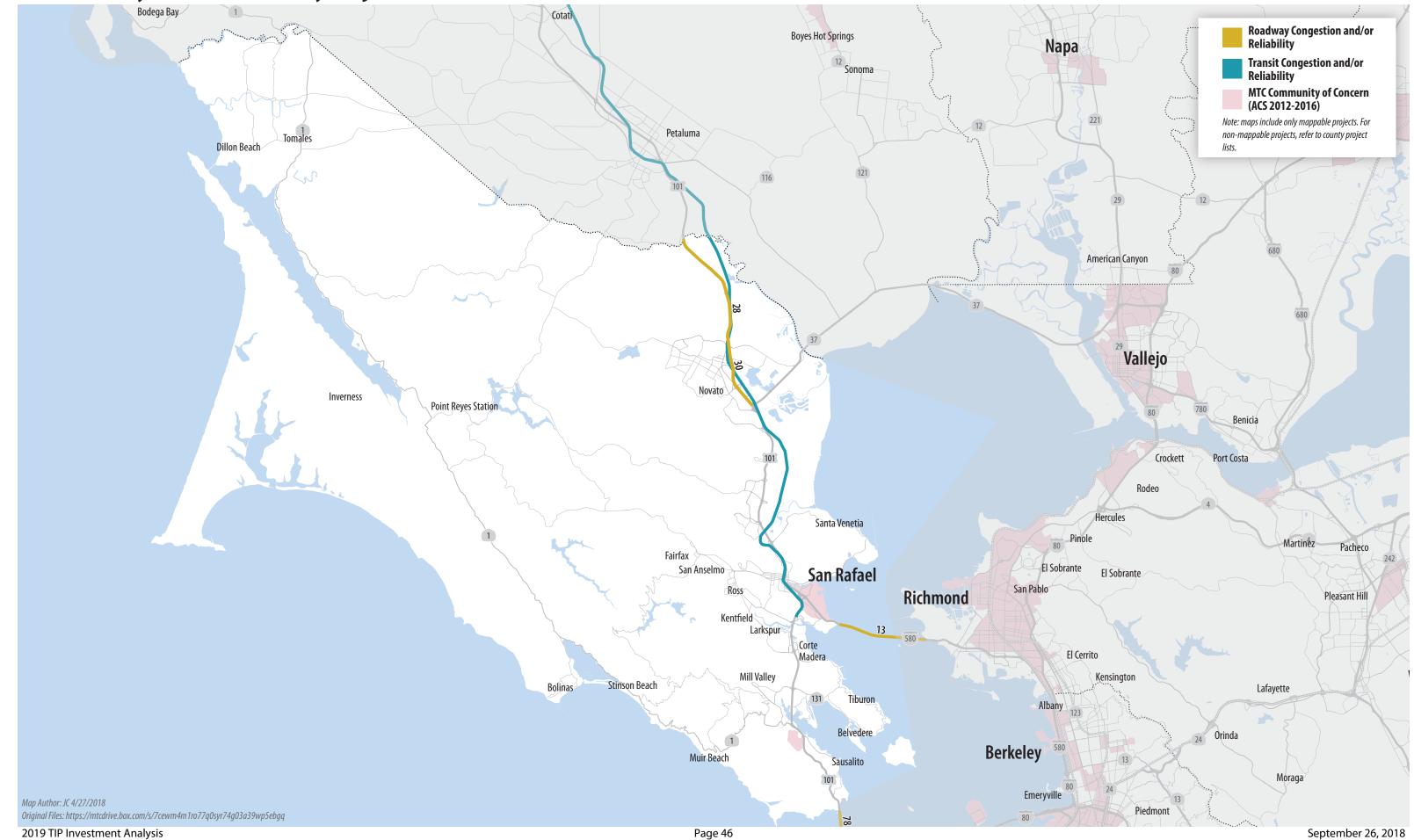
Caltrans: Marin County - TOS-Mobility **GGBHTD:** Facilities Rehabilitation **GGBHTD: Ferry Propulsion Systems Replacement GGBHTD: Fixed Guideway Connectors** GGBHTD: Purchase (7) Hybrid Buses GGBHTD: Replace (14) 22' Gas Body-on-Chassis Vehicles GGBHTD: Replace (2) Paratransit Vehicles GGBHTD: Replace (67) Diesel Buses with Hybrid Buses GGBHTD: Replace (7) 40' Diesel Buses **GGBHTD:** Replace Paratransit Vehicles **GGBHTD: Transit Systems Enhancements** MCTD: ADA Paratransit Assistance MCTD: Preventive Maintenance MCTD: Relocate Transit Maintenance Facility MCTD: Replace Articulated Vehicles MCTD: Replace Diesel Vehicles MCTD: Replace Shuttle Vehicles MTC: Regional Planning Activities and PPM - Marin County Novato: Downtown SMART Station Commuter Lot TAM/SCTA: Bike Share Capital Program (SMART Corridor in Marin and Sonoma Counties)

2019 TIP Investment Analysis Marin County: Healthy and Safe Communities Projects



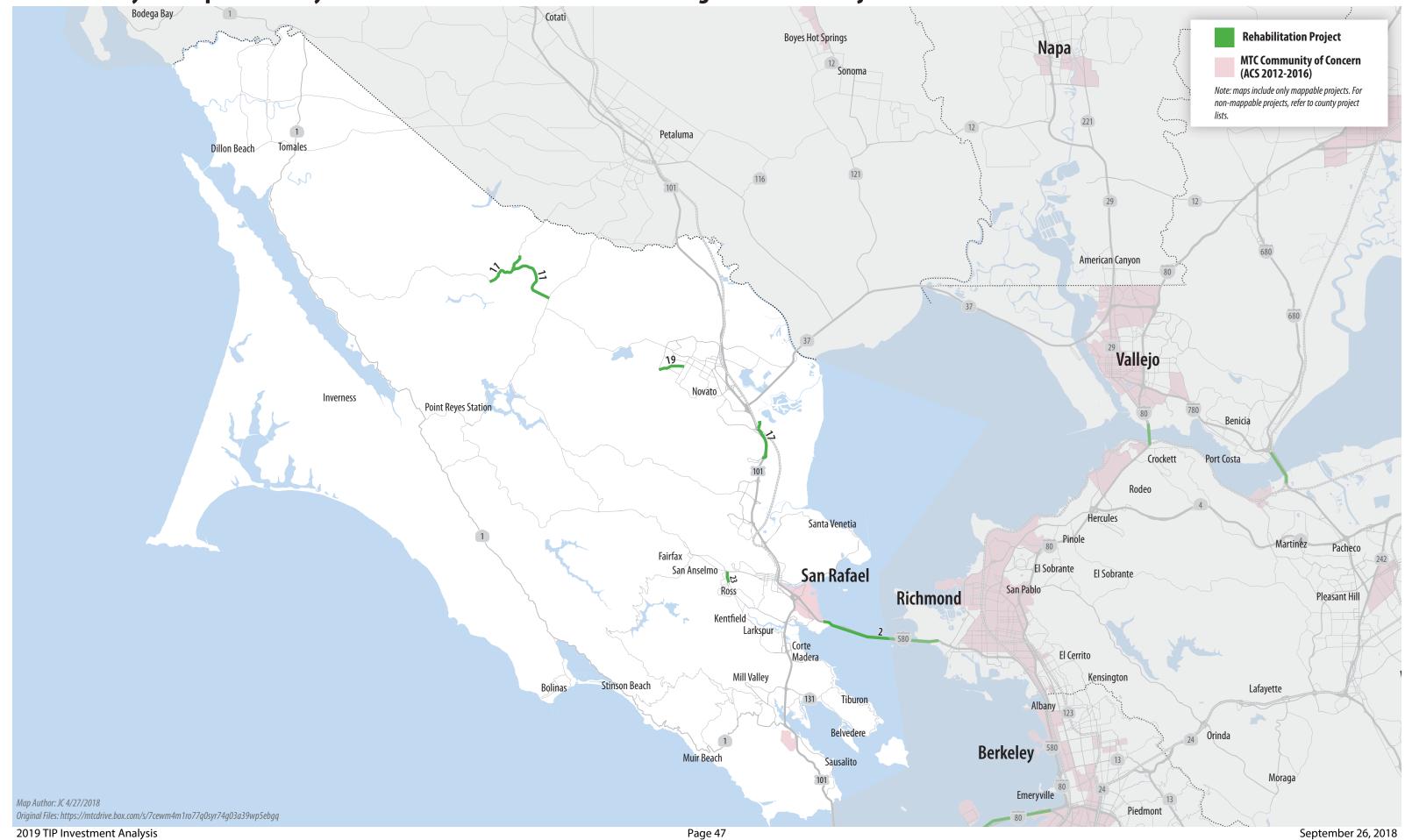
2019 TIP Investment Analysis

2019 TIP Investment Analysis Marin County: Economic Vitality Projects



2019 TIP Investment Analysis

Marin County: Transportation System Effectiveness-Pavement and Bridge Condition Projects



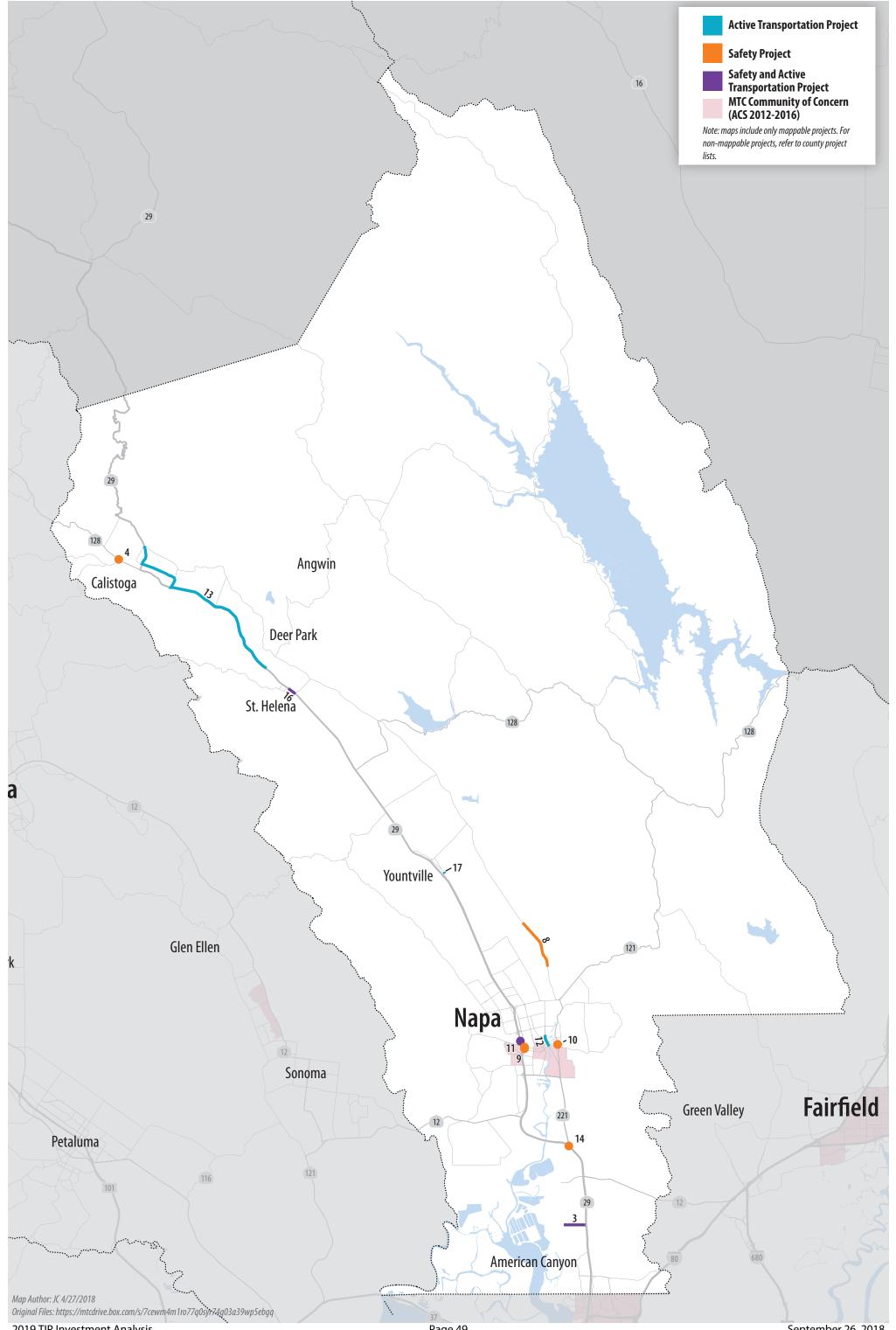
2019 TIP Investment Analysis Napa County Project List

- 1 American Canyon: Devlin Road and Vine Trail Extension
- 2 American Canyon: Eucalyptus Drive Realignment Complete Streets
- 3 American Canyon: Green Island Road Class I
- 4 Calistoga: SR-128 and Petrified Forest Intersection Improvements
- 5 Napa County: Airport Boulevard Rehabilitation
- 6 Napa County: Hardin Rd Bridge Replacement
- 7 Napa County: Loma Vista Dr Bridge Replacement
- 8 Napa County: Silverado Trail Phase L Rehab
- 9 Napa: California Boulevard Roundabouts
- **10** Napa: Silverado Trail Five-Way Intersection Improvements
- 11 Napa: SR 29 Bicycle & Pedestrian Undercrossing
- 12 Napa: Vine Trail Gap Closure-Soscol Avenue Corridor
- 13 NVTA: Napa Valley Vine Trail Calistoga-St. Helena Segment
- 14 NVTA: SR 12/29/221 Soscol Junction Interchange Improvements
- 15 NVTA: Vine Transit Bus Maintenance Facility
- **16** St. Helena: Main Street Pedestrian Improvements
- 17 Yountville: Hopper Creek Pedestrian Bridge and Path Project

NOT MAPPED

- MTC: Regional Planning Activities and PPM Napa County Napa County: 2014 Earthquake Pavement Repair NVTA: Napa Vine ADA Operating Assistance
- NVTA: Napa Vine Equipment Replacement and Upgrades
- VVTA: Napa Vine Operating Assistance

2019 TIP Investment Analysis Napa County: Healthy and Safe Communities Projects

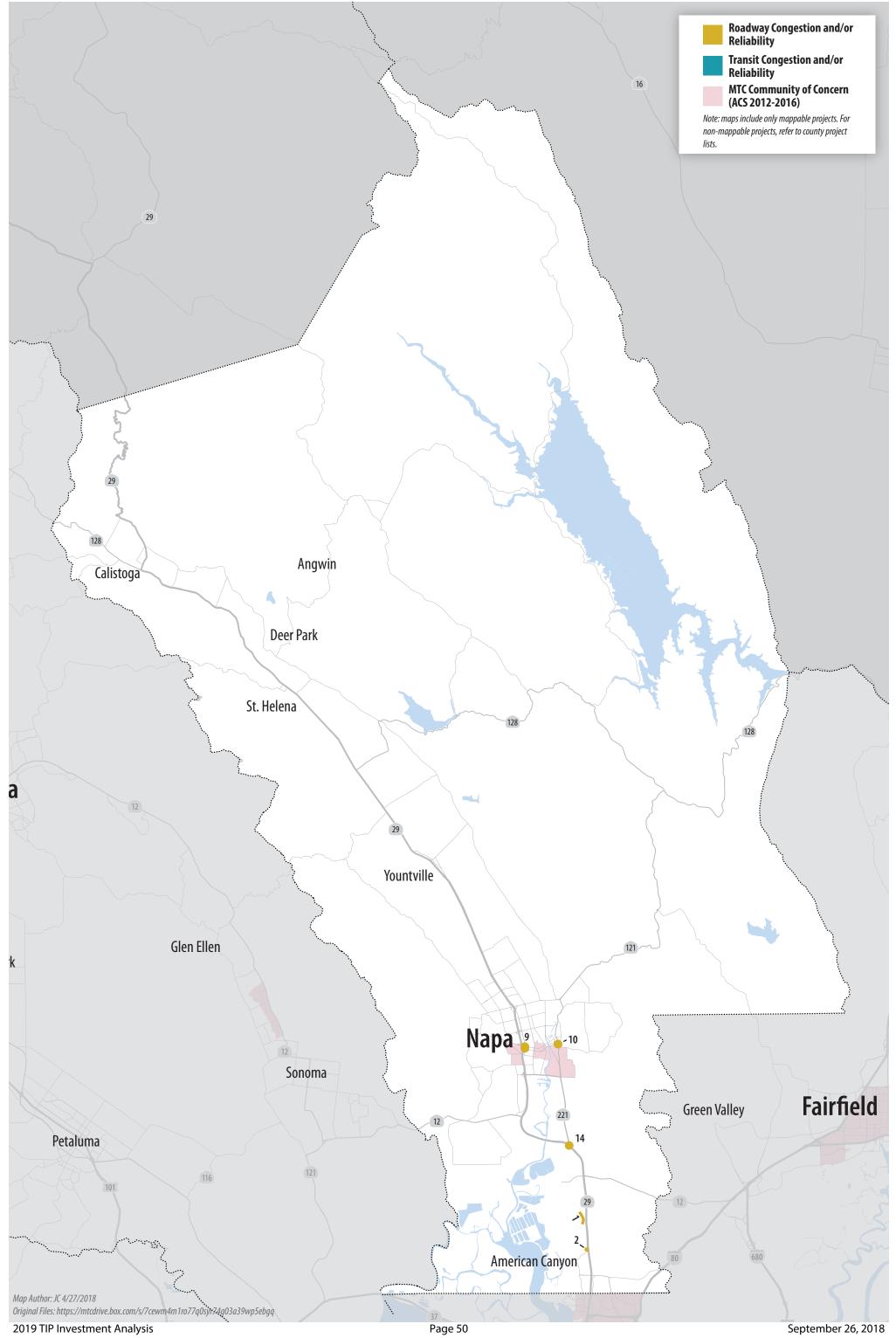


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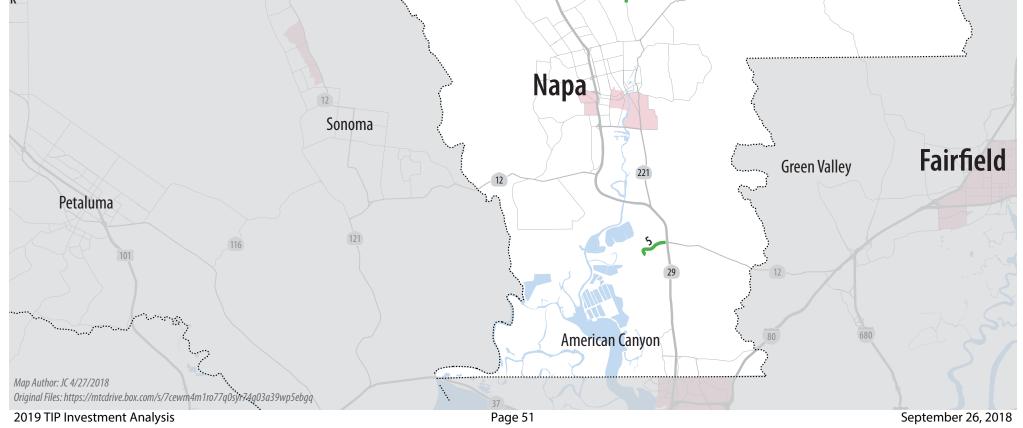
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2019 TIP Investment Analysis Napa County: Economic Vitality Projects



2019 TIP Investment Analysis Napa County: Transportation System Effectiveness-Pavement and Bridge Condition Projects

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			Rehabilitation Project
$\sum_{i=1}^{n}$			MTC Community of Concern (ACS 2012-2016)
	**************************************	16	Note: maps include only mappable projects. For non-mappable projects, refer to county project
			lists.
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2019 TIP Investment Analysis San Francisco County Project List

- 1 BART Car Exchange (Preventive Maintenance)
- 2 BART Train Control Renovation
- 3 BART Transbay Core Capacity Improvements
- 4 BART: BART/MUNI Direct Connection Platform
- 5 BART: Embarcadero Station New North-Side Platform Elevator
- 6 BART: Fare Collection Equipment
- 7 BART: Rail, Way and Structures Program
- 8 BART: Railcar Procurement Program
- 9 BART: Traction Power System Renovation
- **10** BART: ADA Paratransit Capital Accessibility Improve
- **11** BATA: Toll Bridge Maintenance
- 12 BATA: Toll Bridge Rehabilitation Program
- 13 Caltrain: Electrification
- 14 GGBHTD: Golden Gate Bridge-Suicide Deterrent Safety Barrier
- **15** GGBHTD: Golden Gate Bridge Seismic Retrofit, Phase 3B
- 16 MTC: Bay Bridge Forward-Sterling/Bryant St Managed Lane
- 17 Port of SF: Cargo Way and Amador Street Improvements
- 18 Port of SF: Mission Bay Ferry Terminal
- **19** Port of SF: Pier 70 19th Street & Illinois Street Sidewalk
- 20 SFCTA: Construct Treasure Island Bus Terminal Facility
- 21 SFCTA: Oakdale Caltrain Station
- 22 SFCTA: Quint-Jerrold Connector Road
- 23 SFCTA: SB I-280 Off-Ramp at Ocean Ave Realignment
- 24 SFCTA: SF Downtown Congestion Pricing
- 25 SFCTA: Treasure Island Congestion Pricing Program
- 26 SFCTA: Treasure Island/Yerba Buena Island Street Improvements
- 27 SFCTA: US 101 Doyle Drive Replacement
- 28 SFDPW: Better Market Street Transportation Elements
- 29 SFDPW: HOPE SF Street Network-Hunters View
- **30** SFDPW: HOPE SF Street Network-Sunnydale and Potrero
- 31 SFDPW: Hunters Pt Shipyard and Candlestick Pt Local Roads
- 32 SFDPW: John Yehall Chin Safe Routes to School
- 33 SFMTA: Cable Car Traction Power & Guideway Rehab
- 34 SFMTA: Geary Bus Rapid Transit
- 35 SFMTA: Geneva Harney BRT Infrastructure: Central Segment
- 36 SFMTA: Geneva Harney BRT Infrastructure: Eastern Segment
- 37 SFMTA: Historic Streetcar Extension to Fort Mason
- 38 SFMTA: Powell Street Safety Project

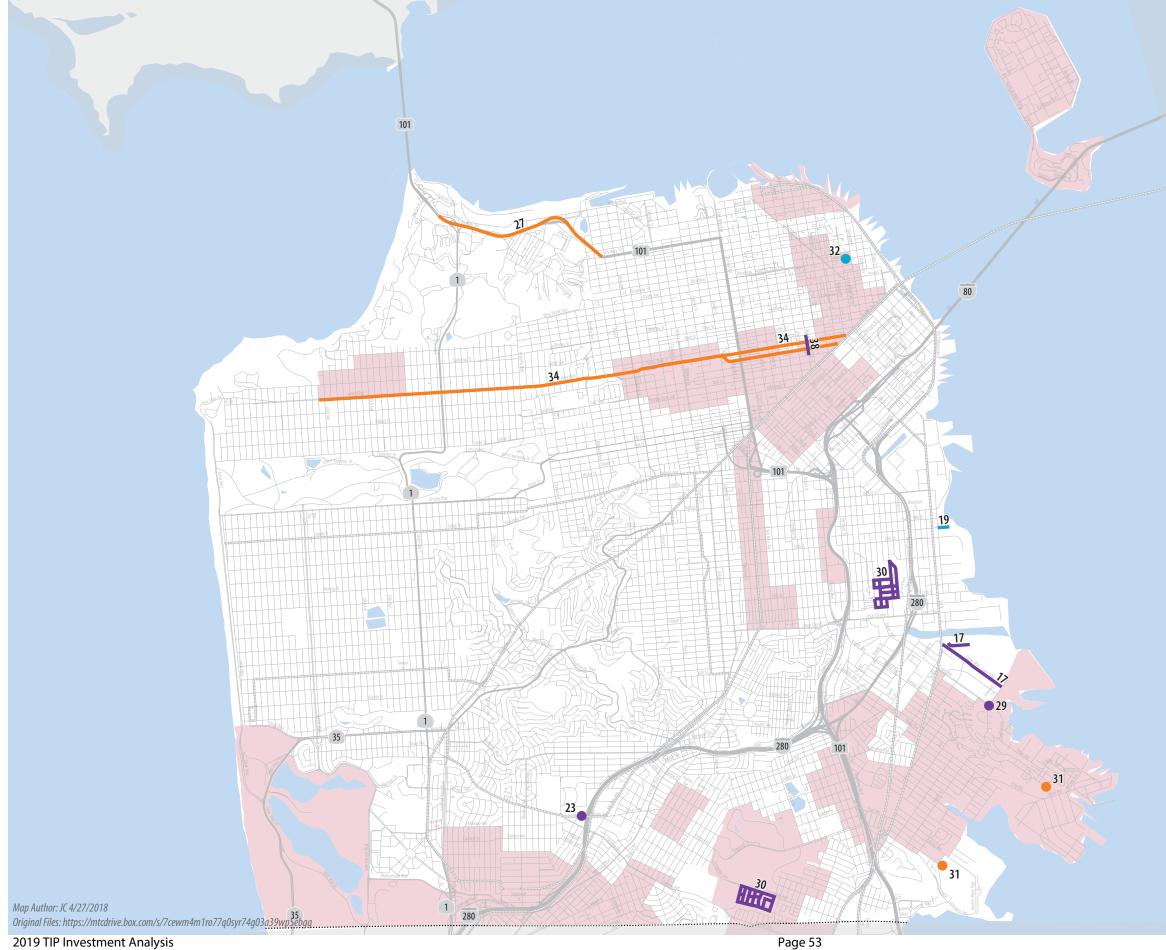
- **39** SFMTA: Transit Center in Hunters Point
- 40 TBJPA: Transbay Terminal/Caltrain Downtown Ext: Phase 2
- 41 WETA: SF Ferry Terminal/Berthing Facilities

NOT MAPPED

MTC: Bay Bridge Forward - Casual Carpool MTC: Bay Bridge Forward - Integrated Bridge Corridor MTC: Bay Bridge Forward-Sterling/Bryant St Managed Lane MTC: Regional Planning Activities and PPM - San Francisco County SFCTA: Treasure Island Pricing Mobility Improvements SFDPH: SF Safe Routes to School 2017-2019 SFMTA: 40' Motor Coach Mid-Life Overhaul SFMTA: 60' Motor Coach Mid-Life Overhaul SFMTA: ADA Paratransit Operating Support SFMTA: Additional Light Rail Vehicles to Expand Muni Rail SFMTA: Cable Car Vehicle Renovation Program SFMTA: Farebox Replacement SFMTA: Muni Rail Replacement Program SFMTA: Overhead Line Reconstruction & Traction Power Program SFMTA: Paratransit Vehicle Replacements SFMTA: Rehabilitate Historic Streetcars SFMTA: Replace (35) Paratransit Cutaway Vans SFMTA: Replacement of 30' Motor Coaches SFMTA: Safe Routes to School Non-Infrastrure Program SFMTA: Station-area Pedestrian and Bike Access Improvements SFMTA: Train Control & Trolley Signal Rehabiliation/Replacement SFMTA: Wayside Fare Collection Equipment TBJPA: Transbay Transit Center - TIFIA Loan Debt Service WETA: Ferry Major Component Rehabilitation/Replacement WETA: Fixed Guideway Connectors WETA: Replace Ferry Vessels

2019 TIP Investment Analysis

2019 TIP Investment Analysis San Francisco County: Healthy and Safe Communities Projects





Safety Project

Safety and Active Transportation Project MTC Community of Concern (ACS 2012-2016)

Note: maps include only mappable projects. For non-mappable projects, refer to county project lists.

September 26, 2018

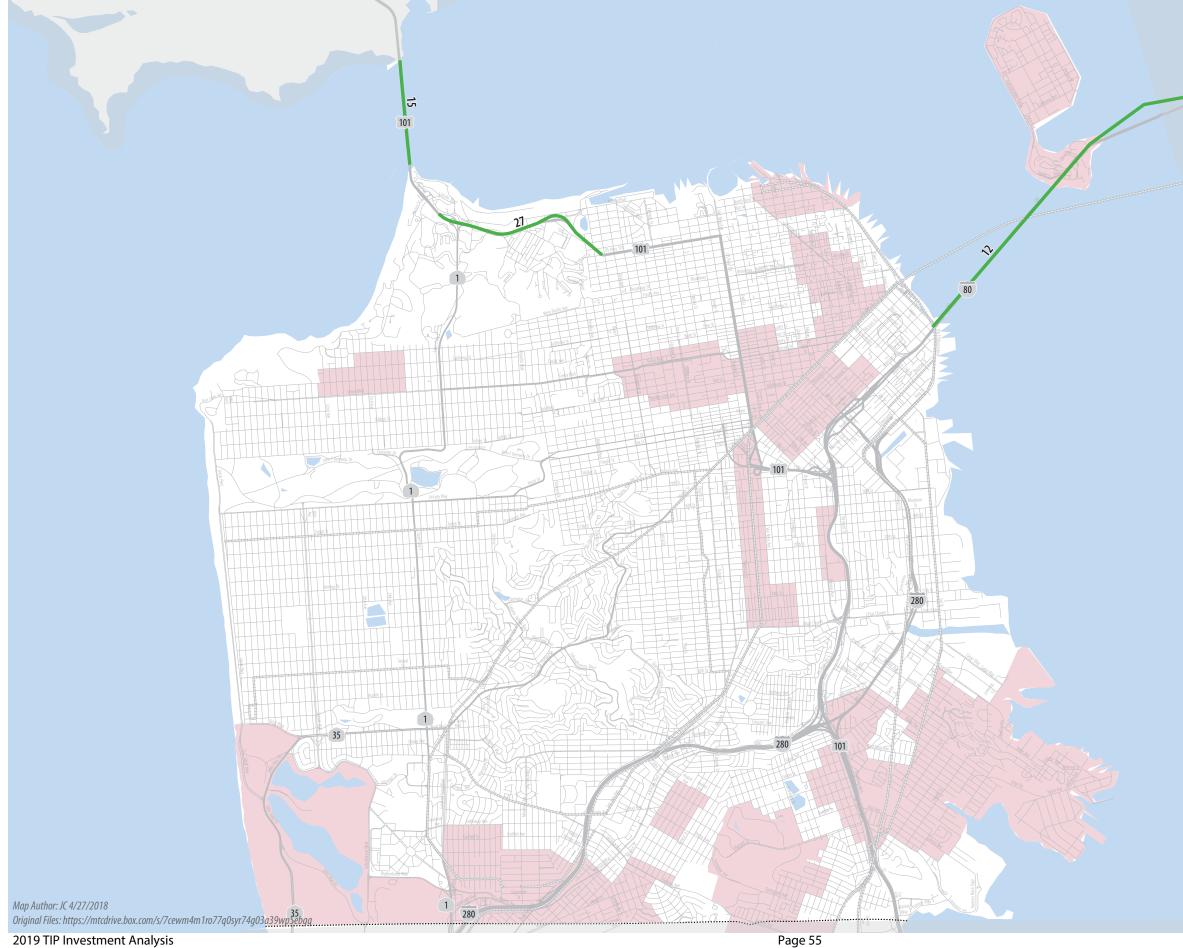
2019 TIP Investment Analysis San Francisco County: Economic Vitality Projects





2019 TIP Investment Analysis

San Francisco County: Transportation System Effectiveness-Pavement and Bridge Condition Projects



2019 TIP Investment Analysis

Rehabilitation Project

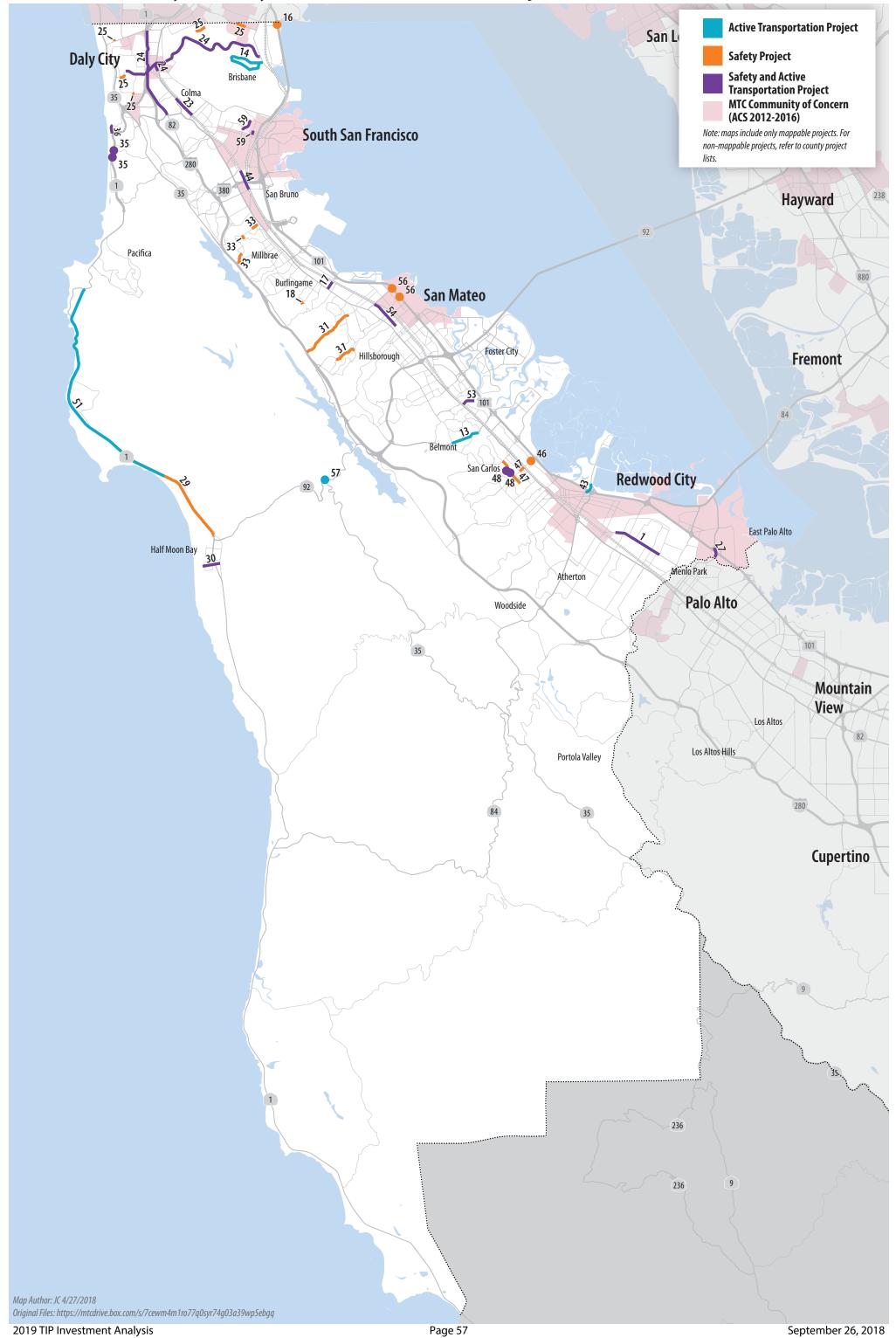
MTC Community of Concern (ACS 2012-2016)

Note: maps include only mappable projects. For non-mappable projects, refer to county project lists.

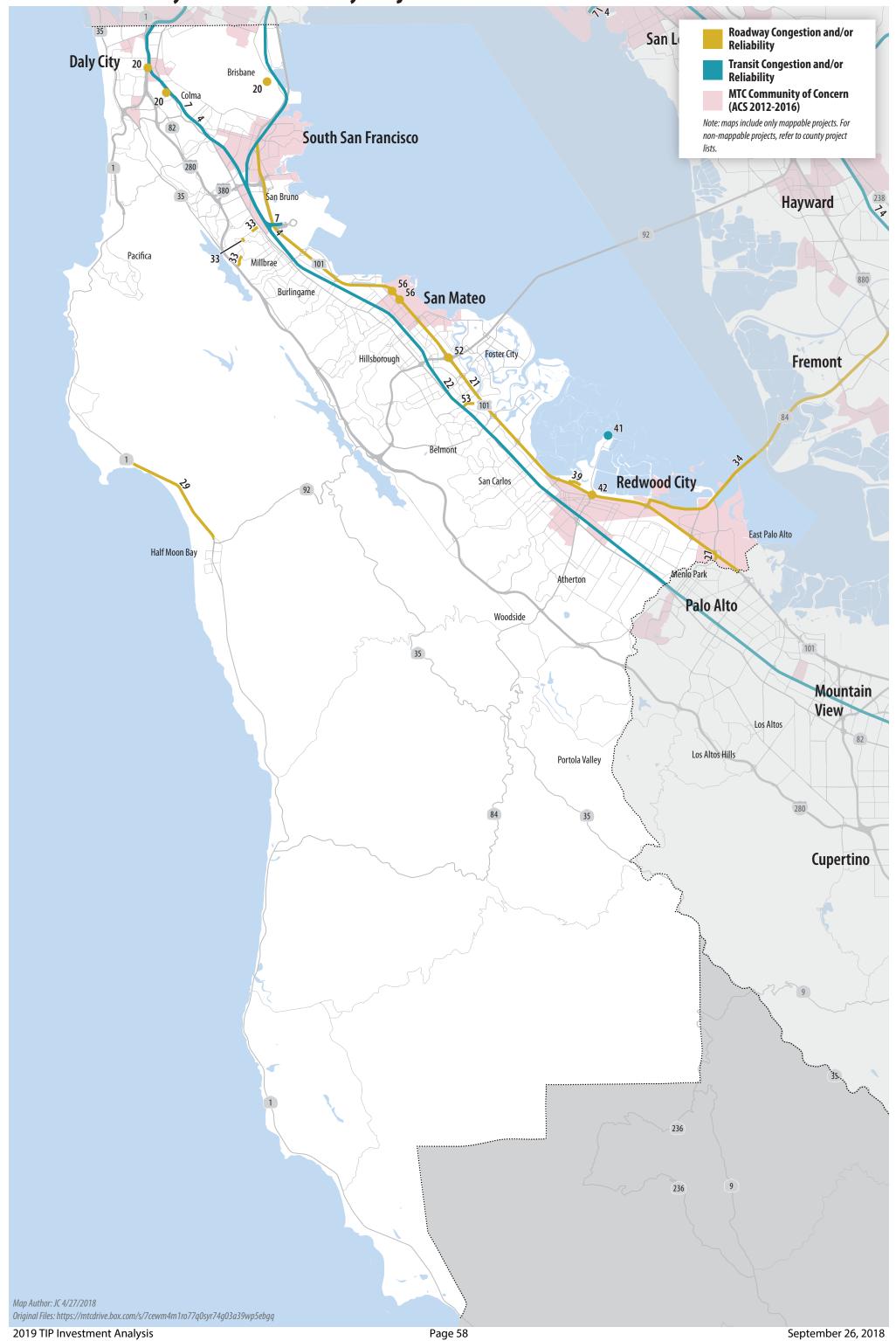
2019 TIP Investment Analysis San Mateo County Project List

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1	Atherton: Middlefield Road Class II Bike Lanes	38	Portola Valley: Street Preservation
2	BART Car Exchange (Preventive Maintenance)	39	Redwood City: Blomquist Street Extension
3	BART Train Control Renovation	40	Redwood City: Pavement Preservation
4	BART Transbay Core Capacity Improvements	41	Redwood City: Redwood City Ferry Service
5	BART: Fare Collection Equipment	42	Redwood City: US 101/Woodside Interchange Improvement
6	BART: Rail, Way and Structures Program	43	Redwood City: US 101/Woodside Road Class 1 Bikeway
7	BART: Railcar Procurement Program	44	San Bruno: Huntington Transit Corridor Bike/Ped Improvements
8	BART: Traction Power System Renovation	45	San Bruno: Street Rehabilitation
9	BART:ADA Paratransit Capital Accessibility Improve	46	San Carlos: Brittan Ave Widening
10	BATA: Toll Bridge Maintenance	47	San Carlos: Cedar and Brittan Ave Pavement Rehab
11	BATA: Toll Bridge Rehabilitation Program	48	San Carlos: Ped Enhancements Arroyo/Cedar & Hemlock/Orange
12	Belmont: Pavement Preservation	49	San Mateo County: Canada Road and Edgewood Road Resurfacing
13	Belmont: Ralston Avenue Corridor Segment 3	50	San Mateo County: Countywide Pavement Maintenance
14	Brisbane: Crocker Trail Commuter Connectivity Upgrades	51	San Mateo County: Hwy 1 Congestion Throughput and Safety Improvement
15	Brisbane: Tunnel Ave Rehabilitation	52	San Mateo: Improve US 101 Operations near SR-92
16	Brisbane: US 101/Candlestick Interchange	53	San Mateo: Laurie Meadows Ped/Bike Safety Improvements
17	Burlingame: Broadway PDA Lighting Improvements	54	San Mateo: North San Mateo Drive Sustainable Streets
18	Burlingame: Hoover School Area Sidewalk Impvts (Summit Dr.)	55	San Mateo: Street Rehabilitation
19	Burlingame: Street Resurfacing	56	San Mateo: US 101/Peninsula Avenue Interchange Improvements
20	C/CAG: ITS Improvements in San Mateo County Northern Citi	57	SFPUC: Southern Skyline Blvd. Ridge Trail Extension
21	C/CAG: US 101 Managed Lanes Santa Clara Co-S of Grand Ave	58	South San Francisco: Grand Boulevard (Phase III)
22	Caltrain: Electrification	59	South San Francisco: Linden/Spruce Ave Traffic Calming Improvements
23	Colma: Mission Road Bike/Ped Improvements	60	South San Francisco: Pavement Rehabilitation
24	Daly City: Central Corridor Bike/Ped Safety Imprmnt	61	South San Francisco: US 101/Produce Avenue Interchange
25	Daly City: Pavement Preservation		
26	East Palo Alto: Citywide Street Resurfacing		NOT MAPPED
27	East Palo Alto: US 101/University Ave Interchange Improvements		C/CAG: San Mateo Countywide ITS Improvements
28	Foster City: Pavement Rehabilitation		Caltrain: Systemwide Track Rehabilitation & Related Structures
29	Half Moon Bay: Hwy 1 Improvements		MTC: Regional Planning Activities and PPM - San Mateo County
30	Half Moon Bay: Poplar Complete Streets		Pacifica: Citywide Curb Ramps
31	Hillsborough: Street Resurfacing		SamTrans: ADA Paratransit Operating Subsidy
32	Menlo Park: Santa Cruz and Middle Avenues Rehab		SamTrans: Express Bus Service
33	Millbrae: Street Rehabilitation		SamTrans: Purchase of Replacement Minivans
34	MTC: Freeway Performance Program-SR-84		SamTrans: Replacement of Cutaway Buses
35	Pacifica: Manor Drive Overcrossing and Milagra On Ramp		
36	Pacifica: Palmetto Sidewalk Extension		
37	Pacifica: Pavement Rehabilitation		
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2019 TIP Investment Analysis San Mateo County: Healthy and Safe Communities Projects

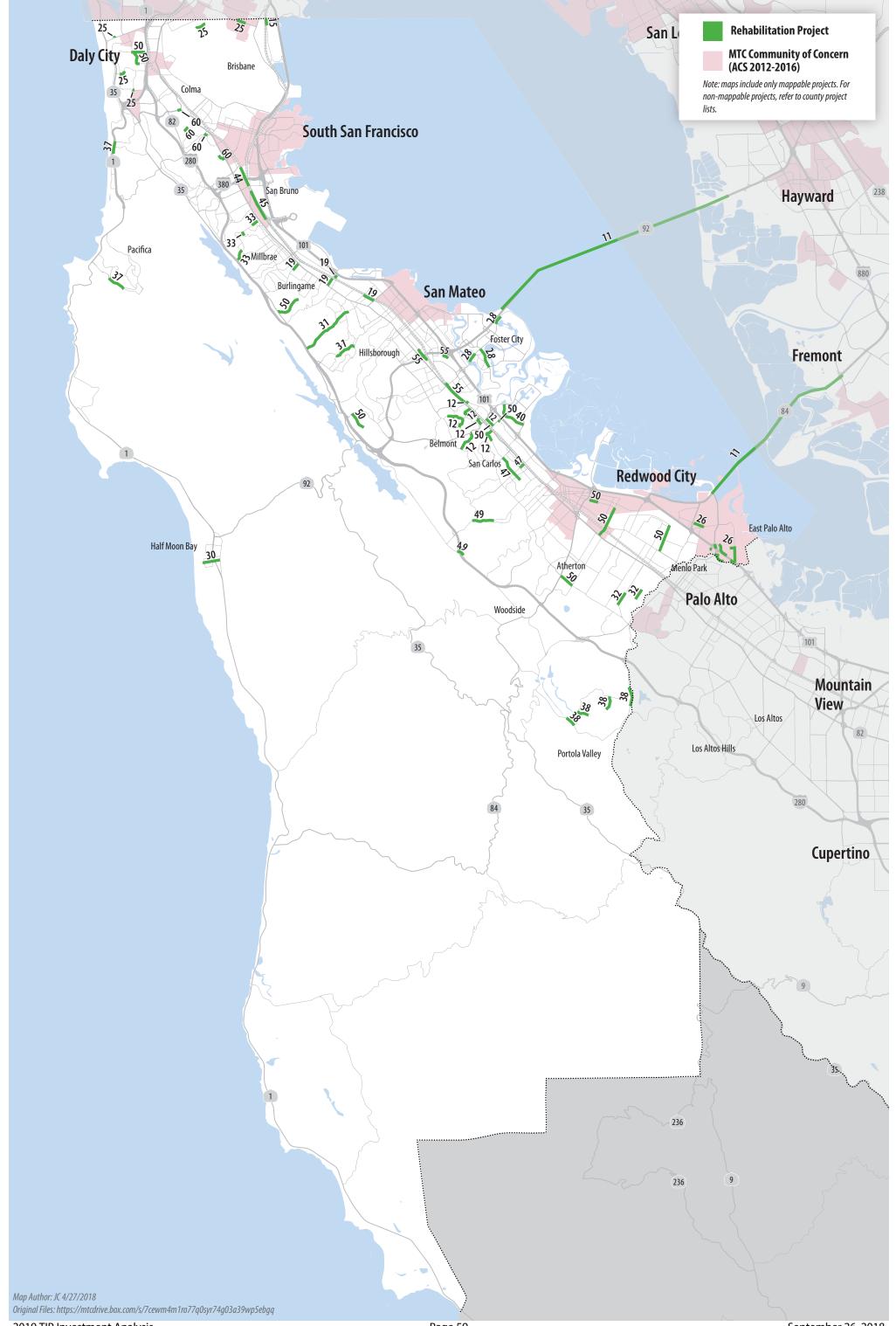


2019 TIP Investment Analysis San Mateo County: Economic Vitality Projects



2019 TIP Investment Analysis

San Mateo County: Transportation System Effectiveness-Pavement and Bridge Condition Projects



2019 TIP Investment Analysis

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2019 TIP Investment Analysis Santa Clara County Project List

- 1 BART Car Exchange (Preventive Maintenance) 39 **BART Train Control Renovation** 2 40 3 BART Transbay Core Capacity Improvements 41 4 BART: Berryessa to San Jose Extension 42 **BART: Fare Collection Equipment** 43 5 6 BART: Rail, Way and Structures Program 44 7 **BART: Railcar Procurement Program** 45 **BART: Traction Power System Renovation** 8 46 BART: ADA Paratransit Capital Accessibility Improve 47 9 10 Caltrain: Electrification 48 11 Caltrans: Oakland to San Jose Double Track (Segment 2A) 49 12 Campbell: Eden Avenue Sidewalk Improvements 50 Campbell: Winchester Blvd Overlay 51 13 14 **Cupertino: Pavement Maintenance Phase 2** 52 15 53 Gilroy: Downtown Monterey Road Rehabilitation Los Altos: Fremont Ave Preservation 54 16 17 Los Altos: Miramonte Ave Bike Ped Access Improvements 55 Los Gatos: Los Gatos Creek Trail to Hwy 9 Trailhead Connector 18 56 19 Milpitas: Street Resurfacing 57 Morgan Hill: Dunne Avenue Pavement Rehabilitation 58 20 21 Mountain View: West Middlefield Road Improvements 59 22 MTC: Freeway Performance Program-I-880 Corridor 60 23 Palo Alto: Adobe Creek/US-101 Bicycle Pedestrian Bridge 61 24 Palo Alto: El Camino Real Ped Safety & Streetscape 62 25 Palo Alto: Street Resurfacing 63 26 Palo Alto: Waverley, E. Meadow & Fabian Enhanced Bikeways 64 27 San Jose: Bay Trail Reach 9 & 9B 65 28 San Jose: Better Bikeways 66 29 San Jose: Coyote Creek Trail (Hwy 237-Story Rd) 67 30 San Jose: East Side Alum Rock (East of 680) Urban Village 68 69 31 San Jose: McKee Road Safety Improvements 32 San Jose: Mt Pleasant Ped & Bike Traffic Safety Improvements 70 33 San Jose: Pavement Maintenance 71 34 San Jose: Tully Road Safety Improvements 72 73 35 San Jose: W San Carlos Urban Village Streets Improvements Santa Clara County: Capitol Expressway Pavement Rehabilitation 74 36 75 37 Santa Clara County: McKean Rd Pavement Rehabilitation 38 Santa Clara County: Uvas Road Pavement Rehabilitation
- Santa Clara: Hetch-Hetchy Trail Phase 1 Santa Clara: Montague Expwy Widening-Trade Zone-I-680 Santa Clara: San Tomas Aquino Creek Trail Underpass Santa Clara: Saratoga Creek Trail Phase 1 Santa Clara: Streets and Roads Preservation Saratoga: Prospect Rd Complete Streets Saratoga: Saratoga Village Crosswalks and Sidewalk Rehab Sunnyvale: Bernardo Avenue Bicycle Underpass Sunnyvale: East Sunnyvale Area Sense of Place Sunnyvale: Fair Oaks Avenue Bikeway-Phase 2 Sunnyvale: Homestead Rd at Homestead High School Improvements Sunnyvale: Java Dr Road Diet and Bike Lanes Sunnyvale: Lawerence Station Area Sidewalks & Bike Facilities Sunnyvale: Ped and Bike Infrastructure Improvements Sunnyvale: Peery Park Sense of Place Improvements Sunnyvale: Safe Routes to School Improvements Sunnyvale: SNAIL Neighborhood Improvements VTA: Calaveras Boulevard Widening VTA: Eastridge to BART Regional Connector VTA: I-280 HOV-San Mateo County line to Magdalena Ave VTA: I-280 NB Braided Ramps btw Foothill Expwy & SR 85 VTA: I-280 Soundwalls-Bird Avenue to Los Gatos Creek VTA: I-280/Foothill Expressway Off Ramp Improvement VTA: I-280/Saratoga Avenue Interchange Improvement VTA: I-280/Winchester Study VTA: I-280/Wolfe Road Interchange Improvement VTA: I-680 Soundwalls-Capitol Expwy to Mueller Ave VTA: I-680/ Alum Rock/ McKee Road Interchange Improvements VTA: Montague Expy Ped Bridge at Milpitas BART VTA: New SR-152 Alignment Study VTA: SR-17 Corridor Congestion Relief in Los Gatos VTA: SR-237 WB Auxiliary Lane from McCarthy to North 1st VTA: SR-237/US 101/Mathilda Interchange Modifications VTA: SR-85 Express Lanes VTA: US-101/Buena Vista Avenue Interchange Improvement VTA: US-101/De L Cruz Blvd-Trimble Road I/C Imp VTA: US-101/San Antonio Rd/Charleston/Rengstorff Improvements
 - 76 VTA: US-101/SR 25 Interchange-Phase 1

2019 TIP Investment Analysis Santa Clara County Project List

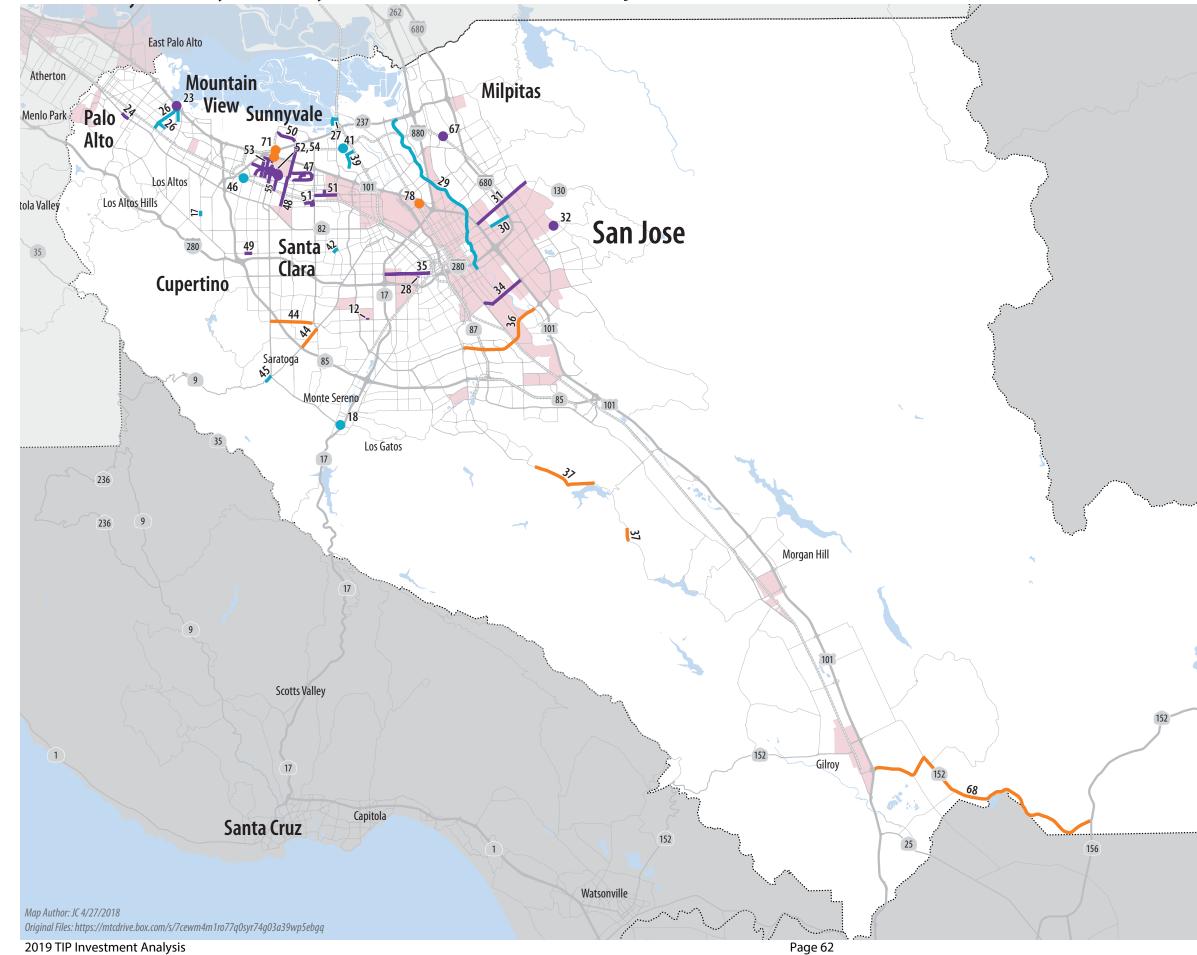
77 VTA: US 101 Express Lanes

78 VTA: US 101/Zanker Road-Skyport Drive-N. Fourth St. Improvements

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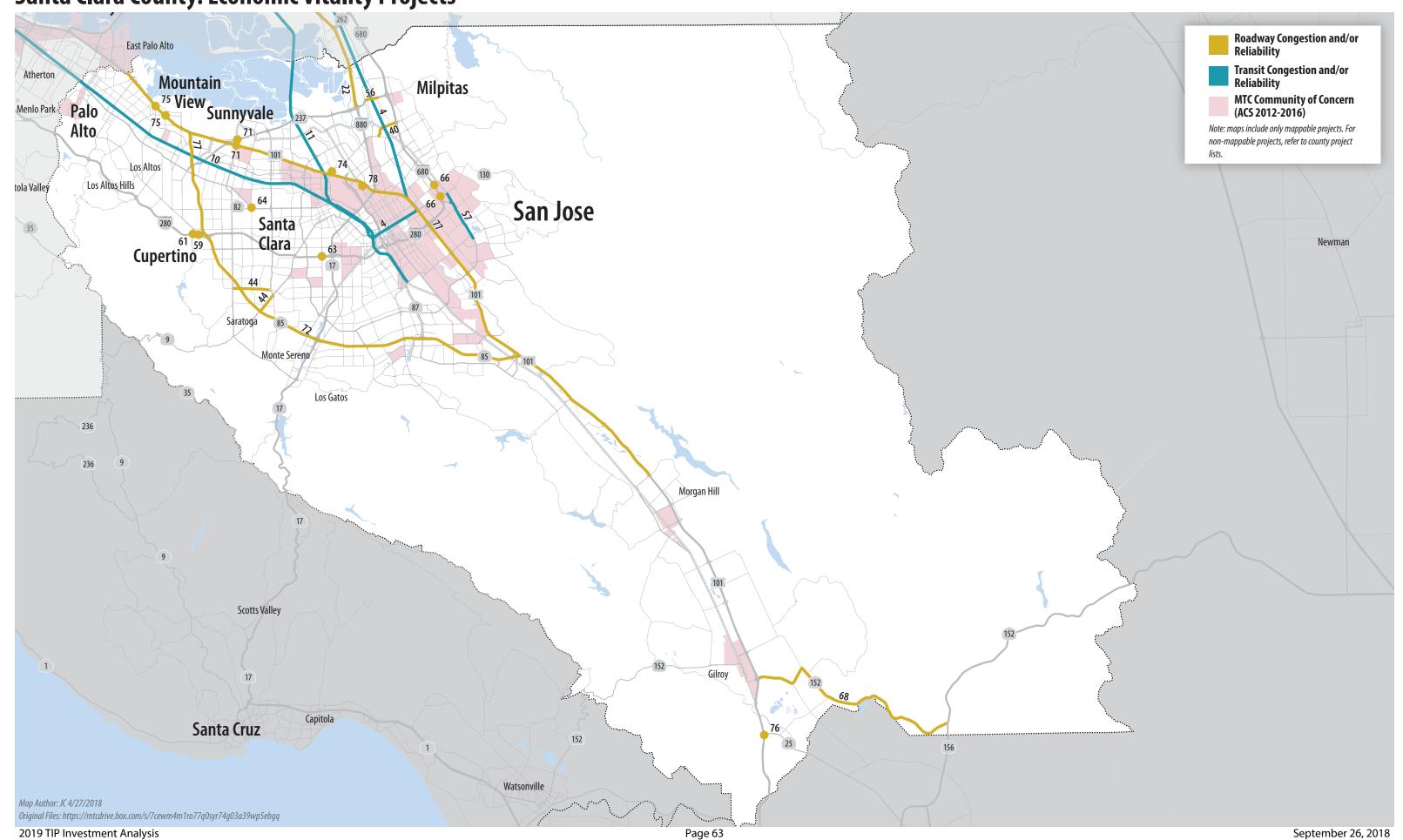
Caltrain: Systemwide Track Rehabilitation & Related Structures MTC: Regional Planning Activities and PPM - Santa Clara County Palo Alto: Bay Area Fair Value Commuting Mobility on Demand Sandbox Palo Alto: North Ventura Coordinated Area Plan San Jose: Downtown Mobility Streetscape and Public Life Plan San Jose: East San Jose Bikeways Santa Clara: School Access Improvements Sunnyvale: Traffic Signal Upgrades/Replacements VTA: ADA Operating Set-Aside VTA: Highway Transp Operations System/FPI Phases 1 & 2 VTA: IDEA Category 2 Improvements VTA: Light Rail Track Crossovers and Switches VTA: Non-Revenue Vehicle Procurement VTA: Overhead Catenary Syst. Rehabilitation & Replacement VTA: Paratransit Vehicle Procurement VTA: Rail Replacement Program VTA: Rail Substation Rehab/Replacement VTA: Standard & Small Bus Replacement VTA: Systemwide Security Improvements

2019 TIP Investment Analysis Santa Clara County: Healthy and Safe Communities Projects



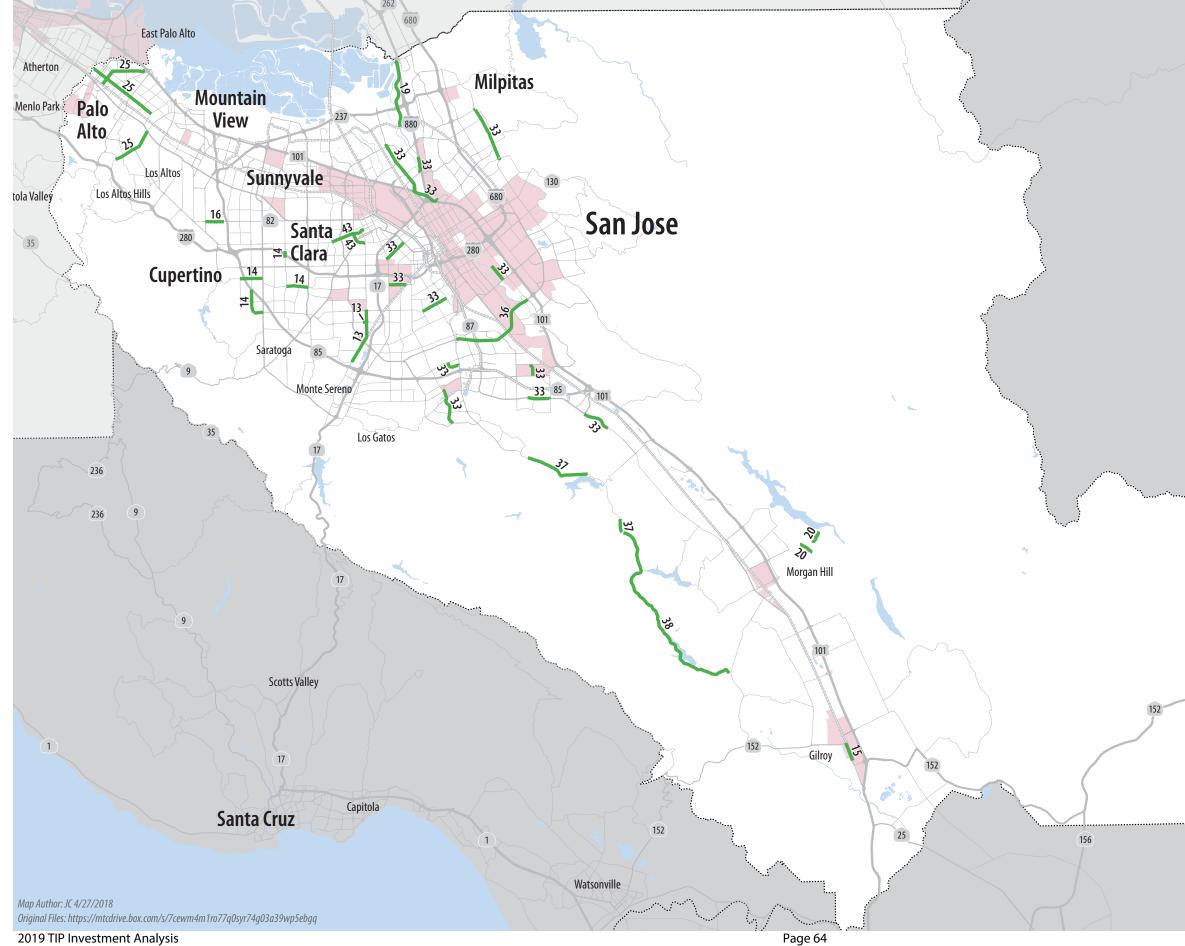


2019 TIP Investment Analysis Santa Clara County: Economic Vitality Projects



2019 TIP Investment Analysis

Santa Clara County: Transportation System Effectiveness-Pavement and Bridge Condtion Projects



2019 TIP Investment Analysis

Rehabilitation Project

MTC Community of Concern (ACS 2012-2016)

Newman

Note: maps include only mappable projects. For non-mappable projects, refer to county project lists.

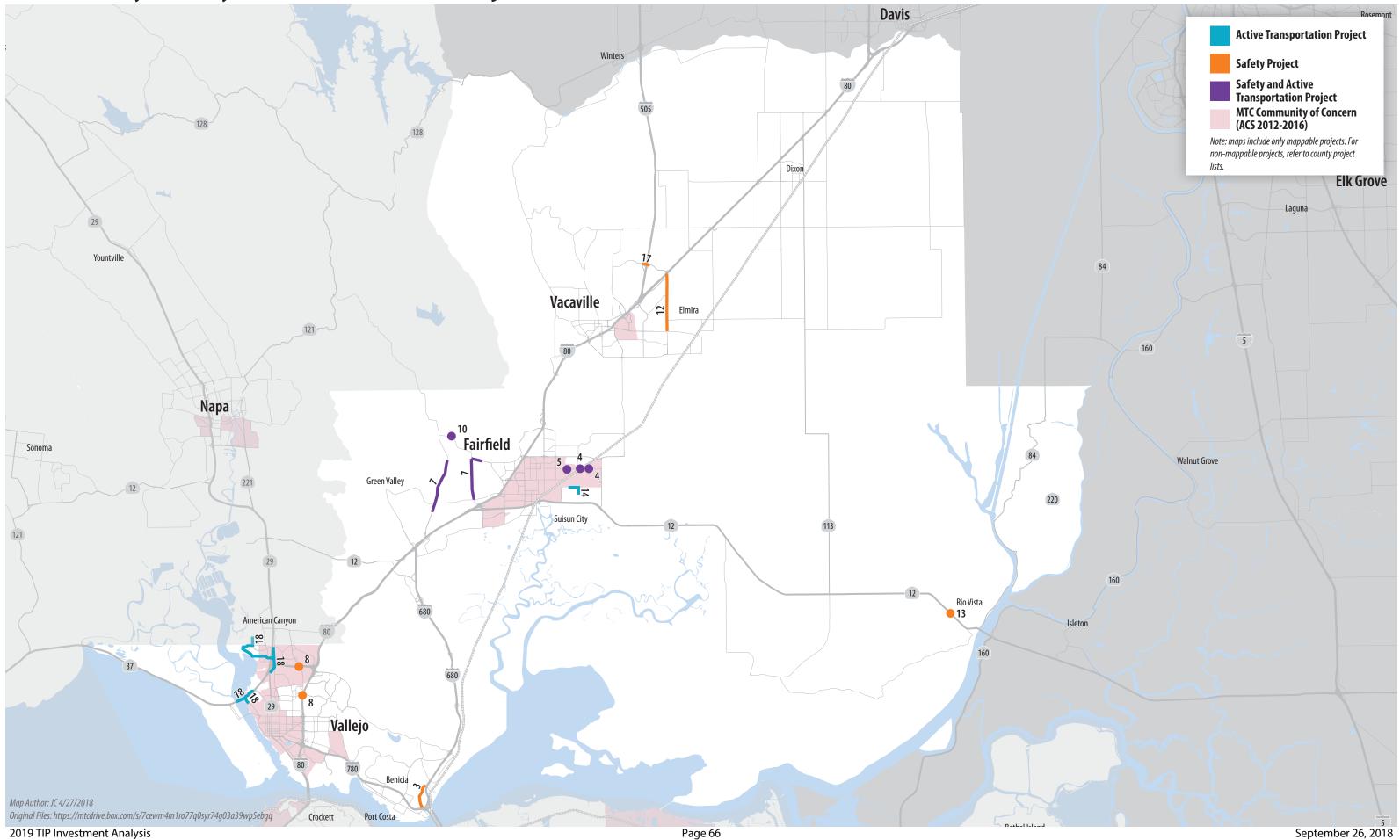
2019 TIP Investment Analysis Solano County Project List

- **1** BATA: Toll Bridge Maintenance
- 2 BATA: Toll Bridge Rehabilitation Program
- **3** Benicia: Park Road Improvements
- 4 Fairfield: East Tabor Tolenas SR2S Sidewalk Gap Closure
- 5 Fairfield: Grange Middle School Safe Routes to School
- 6 MTC: I-80 Express Lanes-Fairfield & Vacaville Ph I&II
- 7 Solano County: Farm to Market Phase 3
- 8 Solano County: Redwood-Fairgrounds Dr Interchange Improvements
- 9 Solano County: Roadway Preservation
- 10 Solano County: Suisun Vallley Bicycle and Pedestrian Improvements
- 11 STA: I-80/I-680/SR-12 Interchange Project
- 12 STA: Jepson-Leisure Town Road (Phase 1B and 1C)
- 13 STA: SR-12/Church Rd Intersection Improvements
- 14 Suisun City: McCoy Creek Trail-Phase 2
- 15 Suisun City: New Railroad Avenue Pavement Rehabilitation
- 16 Vacaville: Pavement Preservation
- 17 Vacaville: Vaca Valley/I-505 Multimodal Improvements
- 18 Vallejo: Bay Trail/Vine Trail Gap Closure

NOT MAPPED

Fairfield: Operating Assistance Fairfield-Suisun: Intercity/Local Bus Replacement MTC: Regional Planning Activities and PPM - Solano County SolTrans: ADA Paratransit Operating Subsidy SolTrans: Bus Replacement (Alternative Fuel) SolTrans: Operating Assistance SolTrans: Preventive Maintenance STA: Safe Routes to School Infrastructure & Non-Infrastructure STA: Solano Mobility Call Center STA: Solano Safe Routes to School Program Vacaville Transit: Operating Assistance

2019 TIP Investment Analysis Solano County: Healthy and Safe Communities Projects



2019 TIP Investment Analysis

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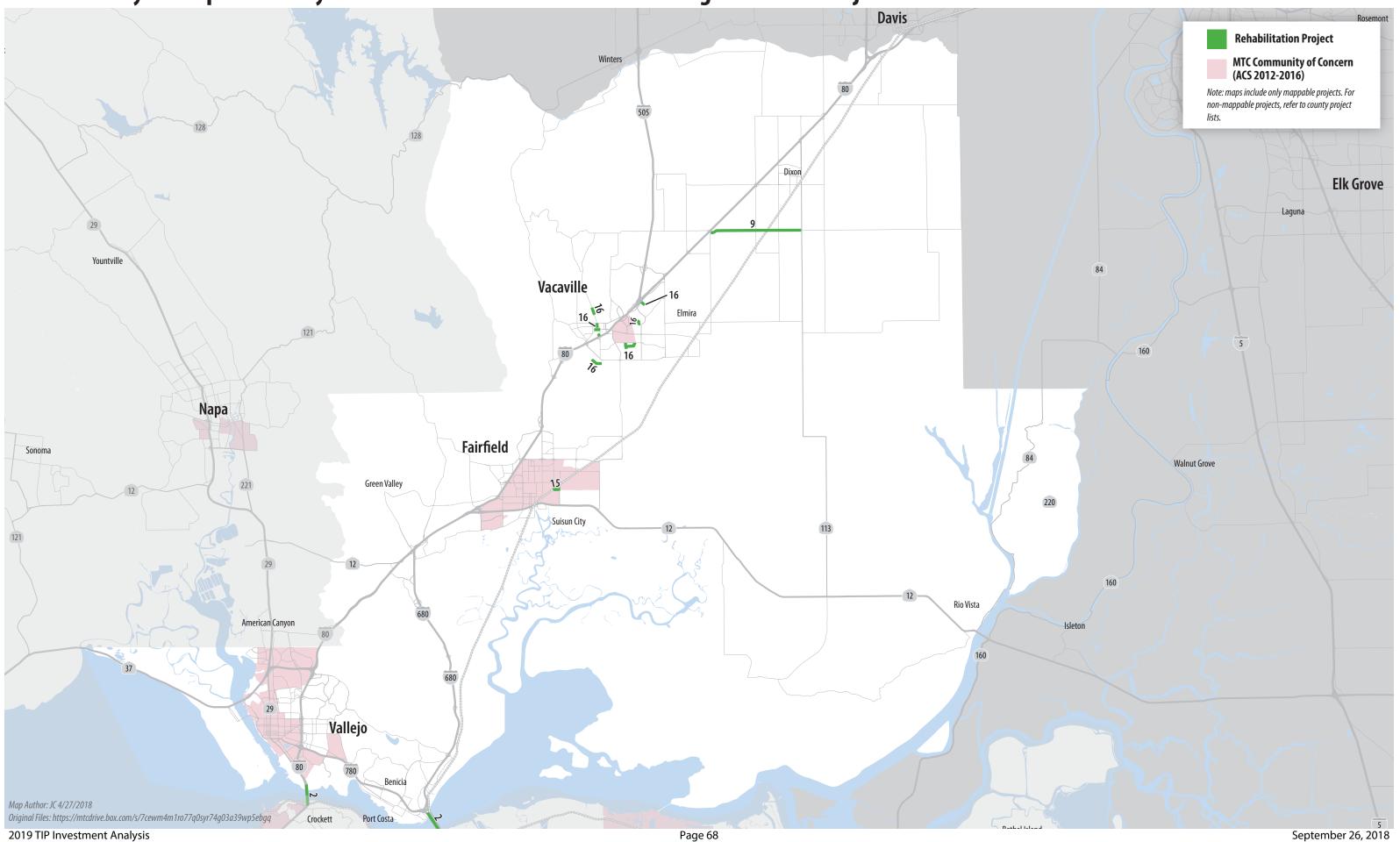
2019 TIP Investment Analysis Solano County: Economic Vitality Projects



September 26, 2018

2019 TIP Investment Analysis

Solano County: Transportation System Effectiveness-Pavement and Bridge Condtion Projects



2019 TIP Investment Analysis

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2019 TIP Investment Analysis Sonoma County Project List

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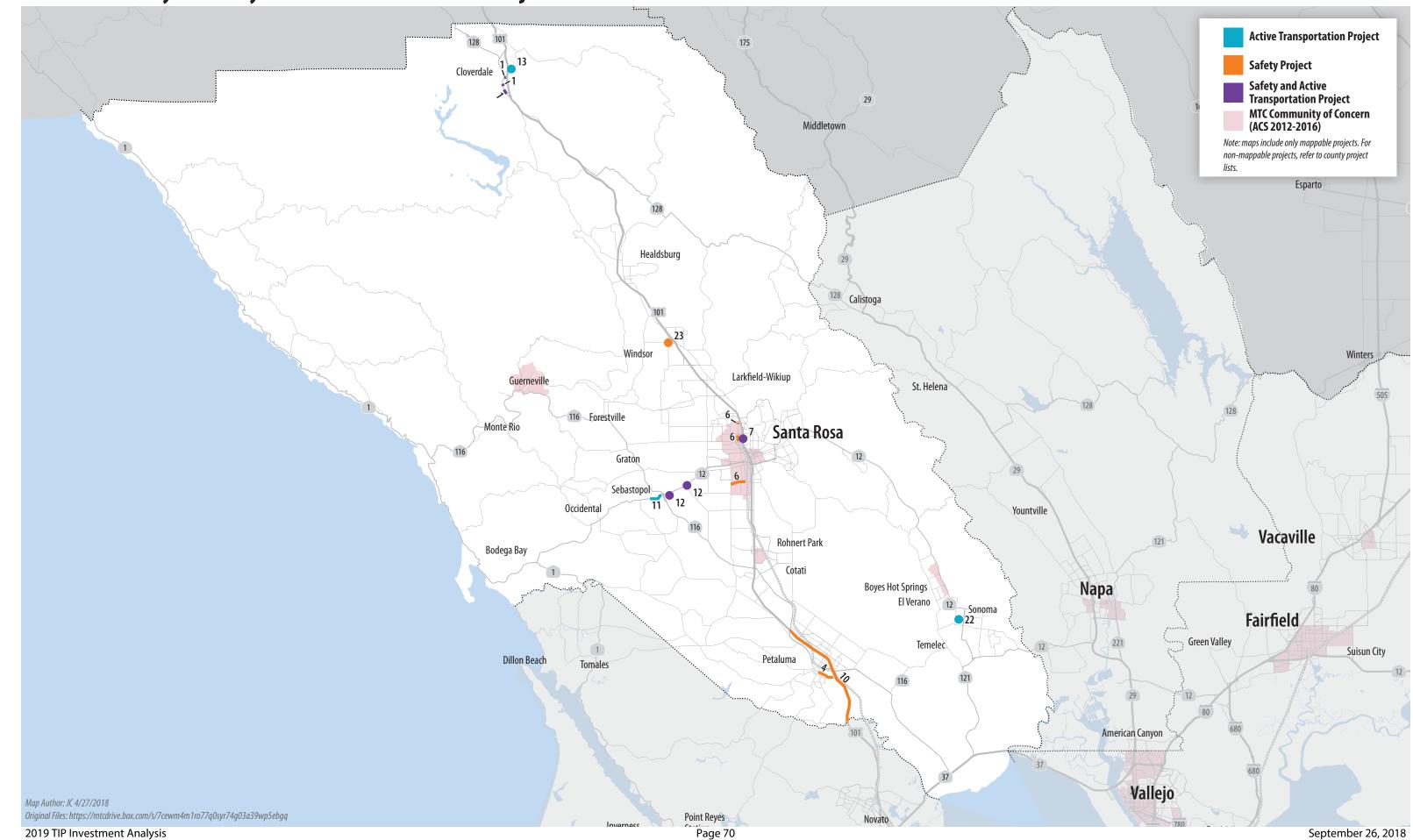
20 21

- Cloverdale: Safe Routes to School Phase 2 Cotati: E. Cotati Avenue Street Rehabilitation Project Healdsburg: Healdsburg Avenue Complete Streets Improvements Petaluma: Petaluma Blvd South Road Diet at E Street **Rohnert Park: Various Streets Rehabilitation** Santa Rosa: Pavement Rehab of Various Streets Santa Rosa: US-101 Bicycle and Pedestrian Bridge Santa Rosa: US-101 Hearn Ave Interchange SCTA: SR-116/SR-121 Intersection Improvement Project SCTA: US-101 Marin/Sonoma Narrows (Sonoma) Sebastopol: Bodega Avenue Bike Lanes and Pavement Rehab Sonoma County Regional Park: Joe Rodota Trail Bridge Replacement Sonoma County: Crocker Bridge Bike and Pedestrian Passage Sonoma County: Rehab King Ridge Bridge over Austin Creek Sonoma County: Rehabilitaiton of Various Roads Sonoma County: Replace Chalk Hill Bridge over Maacama Creek Sonoma County: Replace Freestone Flat Bridge over Salmon Creek Sonoma County: Replace Geysers Bridge over Sulpher Creek Sonoma County: Replace Lambert Bridge over Dry Creek Sonoma County: Replace West Dry Creek Bridge over Pena Creek Sonoma County: River Road Pavement Rehab
- 22 Sonoma: Fryer Creek Pedestrian and Bicycle Bridge
- 23 Windsor: Windsor River Road/Windsor Road Intersection

NOT MAPPED

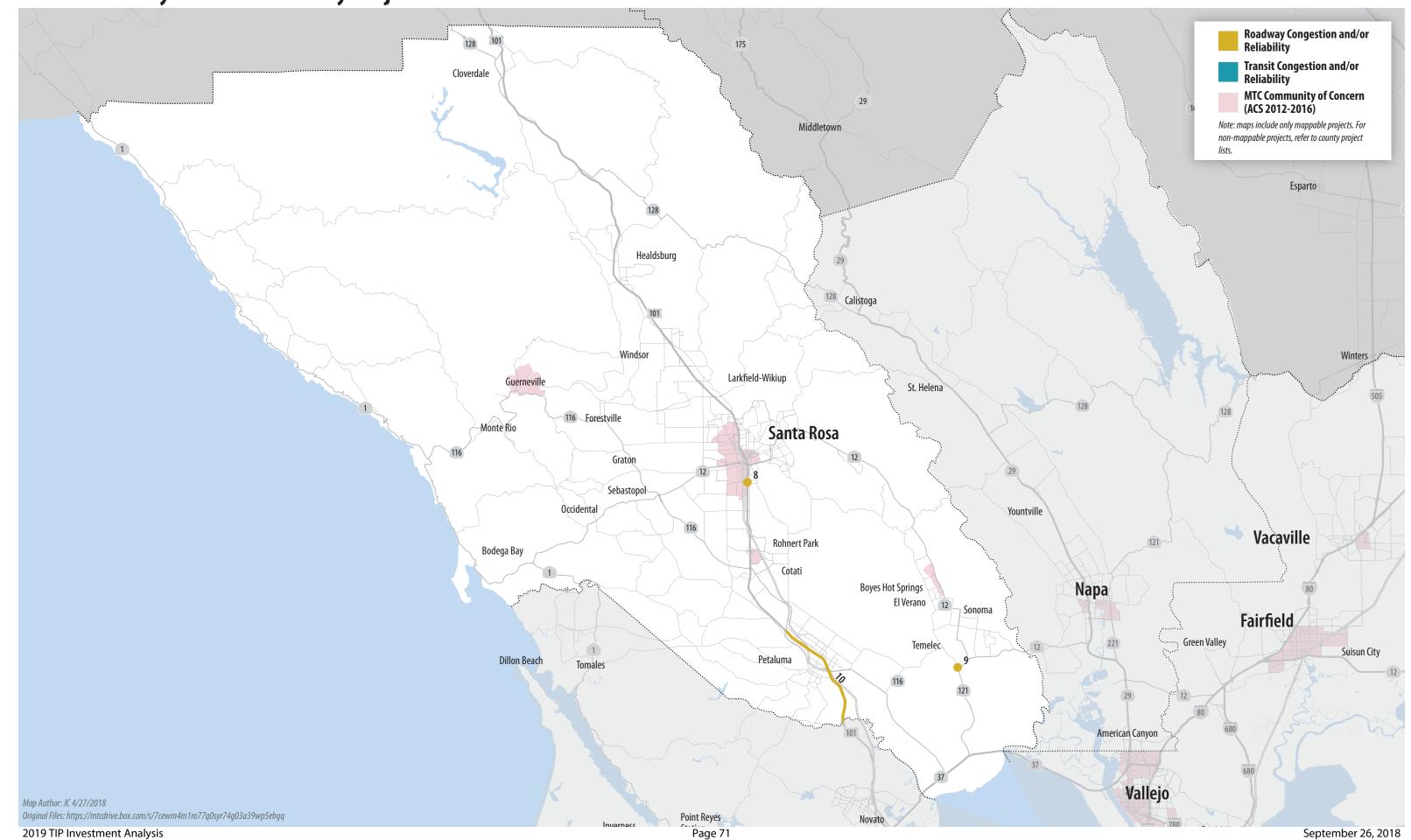
MTC: Regional Planning Activities and PPM - Sonoma County Santa Rosa CityBus: Electric Bus Replacement Santa Rosa CityBus: Operating Assistance Santa Rosa CityBus: Paratransit Operations Santa Rosa CityBus: Preventative Maintenance SantaRosa CityBus: Bus Replacement Purchase Sonoma County Transit: Preventive Maintenance Program Sonoma County Transit: Replace 2006 CNG Buses Sonoma County Transit: Replace 2009 CNG Buses TAM/SCTA: Bike Share Capital Program (SMART Corridor in Marin and Sonoma Counties)

2019 TIP Investment Analysis Sonoma County: Healthy and Safe Communities Projects



September 26, 2018

2019 TIP Investment Analysis Sonoma County: Economic Vitality Projects



2019 TIP Investment Analysis **Alameda County Project List**

1	AC Transit: East Bay Bus Rapid Transit	39	BART: Traction Power System Renovation
2	AC Transit: San Pablo and Telegraph Ave Rapid Bus Upgrades	40	BART:ADA Paratransit Capital Accessibility Improve
3	ACE: Platform Extensions	41	BATA: Toll Bridge Maintenance
4	ACTC: 7th Street Grade Separation East	42	BATA: Toll Bridge Rehabilitation Program
5	ACTC: 7th Street Grade Separation West	43	Berkeley: John Muir Safe Routes to School
6	ACTC: East-West Connector in Fremont & Union City	44	Berkeley: Sacramento Street Complete Streets Improvements
7	ACTC: Freight Intelligent Transportation System (FITS)	45	Berkeley: Southside Complete Streets & Transit Improvement
8	ACTC: I-580/680 Interchange HOV/HOT Widening	46	Caltrans: Oakland to San Jose Double Track (Segment 2A)
9	ACTC: I-680 NB HOV/HOT Lane	47	Dublin: Dublin Blvd-North Canyons Pkwy Extension
10	ACTC: I-80 Gilman Interchange Reconfiguration	48	Dublin: Dublin Blvd Rehabilitation
11	ACTC: I-80/Ashby Avenue Interchange Improvements	49	Dublin: Dublin Boulevard widening
12	ACTC: I-880 NB HOV/HOT: North of Hacienda to Hegenberger	50	Dublin: I-580 Interchange Imps at Hacienda/Fallon Rd, Ph 2
13	ACTC: I-880/Industrial Parkway West Interchange	51	EBRPD: Doolittle Drive Bay Trail
14	ACTC: I-880/West Winton Avenue Interchange	52	Emeryville: Frontage Rd, 65th St and Powell St Pavement Maint
15	ACTC: I-880/Whipple Road Interchange Improvements	53	Emeryville: Greenway Crossing Improvements
16	ACTC: Oakland/Alameda Freeway Access Project	54	Fremont: Complete Streets Upgrade of Relinquished SR-84
17	ACTC: SR-262 (Mission Blvd) Improvements	55	Fremont: Pavement Rehabilitation
18	ACTC: SR-84 widening, South of Ruby Hills Dr to I-680	56	Fremont: Widen Kato Rd from Warren Ave to Milmont Dr
19	ACTC: Widen I-680 NB and SB for EL from SR-84 to Alcosta	57	Hayward: I-880 Auxiliary lanes at Industrial Parkway
20	Alameda County: Cherryland/Ashland/CastroValley/Fairview BikePed	58	Hayward: I-880/A Street Interchange Reconstruction
21	Alameda County: Crow Canyon Safety Improvements	59	Hayward: Main Street Complete Street
22	Alameda County: Estuary Bridges Seismic Retrofit and Repairs	60	Hayward: Rt 92/Clawiter/Whitesell Interchange Improvements
23	Alameda County: Fruitvale Ave Roadway Bridge Retrofit	61	Hayward: Winton Ave Complete Street
24	Alameda County: Niles Canyon Rd (SR-84)/Pleas-Sunol Rd I/C Imps	62	Livermore: Pavement Rehabilitation - MTS Routes
25	Alameda County: Various Streets and Roads Preservation	63	MTC: Bay Bridge Forward-Commuter Parking Initiative
26	Alameda County: Vasco Road Safety Improvements	64	MTC: Bay Bridge Forward-West Grand HOV/Bus Only Lane
27	Alameda: Central Avenue Safety Improvements	65	MTC: Bay Bridge Forward-West Grand TSP
28	Alameda: City-Wide Pavement Rehabilitation	66	MTC: Bay Bridge Park
29	Alameda: Clement Avenue Complete Streets	67	MTC: Bike Share Capital Program (Fremont)
30	Albany: San Pablo Ave & Buchanan St Pedestrian Improvements	68	MTC: Freeway Performance Program-I-880 Corridor
31	BART Car Exchange (Preventive Maintenance)	69	MTC: Freeway Performance Program-SR-84
32	BART Train Control Renovation	70	MTC: I-880 Integrated Corridor Management-Central
33	BART Transbay Core Capacity Improvements	71	MTC: Improved Bike/Ped Access to East Span of SFOBB
34	BART: 19th Street BART Station Modernization-GO Uptown	72	Newark: Thornton Avenue Pavement Rehabilitation
35	BART: Bay Fair Connection	73	Oakland: 14th St Safe Routes in the City
36	BART: Fare Collection Equipment	74	Oakland: 19th St BART to Lake Merritt Urban Greenway
37	BART: Rail, Way and Structures Program	75	Oakland: 35th Ave Bike/Ped Improvements
38	BART: Railcar Procurement Program	76	Oakland: 42nd Ave. & High St I-880 Access Improvements
36 37	BART: Fare Collection Equipment BART: Rail, Way and Structures Program	74 75	Oakland: 19th St BART to Lake Merritt Urban Greenway Oakland: 35th Ave Bike/Ped Improvements

2019 TIP Investment Analysis Alameda County Project List (Continued)

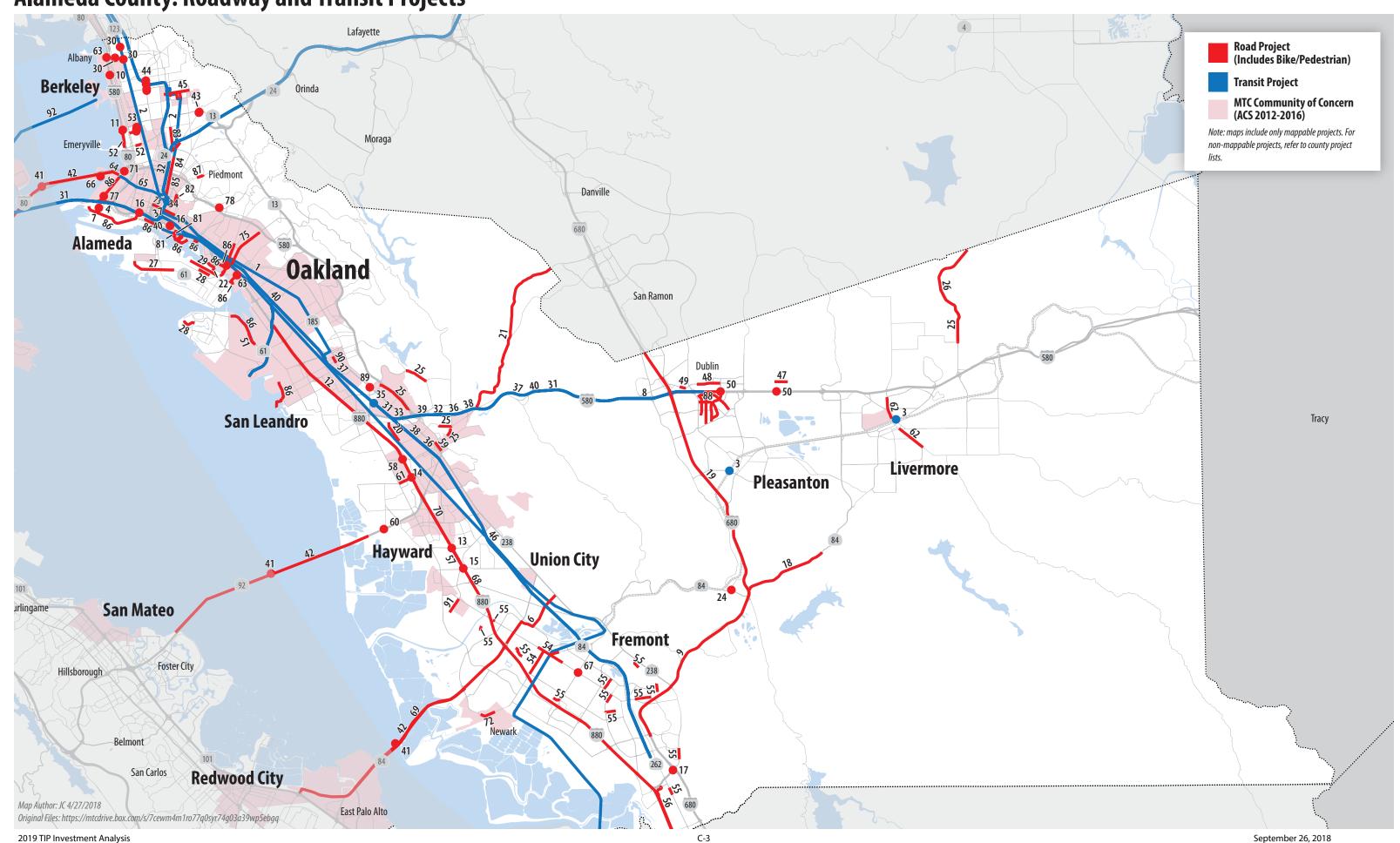
- 77 Oakland: Army Base Infrastructure Improvements
- 78 Oakland: Crossing to Safety
- 79 Oakland: Fruitvale Alive Gap Closure Project
- 80 Oakland: Fruitvale Ave Bike/Ped Improvements
- 81 Oakland: Lake Merritt to Bay Trail Bike/Ped Bridge
- 82 Oakland: Lakeside Family Streets
- 83 Oakland: Shattuck and Claremont Bike/Ped Improvements
- 84 Oakland: Telegraph Ave Bike/Ped Improvements and Road Diet
- 85 Oakland: Telegraph Avenue Complete Streets
- 86 Oakland: Waterfront Bay Trail
- 87 Piedmont: Oakland Avenue Improvements
- 88 Pleasanton: Pavement Rehabilitation Hacienda Business Park
- 89 San Leandro: SR 185-E. 14th St/ Hesperian Blvd/150th Ave
- 90 San Leandro: Washington Avenue Rehabilitation
- 91 Union City: Dyer Street Pavement Rehabilitation
- 92 WETA: Ferry Service-Berkeley

NOT MAPPED

AC Transit: ADA Paratransit Assistance AC Transit: Paratransit Van Replacement AC Transit: Purchase (10) 24ft Cut-aways AC Transit: Purchase (24) 60ft Artic Hybrid Buses AC Transit: Replace (27) 40ft Urban Buses - Hybrid AC Transit: Replace (6) 24ft Cut-Away Vans ACE: Fixed Guideway (Capital Lease) **ACE: Locomotive Procurement** ACE: Railcar Midlife Overhaul ACTC: Alameda Safe Routes to School Alameda County: Active Oakland Safe Routes to School Caltrans: Alameda County - TOS-Mobility LAVTA: ADA Paratransit Operating Subsidy LAVTA: Livermore Transit Center Rehabilitation and Improvement MTC: Bay Bridge Forward - Casual Carpool MTC: Bay Bridge Forward - Integrated Bridge Corridor MTC: Bay Bridge Forward - Commuter Parking Initiative 0&M MTC: Regional Planning Activities and PPM - Alameda County Oakland: Local Streets and Roads Paving Union City Transit: ADA Paratransit Operating Subsidy

Union City Transit: Replace Heavy-Duty Transit Vehicles Union City Transit: Travel Time Improvements

2019 TIP Investment Analysis Alameda County: Roadway and Transit Projects



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2019 TIP Investment Analysis Contra Costa County Project List

1	AC Transit: San Pablo and Telegraph Ave Rapid Bus Upgrades			
2	Antioch: L Street Pathway to Transit			
3	Antioch: Laurel Road Extension			
4	Antioch: Pavement Rehabilitation			
5	Antioch: Slatten Ranch Road Extension			
6	BART Car Exchange (Preventive Maintenance)			
7	BART Train Control Renovation			
8	BART Transbay Core Capacity Improvements			
9	BART: Concord BART Station Modernization			
10	BART: Fare Collection Equipment			
11	BART: Rail, Way and Structures Program			
12	BART: Railcar Procurement Program			
13	BART: Traction Power System Renovation			
14	BART:ADA Paratransit Capital Accessibility Improve			
15	BATA: Toll Bridge Maintenance			
16	BATA: Toll Bridge Rehabilitation Program			
17	Brentwood: Brentwood Blvd Widening-(Phase I) North			
18	Brentwood: Brentwood Blvd Widening Phase II			
19	Brentwood: John Muir Parkway Extension: Phase II			
20	Brentwood: Various Streets and Roads Preservation	5		
21	CCTA: I-680 Advanced Techologies			
22	CCTA: I-680 Bus On Shoulder			
23	CCTA: I-680 SB HOV Lane Completion	6		
24	CCTA: I-680/SR 4 Interchange Reconstruction-Phase 3			
25	CCTA: I-680/SR 4 Interchange Reconstruction-Phases I & II	6		
26	CCTA: Mokelumne Trail Bike/Ped Overcrossing	6		
27	CCTA: Reconstruct I-80/San Pablo Dam Rd Interchange	6		
28	CCTA: SR-4 Operational Improvements-Initial Phases	6		
29	Clayton: Neighborhood Street Rehab	6		
30	Concord: Commerce Ave Complete Streets			
31	Concord: Downtown Corridors Bike/Pedestrian Improvements			
32	Concord: Monument Boulevard Class I Path	7		
33	Concord: Willow Pass Road Repaving and 6th St SRTS	7		
34	Concord: Ygnacio Valley Road Widening			
35	Contra Costa County: Bailey Road-SR-4 Interchange			
36	Contra Costa County: Bailey Road Bike and Pedestrian Improvements			
37	Contra Costa County: Camino Tassajara Realignment	7		
38	Contra Costa County: Fred Jackson Way First/Last Mile Connection			

- **38** Contra Costa County: Fred Jackson Way First/Last Mile Connection
- 39 Contra Costa County: Kirker Pass Road NB Truck Climbing Lanes 40 Contra Costa County: Kirker Pass Road Open Grade Overlay 41 Contra Costa County: Local Streets and Roads Preservation 42 Contra Costa County: Pacheco Blvd Sidewalk Gap Closure Phase 3 43 Contra Costa County: Vasco Road Safety Improvements 44 Danville: Camino Ramon Improvements 45 Danville: Diablo Road Imps. - Green Valley to Avenida Neuva Danville: San Ramon Valley Blvd Lane Addition and Overlay 46 El Cerrito Blvd: Carlson Blvd and Central Ave Pavement Rehab 47 El Cerrito: El Cerrito del Norte Area TOD Complete Street Imps 48 49 El Cerrito: Ohlone Greenway Station Area Bike/Ped Improvements 50 Hercules: Sycamore/Willow Pavement Rehabilitation 51 Lafayette: Pleasant Hill Rd Pavement Rehab & Maintenance 52 Martinez: Downtown Streets Rehabilitation 53 Moraga: Moraga Way and Canyon/Camino Pablo Improvements 54 MTC: ALA/CC-80 and Bay Bridge Approach Express Lanes 55 MTC: Bike Share Capital Program (Richmond) 56 MTC: Richmond-San Rafael Bridge Access Improvements 57 Oakley: Civic Center Railroad Platform Park & Ride Complex 58 Oakley: Street Repair and Resurfacing 59 Orinda: Orinda Way Pavement Rehabilitation Pinole: San Pablo Avenue Rehabilitation 50 Pittsburg: BART Pedestrian and Bicycle Connectivity 61 62 Pittsburg: Pavement Improvements 63 Pleasant Hill: Road Improvements 54 Richmond: Citywide Pavement Rehab ADA Improvement 65 Richmond: I-80/Central Avenue Interchange Modification 66 **Richmond: Lincoln Elementary SRTS Pedestrian Enhancements** 67 San Pablo: Market Street Pavement Rehabilitation 58 San Pablo: Rumrill Blvd Complete Streets Improvements 69 San Ramon: Alcosta Boulevard Pavement Rehab 70 San Ramon: Crow Canyon Rd Widening (Alcosta to Indian Rice) 71 San Ramon: Iron Horse Trail Bike and Pedestrian Overcrossing 72 Walnut Creek: BART TOD Access Improvements 73 Walnut Creek: N. Main St Rehab-I-680 to California 74 Walnut Creek: Ygancio Valley & Oak Grove Road Rehabilitation
 - 75 WETA: Richmond Ferry Service

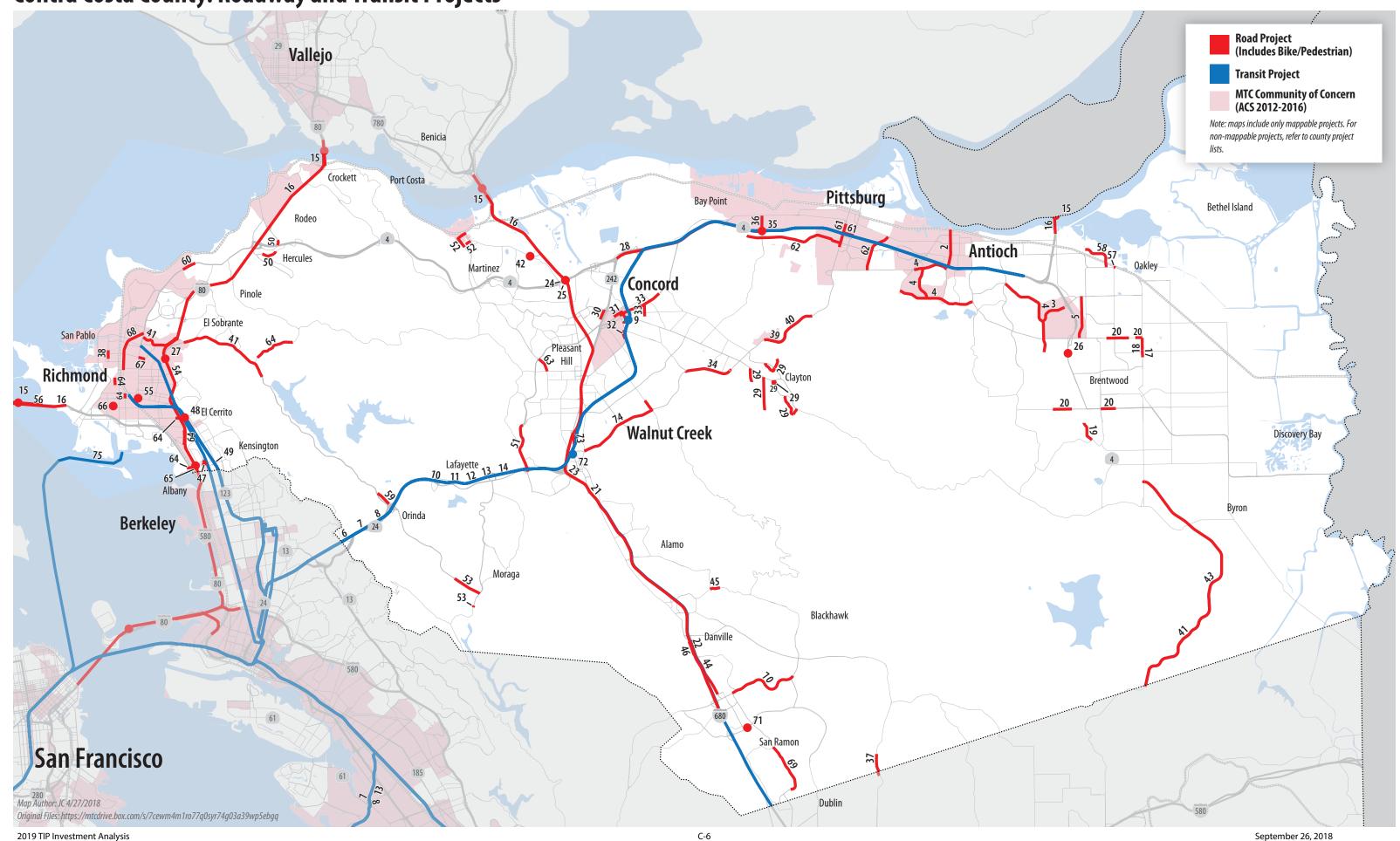
2019 TIP Investment Analysis Contra Costa County Project List

NOT MAPPED

AC Transit: ADA Paratransit Assistance AC Transit: Paratransit Van Replacement AC Transit: Purchase (10) 24ft Cut-aways AC Transit: Purchase (24) 60ft Artic Hybrid Buses AC Transit: Replace (27) 40ft Urban Buses - Hybrid AC Transit: Replace (6) 24ft Cut-Away Vans CCCTA: County Connection ADA Paratransit Assistance CCTA: SR 239 - New State Highway Study Contra Costa County: West County Walk and Bike Leaders EBRPD: Conta Costa Parks Bike/Ped Trail Improvements ECCTA: Tri-Delta ADA Operating Assistance MTC: Regional Planning Activities and PPM - Contra Costa County San Ramon: San Ramon Valley Street Smarts Walnut Creek: Parking Guidance System Pilot WCCTA: WestCAT ADA Paratransit Operating Subsidy WCCTA: WestCAT Purchase (6) Electronic Fareboxes WCCTA: WestCAT Purchase (9) Electronic Fareboxes WCCTA: WestCAT Purchase of (2) Radio Systems WCCTA: WestCAT Replace (2) DAR MiniVans WCCTA: WestCAT Replace (6) 2008 35ft Revenue Vehicles

WCCTA: WestCAT Replace (5) 35ft and (4) 40ft Vehicles

2019 TIP Investment Analysis **Contra Costa County: Roadway and Transit Projects**



September 26, 2018

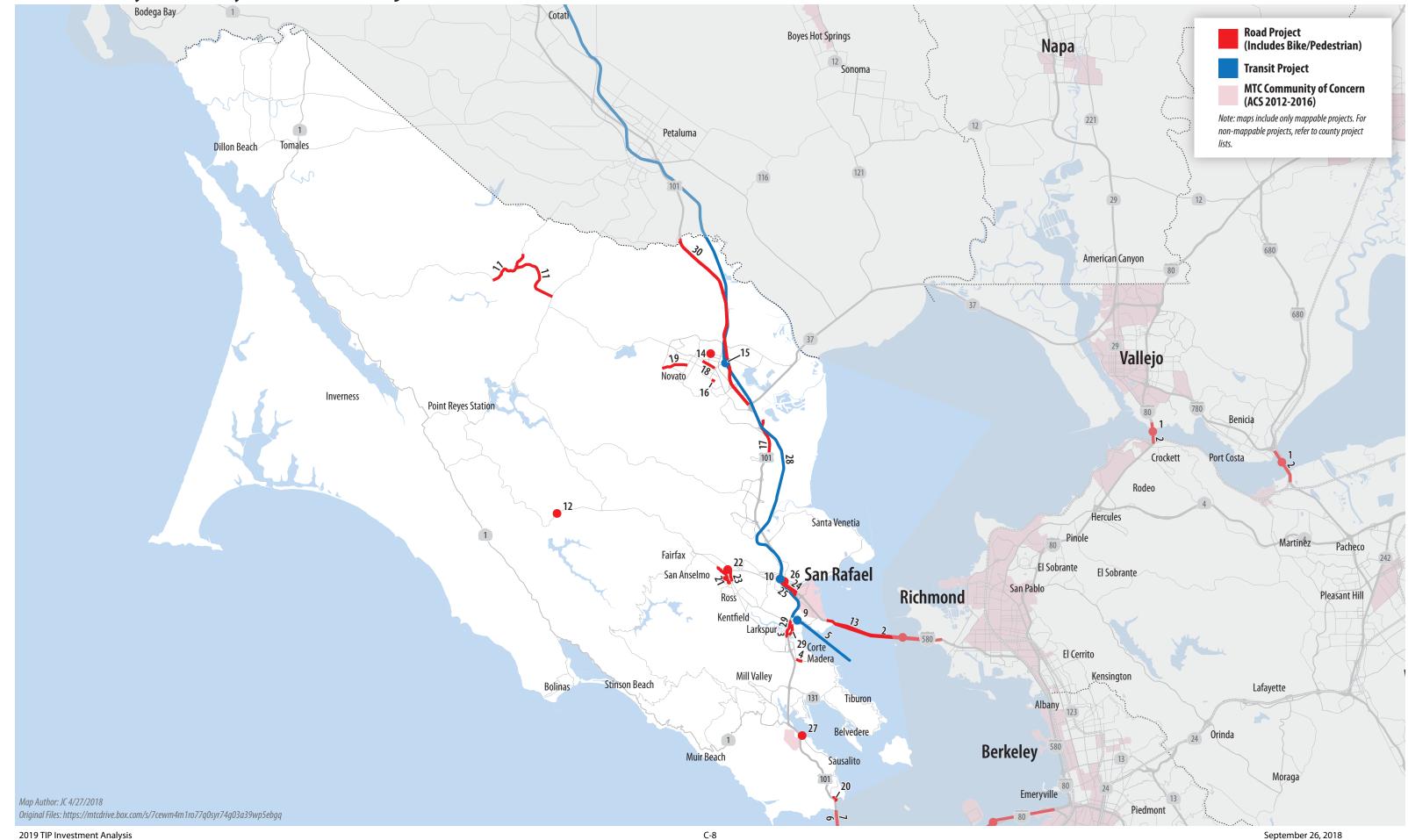
2019 TIP Investment Analysis Marin County Project List

- 1 **BATA: Toll Bridge Maintenance** 2 **BATA: Toll Bridge Rehabilitation Program** Corte Madera: Central Marin Regional Pathway Gap Closure 3 Corte Madera: Paradise Drive Multiuse Path 4 **GGBHTD: Ferry Channel & Berth Dredging** 5 6 GGBHTD: Golden Gate Bridge-Suicide Deterrent Safety Barrier GGBHTD: Golden Gate Bridge Seismic Retrofit, Phase 1-3A 7 GGBHTD: Golden Gate Bridge Seismic Retrofit, Phase 3B 8 GGBHTD: Larkspur Ferry Terminal Parking Garage 9
 - **10** GGBHTD: San Rafael Transit Center Relocation
 - 11 Marin County: Hicks Valley/Marshall Petaluma/Wilson Hill Rd Rehab
 - 12 Marin County: Mountain View Rd Bridge Replacement
 - 13 MTC: Richmond-San Rafael Bridge Access Improvements
 - 14 Novato: Carmel Open Space Acquisition
 - 15 Novato: Downtown SMART Station Commuter Lot
 - 16 Novato: Hill Recreation Area Improvements
 - 17 Novato: Measure A Group 10 Pavement Rehabilitation
 - 18 Novato: Novato Boulevard Widening, Diablo to Grant
 - 19 Novato: Vineyard Road Improvements
 - 20 NPS: Fort Baker's Vista Point Trail
- 21 San Anselmo: Bike Spine
- 22 San Anselmo: Center Blvd Bridge Replace
- 23 San Anselmo: Sir Francis Drake Blvd Pavement Rehabilitation
- 24 San Rafael: Francisco Blvd East Sidewalk Widening
- 25 San Rafael: Francisco Blvd West Multi-Use Pathway
- 26 San Rafael: Grand Avenue Bicycle Pedestrian Improvements
- 27 Sausalito: Bridgeway/US 101 Off Ramp Bicycle Imps
- 28 SMART: Larkspur Extension
- **29** TAM: North-South Greenway Gap Closure
- **30** TAM: US 101 HOV Lanes-Marin-Sonoma Narrows (Marin)

NOT MAPPED

Caltrans: Marin County - TOS-Mobility **GGBHTD:** Facilities Rehabilitation **GGBHTD: Ferry Propulsion Systems Replacement GGBHTD: Fixed Guideway Connectors** GGBHTD: Purchase (7) Hybrid Buses GGBHTD: Replace (14) 22' Gas Body-on-Chassis Vehicles GGBHTD: Replace (2) Paratransit Vehicles GGBHTD: Replace (67) Diesel Buses with Hybrid Buses GGBHTD: Replace (7) 40' Diesel Buses **GGBHTD:** Replace Paratransit Vehicles **GGBHTD: Transit Systems Enhancements** MCTD: ADA Paratransit Assistance MCTD: Preventive Maintenance MCTD: Relocate Transit Maintenance Facility MCTD: Replace Articulated Vehicles MCTD: Replace Diesel Vehicles MCTD: Replace Shuttle Vehicles MTC: Regional Planning Activities and PPM - Marin County Novato: Downtown SMART Station Commuter Lot TAM/SCTA: Bike Share Capital Program (SMART Corridor in Marin and Sonoma Counties)

2019 TIP Investment Analysis Marin County: Roadway and Transit Projects



September 26, 2018

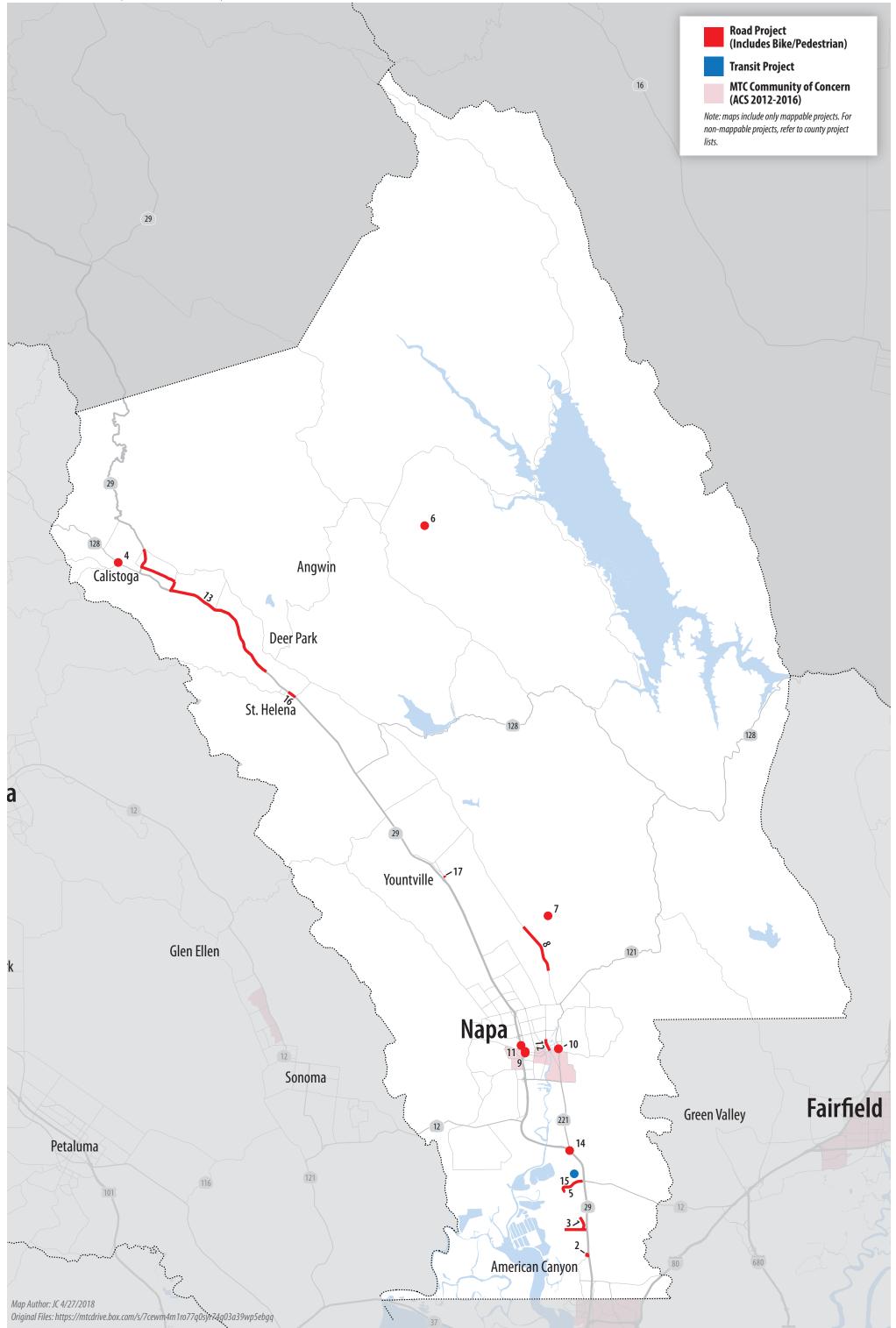
2019 TIP Investment Analysis Napa County Project List

- 1 American Canyon: Devlin Road and Vine Trail Extension
- 2 American Canyon: Eucalyptus Drive Realignment Complete Streets
- 3 American Canyon: Green Island Road Class I
- 4 Calistoga: SR-128 and Petrified Forest Intersection Improvements
- 5 Napa County: Airport Boulevard Rehabilitation
- 6 Napa County: Hardin Rd Bridge Replacement
- 7 Napa County: Loma Vista Dr Bridge Replacement
- 8 Napa County: Silverado Trail Phase L Rehab
- 9 Napa: California Boulevard Roundabouts
- **10** Napa: Silverado Trail Five-Way Intersection Improvements
- 11 Napa: SR 29 Bicycle & Pedestrian Undercrossing
- 12 Napa: Vine Trail Gap Closure-Soscol Avenue Corridor
- 13 NVTA: Napa Valley Vine Trail Calistoga-St. Helena Segment
- 14 NVTA: SR 12/29/221 Soscol Junction Interchange Improvements
- 15 NVTA: Vine Transit Bus Maintenance Facility
- **16** St. Helena: Main Street Pedestrian Improvements
- 17 Yountville: Hopper Creek Pedestrian Bridge and Path Project

NOT MAPPED

- MTC: Regional Planning Activities and PPM Napa County Napa County: 2014 Earthquake Pavement Repair NVTA: Napa Vine ADA Operating Assistance
- NVTA: Napa Vine Equipment Replacement and Upgrades
- VVTA: Napa Vine Operating Assistance

2019 TIP Investment Analysis Napa County: Roadway and Transit Projects



2019 TIP Investment Analysis San Francisco County Project List

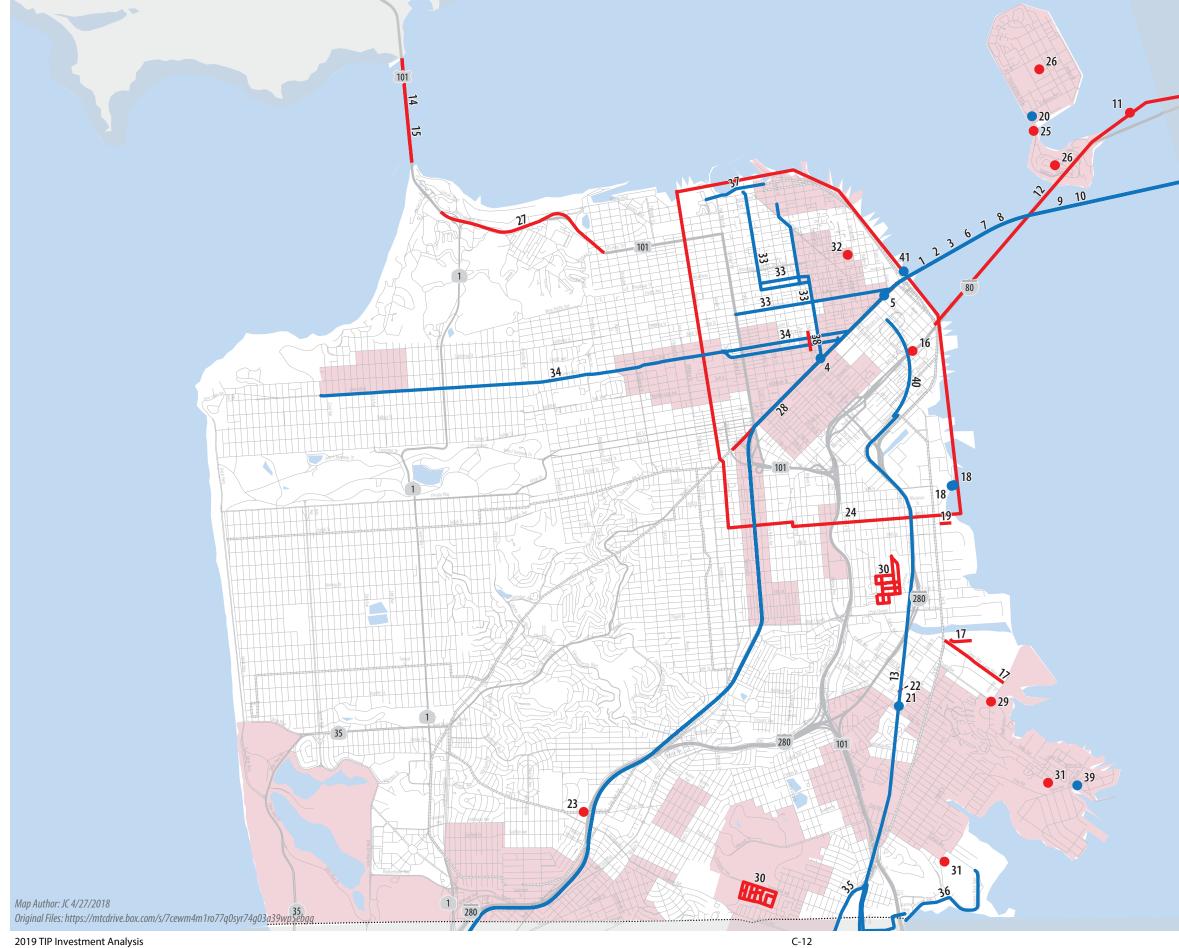
- 1 BART Car Exchange (Preventive Maintenance)
- 2 BART Train Control Renovation
- 3 BART Transbay Core Capacity Improvements
- 4 BART: BART/MUNI Direct Connection Platform
- 5 BART: Embarcadero Station New North-Side Platform Elevator
- 6 BART: Fare Collection Equipment
- 7 BART: Rail, Way and Structures Program
- 8 BART: Railcar Procurement Program
- 9 BART: Traction Power System Renovation
- **10** BART: ADA Paratransit Capital Accessibility Improve
- **11** BATA: Toll Bridge Maintenance
- 12 BATA: Toll Bridge Rehabilitation Program
- 13 Caltrain: Electrification
- 14 GGBHTD: Golden Gate Bridge-Suicide Deterrent Safety Barrier
- **15** GGBHTD: Golden Gate Bridge Seismic Retrofit, Phase 3B
- 16 MTC: Bay Bridge Forward-Sterling/Bryant St Managed Lane
- 17 Port of SF: Cargo Way and Amador Street Improvements
- 18 Port of SF: Mission Bay Ferry Terminal
- **19** Port of SF: Pier 70 19th Street & Illinois Street Sidewalk
- 20 SFCTA: Construct Treasure Island Bus Terminal Facility
- 21 SFCTA: Oakdale Caltrain Station
- 22 SFCTA: Quint-Jerrold Connector Road
- 23 SFCTA: SB I-280 Off-Ramp at Ocean Ave Realignment
- 24 SFCTA: SF Downtown Congestion Pricing
- 25 SFCTA: Treasure Island Congestion Pricing Program
- 26 SFCTA: Treasure Island/Yerba Buena Island Street Improvements
- 27 SFCTA: US 101 Doyle Drive Replacement
- 28 SFDPW: Better Market Street Transportation Elements
- 29 SFDPW: HOPE SF Street Network-Hunters View
- **30** SFDPW: HOPE SF Street Network-Sunnydale and Potrero
- 31 SFDPW: Hunters Pt Shipyard and Candlestick Pt Local Roads
- 32 SFDPW: John Yehall Chin Safe Routes to School
- 33 SFMTA: Cable Car Traction Power & Guideway Rehab
- 34 SFMTA: Geary Bus Rapid Transit
- 35 SFMTA: Geneva Harney BRT Infrastructure: Central Segment
- 36 SFMTA: Geneva Harney BRT Infrastructure: Eastern Segment
- 37 SFMTA: Historic Streetcar Extension to Fort Mason
- 38 SFMTA: Powell Street Safety Project

- **39** SFMTA: Transit Center in Hunters Point
- 40 TBJPA: Transbay Terminal/Caltrain Downtown Ext: Phase 2
- 41 WETA: SF Ferry Terminal/Berthing Facilities

NOT MAPPED

MTC: Bay Bridge Forward - Casual Carpool MTC: Bay Bridge Forward - Integrated Bridge Corridor MTC: Bay Bridge Forward-Sterling/Bryant St Managed Lane MTC: Regional Planning Activities and PPM - San Francisco County SFCTA: Treasure Island Pricing Mobility Improvements SFDPH: SF Safe Routes to School 2017-2019 SFMTA: 40' Motor Coach Mid-Life Overhaul SFMTA: 60' Motor Coach Mid-Life Overhaul SFMTA: ADA Paratransit Operating Support SFMTA: Additional Light Rail Vehicles to Expand Muni Rail SFMTA: Cable Car Vehicle Renovation Program SFMTA: Farebox Replacement SFMTA: Muni Rail Replacement Program SFMTA: Overhead Line Reconstruction & Traction Power Program SFMTA: Paratransit Vehicle Replacements SFMTA: Rehabilitate Historic Streetcars SFMTA: Replace (35) Paratransit Cutaway Vans SFMTA: Replacement of 30' Motor Coaches SFMTA: Safe Routes to School Non-Infrastrure Program SFMTA: Station-area Pedestrian and Bike Access Improvements SFMTA: Train Control & Trolley Signal Rehabiliation/Replacement SFMTA: Wayside Fare Collection Equipment TBJPA: Transbay Transit Center - TIFIA Loan Debt Service WETA: Ferry Major Component Rehabilitation/Replacement WETA: Fixed Guideway Connectors WETA: Replace Ferry Vessels

2019 TIP Investment Analysis San Francisco County: Roadway and Transit Projects



2019 TIP Investment Analysis



Road Project (Includes Bike/Pedestrian)

Transit Project

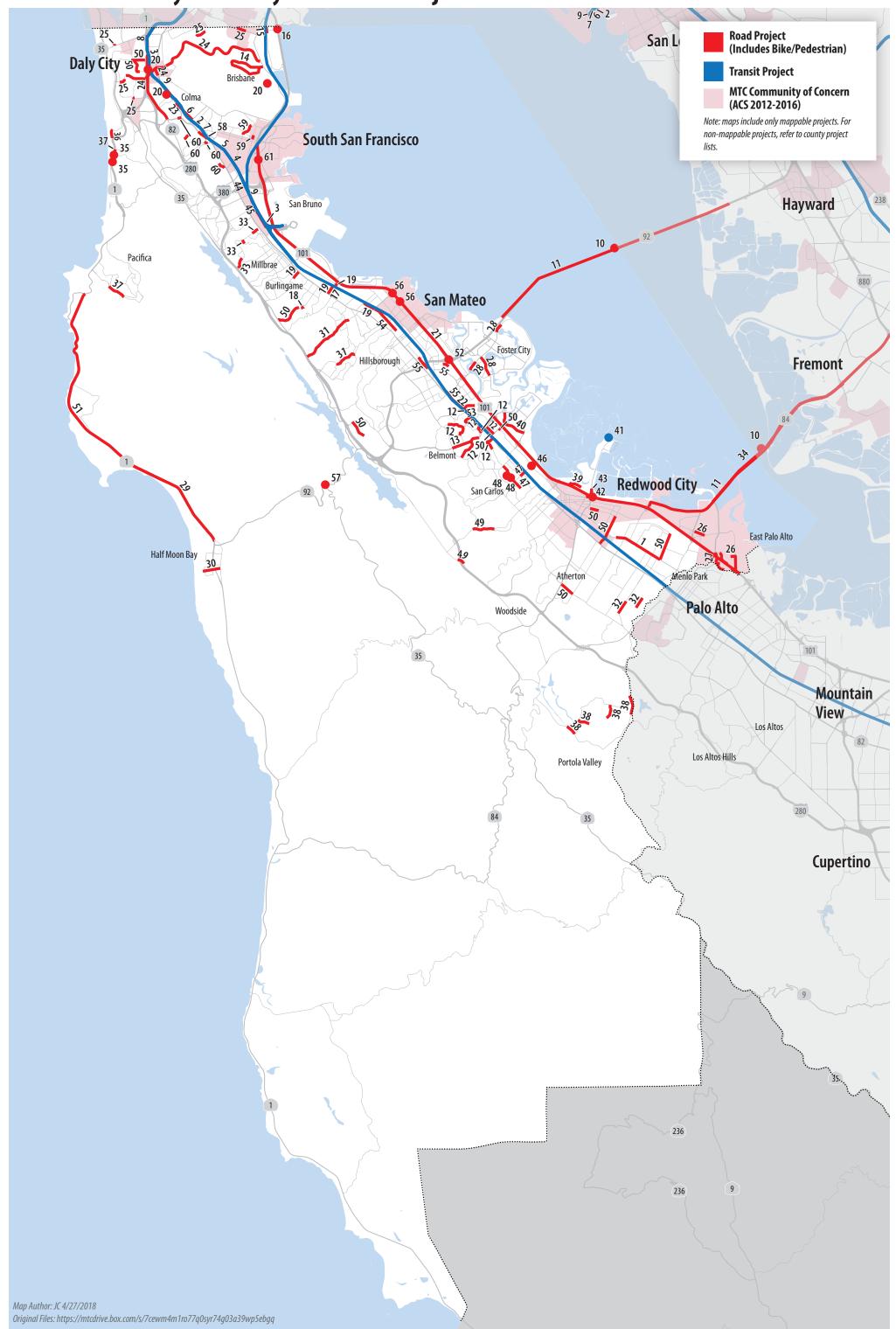
MTC Community of Concern (ACS 2012-2016)

Note: maps include only mappable projects. For non-mappable projects, refer to county project lists.

2019 TIP Investment Analysis San Mateo County Project List

1	Atherton: Middlefield Road Class II Bike Lanes	38	Portola Valley: Street Preservation
2	BART Car Exchange (Preventive Maintenance)	39	Redwood City: Blomquist Street Extension
3	BART Train Control Renovation	40	Redwood City: Pavement Preservation
4	BART Transbay Core Capacity Improvements	41	Redwood City: Redwood City Ferry Service
5	BART: Fare Collection Equipment	42	Redwood City: US 101/Woodside Interchange Improvement
6	BART: Rail, Way and Structures Program	43	Redwood City: US 101/Woodside Road Class 1 Bikeway
7	BART: Railcar Procurement Program	44	San Bruno: Huntington Transit Corridor Bike/Ped Improvements
8	BART: Traction Power System Renovation	45	San Bruno: Street Rehabilitation
9	BART:ADA Paratransit Capital Accessibility Improve	46	San Carlos: Brittan Ave Widening
10	BATA: Toll Bridge Maintenance	47	San Carlos: Cedar and Brittan Ave Pavement Rehab
11	BATA: Toll Bridge Rehabilitation Program	48	San Carlos: Ped Enhancements Arroyo/Cedar & Hemlock/Orange
12	Belmont: Pavement Preservation	49	San Mateo County: Canada Road and Edgewood Road Resurfacing
13	Belmont: Ralston Avenue Corridor Segment 3	50	San Mateo County: Countywide Pavement Maintenance
14	Brisbane: Crocker Trail Commuter Connectivity Upgrades	51	San Mateo County: Hwy 1 Congestion Throughput and Safety Improvement
15	Brisbane: Tunnel Ave Rehabilitation	52	San Mateo: Improve US 101 Operations near SR-92
16	Brisbane: US 101/Candlestick Interchange	53	San Mateo: Laurie Meadows Ped/Bike Safety Improvements
17	Burlingame: Broadway PDA Lighting Improvements	54	San Mateo: North San Mateo Drive Sustainable Streets
18	Burlingame: Hoover School Area Sidewalk Impvts (Summit Dr.)	55	San Mateo: Street Rehabilitation
19	Burlingame: Street Resurfacing	56	San Mateo: US 101/Peninsula Avenue Interchange Improvements
20	C/CAG: ITS Improvements in San Mateo County Northern Citi	57	SFPUC: Southern Skyline Blvd. Ridge Trail Extension
21	C/CAG: US 101 Managed Lanes Santa Clara Co-S of Grand Ave	58	South San Francisco: Grand Boulevard (Phase III)
22	Caltrain: Electrification	59	South San Francisco: Linden/Spruce Ave Traffic Calming Improvements
23	Colma: Mission Road Bike/Ped Improvements	60	South San Francisco: Pavement Rehabilitation
24	Daly City: Central Corridor Bike/Ped Safety Imprmnt	61	South San Francisco: US 101/Produce Avenue Interchange
25	Daly City: Pavement Preservation		
26	East Palo Alto: Citywide Street Resurfacing		NOT MAPPED
27	East Palo Alto: US 101/University Ave Interchange Improvements		C/CAG: San Mateo Countywide ITS Improvements
28	Foster City: Pavement Rehabilitation		Caltrain: Systemwide Track Rehabilitation & Related Structures
29	Half Moon Bay: Hwy 1 Improvements		MTC: Regional Planning Activities and PPM - San Mateo County
30	Half Moon Bay: Poplar Complete Streets		Pacifica: Citywide Curb Ramps
31	Hillsborough: Street Resurfacing		SamTrans: ADA Paratransit Operating Subsidy
32	Menlo Park: Santa Cruz and Middle Avenues Rehab		SamTrans: Express Bus Service
33	Millbrae: Street Rehabilitation		SamTrans: Purchase of Replacement Minivans
34	MTC: Freeway Performance Program-SR-84		SamTrans: Replacement of Cutaway Buses
35	Pacifica: Manor Drive Overcrossing and Milagra On Ramp		
36	Pacifica: Palmetto Sidewalk Extension		
37	Pacifica: Pavement Rehabilitation		

2019 TIP Investment Analysis San Mateo County: Roadway and Transit Projects



2019 TIP Investment Analysis Santa Clara County Project List

- 1 BART Car Exchange (Preventive Maintenance) 39 **BART Train Control Renovation** 2 40 3 BART Transbay Core Capacity Improvements 41 4 BART: Berryessa to San Jose Extension 42 **BART: Fare Collection Equipment** 43 5 6 BART: Rail, Way and Structures Program 44 7 **BART: Railcar Procurement Program** 45 **BART: Traction Power System Renovation** 8 46 BART: ADA Paratransit Capital Accessibility Improve 47 9 10 Caltrain: Electrification 48 11 Caltrans: Oakland to San Jose Double Track (Segment 2A) 49 12 Campbell: Eden Avenue Sidewalk Improvements 50 Campbell: Winchester Blvd Overlay 51 13 52 14 **Cupertino: Pavement Maintenance Phase 2** 15 53 Gilroy: Downtown Monterey Road Rehabilitation Los Altos: Fremont Ave Preservation 54 16 17 Los Altos: Miramonte Ave Bike Ped Access Improvements 55 Los Gatos: Los Gatos Creek Trail to Hwy 9 Trailhead Connector 18 56 19 Milpitas: Street Resurfacing 57 Morgan Hill: Dunne Avenue Pavement Rehabilitation 58 20 21 Mountain View: West Middlefield Road Improvements 59 22 MTC: Freeway Performance Program-I-880 Corridor 60 23 Palo Alto: Adobe Creek/US-101 Bicycle Pedestrian Bridge 61 24 Palo Alto: El Camino Real Ped Safety & Streetscape 62 25 Palo Alto: Street Resurfacing 63 26 Palo Alto: Waverley, E. Meadow & Fabian Enhanced Bikeways 64 27 San Jose: Bay Trail Reach 9 & 9B 65 28 San Jose: Better Bikeways 66 29 San Jose: Coyote Creek Trail (Hwy 237-Story Rd) 67 30 San Jose: East Side Alum Rock (East of 680) Urban Village 68 69 31 San Jose: McKee Road Safety Improvements 32 San Jose: Mt Pleasant Ped & Bike Traffic Safety Improvements 70 33 San Jose: Pavement Maintenance 71 34 San Jose: Tully Road Safety Improvements 72 San Jose: W San Carlos Urban Village Streets Improvements 73 35 Santa Clara County: Capitol Expressway Pavement Rehabilitation 74 36 37 75 Santa Clara County: McKean Rd Pavement Rehabilitation 38 Santa Clara County: Uvas Road Pavement Rehabilitation 76
- Santa Clara: Hetch-Hetchy Trail Phase 1 Santa Clara: Montague Expwy Widening-Trade Zone-I-680 Santa Clara: San Tomas Aquino Creek Trail Underpass Santa Clara: Saratoga Creek Trail Phase 1 Santa Clara: Streets and Roads Preservation Saratoga: Prospect Rd Complete Streets Saratoga: Saratoga Village Crosswalks and Sidewalk Rehab Sunnyvale: Bernardo Avenue Bicycle Underpass Sunnyvale: East Sunnyvale Area Sense of Place Sunnyvale: Fair Oaks Avenue Bikeway-Phase 2 Sunnyvale: Homestead Rd at Homestead High School Improvements Sunnyvale: Java Dr Road Diet and Bike Lanes Sunnyvale: Lawerence Station Area Sidewalks & Bike Facilities Sunnyvale: Ped and Bike Infrastructure Improvements Sunnyvale: Peery Park Sense of Place Improvements Sunnyvale: Safe Routes to School Improvements Sunnyvale: SNAIL Neighborhood Improvements VTA: Calaveras Boulevard Widening VTA: Eastridge to BART Regional Connector VTA: I-280 HOV-San Mateo County line to Magdalena Ave VTA: I-280 NB Braided Ramps btw Foothill Expwy & SR 85 VTA: I-280 Soundwalls-Bird Avenue to Los Gatos Creek VTA: I-280/Foothill Expressway Off Ramp Improvement VTA: I-280/Saratoga Avenue Interchange Improvement VTA: I-280/Winchester Study VTA: I-280/Wolfe Road Interchange Improvement VTA: I-680 Soundwalls-Capitol Expwy to Mueller Ave VTA: I-680/ Alum Rock/ McKee Road Interchange Improvements VTA: Montague Expy Ped Bridge at Milpitas BART VTA: New SR-152 Alignment Study VTA: SR-17 Corridor Congestion Relief in Los Gatos VTA: SR-237 WB Auxiliary Lane from McCarthy to North 1st VTA: SR-237/US 101/Mathilda Interchange Modifications VTA: SR-85 Express Lanes VTA: US-101/Buena Vista Avenue Interchange Improvement VTA: US-101/De L Cruz Blvd-Trimble Road I/C Imp VTA: US-101/San Antonio Rd/Charleston/Rengstorff Improvements VTA: US-101/SR 25 Interchange-Phase 1

2019 TIP Investment Analysis Santa Clara County Project List

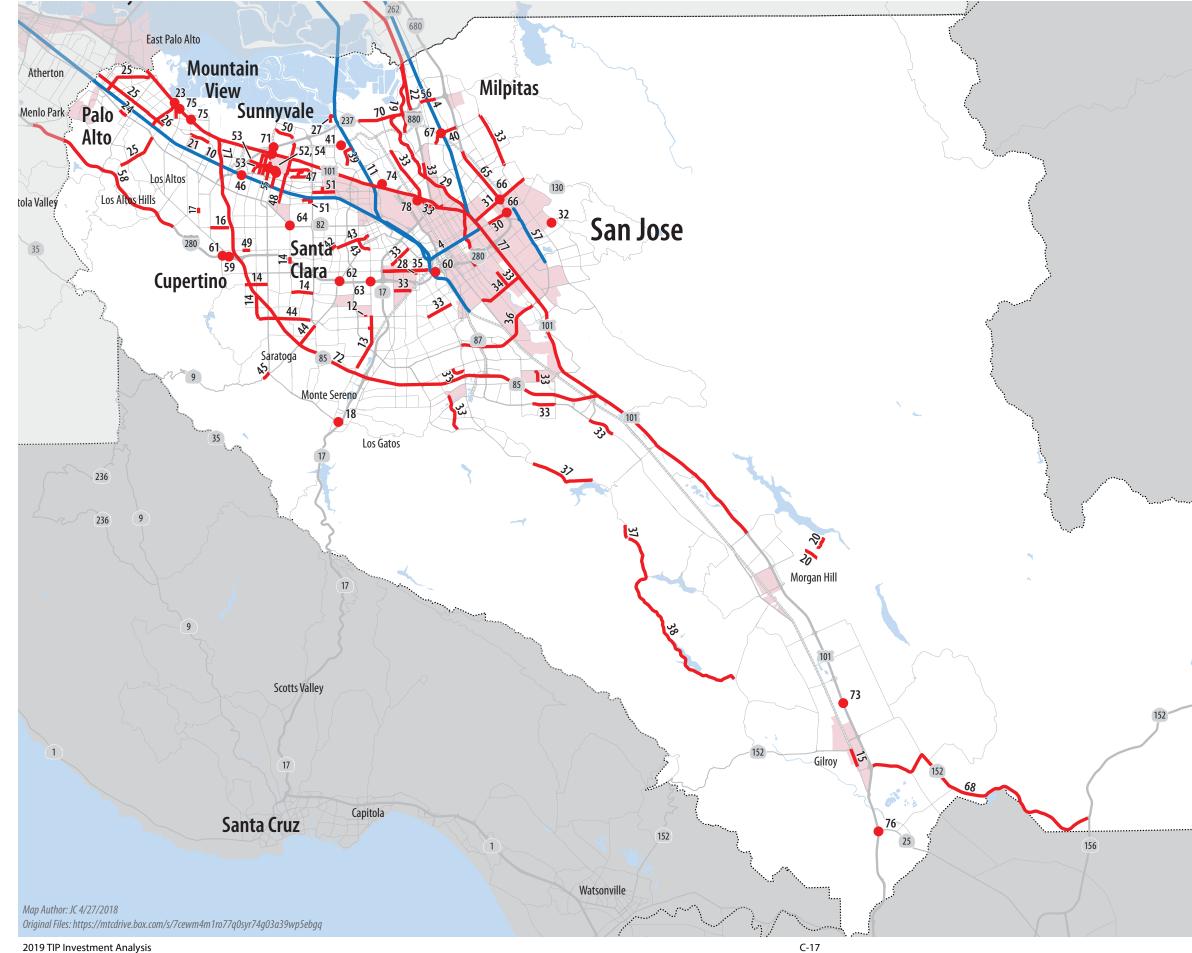
77 VTA: US 101 Express Lanes

78 VTA: US 101/Zanker Road-Skyport Drive-N. Fourth St. Improvements

NOT MAPPED

Caltrain: Systemwide Track Rehabilitation & Related Structures MTC: Regional Planning Activities and PPM - Santa Clara County Palo Alto: Bay Area Fair Value Commuting Mobility on Demand Sandbox Palo Alto: North Ventura Coordinated Area Plan San Jose: Downtown Mobility Streetscape and Public Life Plan San Jose: East San Jose Bikeways Santa Clara: School Access Improvements Sunnyvale: Traffic Signal Upgrades/Replacements VTA: ADA Operating Set-Aside VTA: Highway Transp Operations System/FPI Phases 1 & 2 VTA: IDEA Category 2 Improvements VTA: Light Rail Track Crossovers and Switches VTA: Non-Revenue Vehicle Procurement VTA: Overhead Catenary Syst. Rehabilitation & Replacement VTA: Paratransit Vehicle Procurement VTA: Rail Replacement Program VTA: Rail Substation Rehab/Replacement VTA: Standard & Small Bus Replacement VTA: Systemwide Security Improvements

2019 TIP Investment Analysis Santa Clara County: Roadway and Transit Projects



2019 TIP Investment Analysis



Road Project (Includes Bike/Pedestrian)

Transit Project

MTC Community of Concern (ACS 2012-2016)

Newman

Note: maps include only mappable projects. For non-mappable projects, refer to county project lists.

September 26, 2018

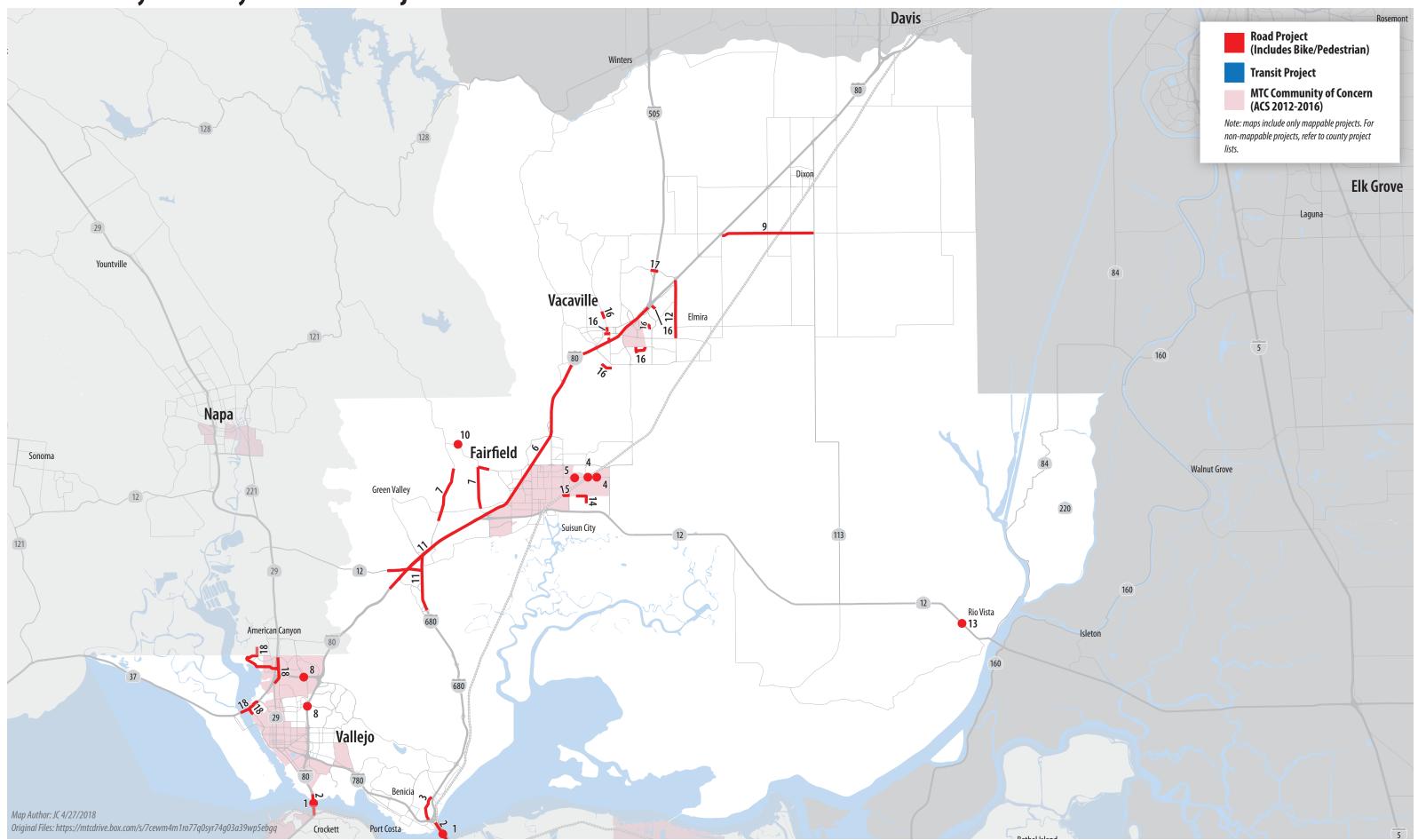
2019 TIP Investment Analysis **Solano County Project List**

- **1** BATA: Toll Bridge Maintenance
- 2 BATA: Toll Bridge Rehabilitation Program
- 3 Benicia: Park Road Improvements
- 4 Fairfield: East Tabor Tolenas SR2S Sidewalk Gap Closure
- 5 Fairfield: Grange Middle School Safe Routes to School
- 6 MTC: I-80 Express Lanes-Fairfield & Vacaville Ph I&II
- 7 Solano County: Farm to Market Phase 3
- 8 Solano County: Redwood-Fairgrounds Dr Interchange Improvements
- 9 Solano County: Roadway Preservation
- **10** Solano County: Suisun Vallley Bicycle and Pedestrian Improvements
- 11 STA: I-80/I-680/SR-12 Interchange Project
- 12 STA: Jepson-Leisure Town Road (Phase 1B and 1C)
- 13 STA: SR-12/Church Rd Intersection Improvements
- 14 Suisun City: McCoy Creek Trail-Phase 2
- 15 Suisun City: New Railroad Avenue Pavement Rehabilitation
- 16 Vacaville: Pavement Preservation
- 17 Vacaville: Vaca Valley/I-505 Multimodal Improvements
- 18 Vallejo: Bay Trail/Vine Trail Gap Closure

NOT MAPPED

Fairfield: Operating Assistance Fairfield-Suisun: Intercity/Local Bus Replacement MTC: Regional Planning Activities and PPM - Solano County SolTrans: ADA Paratransit Operating Subsidy SolTrans: Bus Replacement (Alternative Fuel) SolTrans: Operating Assistance SolTrans: Preventive Maintenance STA: Safe Routes to School Infrastructure & Non-Infrastructure STA: Solano Mobility Call Center STA: Solano Safe Routes to School Program Vacaville Transit: Operating Assistance

2019 TIP Investment Analysis Solano County: Roadway and Transit Projects



C-19

September 26, 2018

2019 TIP Investment Analysis Sonoma County Project List

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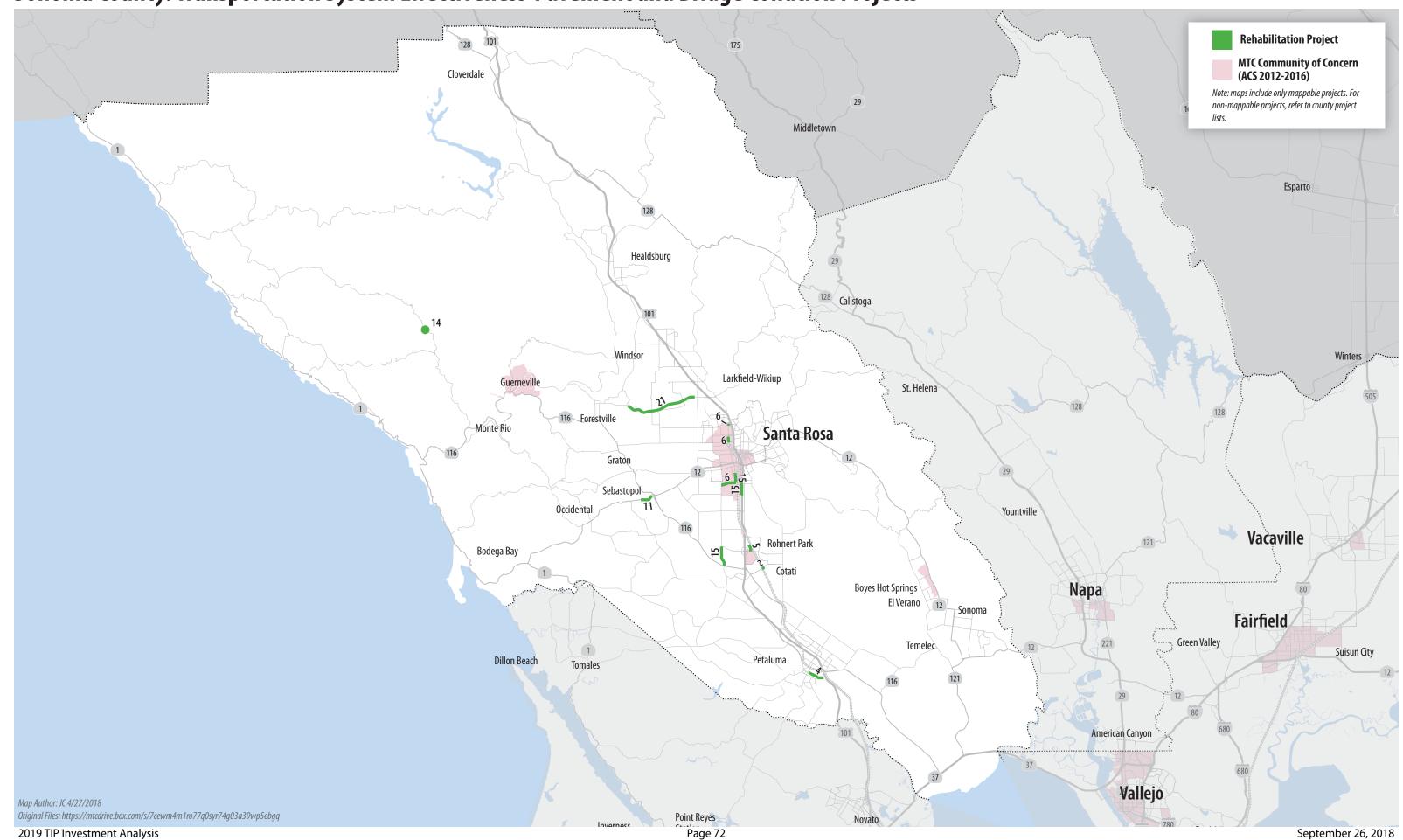
- Cloverdale: Safe Routes to School Phase 2 Cotati: E. Cotati Avenue Street Rehabilitation Project Healdsburg: Healdsburg Avenue Complete Streets Improvements Petaluma: Petaluma Blvd South Road Diet at E Street **Rohnert Park: Various Streets Rehabilitation** Santa Rosa: Pavement Rehab of Various Streets Santa Rosa: US-101 Bicycle and Pedestrian Bridge Santa Rosa: US-101 Hearn Ave Interchange SCTA: SR-116/SR-121 Intersection Improvement Project SCTA: US-101 Marin/Sonoma Narrows (Sonoma) Sebastopol: Bodega Avenue Bike Lanes and Pavement Rehab Sonoma County Regional Park: Joe Rodota Trail Bridge Replacement Sonoma County: Crocker Bridge Bike and Pedestrian Passage Sonoma County: Rehab King Ridge Bridge over Austin Creek Sonoma County: Rehabilitaiton of Various Roads Sonoma County: Replace Chalk Hill Bridge over Maacama Creek Sonoma County: Replace Freestone Flat Bridge over Salmon Creek Sonoma County: Replace Geysers Bridge over Sulpher Creek Sonoma County: Replace Lambert Bridge over Dry Creek Sonoma County: Replace West Dry Creek Bridge over Pena Creek Sonoma County: River Road Pavement Rehab
- 22 Sonoma: Fryer Creek Pedestrian and Bicycle Bridge
- 23 Windsor: Windsor River Road/Windsor Road Intersection

NOT MAPPED

MTC: Regional Planning Activities and PPM - Sonoma County Santa Rosa CityBus: Electric Bus Replacement Santa Rosa CityBus: Operating Assistance Santa Rosa CityBus: Paratransit Operations Santa Rosa CityBus: Preventative Maintenance SantaRosa CityBus: Bus Replacement Purchase Sonoma County Transit: Preventive Maintenance Program Sonoma County Transit: Replace 2006 CNG Buses Sonoma County Transit: Replace 2009 CNG Buses TAM/SCTA: Bike Share Capital Program (SMART Corridor in Marin and Sonoma Counties)

2019 TIP Investment Analysis

Sonoma County: Transportation System Effectiveness-Pavement and Bridge Condtion Projects



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